BOARD OF MANAGERS:
Mike Myser, President; Curt Hennes, Vice President; Charlie Howley, Treasurer;
Bruce Loney, Secretary

Note: Indicated times are estimates; actual times may vary considerably. Individuals with items on the agenda or who wish to speak to the Board are encouraged to be in attendance when the meeting is called to order.

Board Workshop 4:00 PM – Wagon Bridge Conference Room (Downstairs)

4:00-4:30 p.m. Upper Watershed Study RFP (Carl Almer)
4:15-4:30 p.m. Alum Treatment Budget (Diane Lynch & Charlie Howley)
4:30-5:45 p.m. 2020 Board Retreat Topics and Deliverables (Diane Lynch)
  • Verify definition of KPI WRMP
  • Updated 2019 annual staff time report
  • 2020 First Quarter staff time report
  • Administrative expenses report
5:45-6:00 p.m. Emerging Issues

6:00 – 6:05 PM 1.0 BOARD MEETING CALL TO ORDER & PLEDGE OF ALLEGIANCE

6:05 – 6:10 PM 2.0 PUBLIC COMMENT

If anyone wishes to address the Board of Managers on an item not on the agenda or on the consent agenda please come forward at this time, turn on the microphone and state your name and address. (The Chair may limit your time for commenting.)

6:10 – 6:15 PM 3.0 APPROVAL OF AGENDA (Additions/Corrections/Deletions)

6:15 - 6:30 PM PUBLIC HEARING 2020 WATER RESOURCES MANAGEMENT PLAN***

6:30-7:30 PM 4.0 OTHER OLD/NEW BUSINESS
4.1 Programs & Projects Update (Discussion Only)
  o Water Quality, Water Storage and AIS Inspections
4.2 City of Shakopee’s Surface Water Management Plan Approval: Carl Almer (Vote)
4.3 LeSeuer County’s Request re. One Watershed One Plan Participation (Vote)
4.4 Boat Inspections Contract Approval (Vote)
4.5 Authorization to Award Alum Contract: Greg Wilson, Barr Engineering (Vote)
4.6 Proposed Rules--MnDOT’s Request: Carl Almer (Vote)
4.7 Public Infrastructure Partnership Projects 2020 Plan (Discussion Only)

7:30-7:40 PM 5.0 CONSENT AGENDA
The consent agenda is considered as one item of business. It consists of routine administrative items or items not requiring discussion. Items can be removed from the consent agenda at the request of the Board member, staff member, or a member of the audience. Please state which item or items you wish to remove for separate discussion.
5.1 Meeting Minutes – March 10 Board Meeting and Workshop and Special Board Meeting, March 31
5.2 Claims List

7:40-7:55 PM 6.0 TREASURER’S REPORT
6.1 Cash & Investments (Discussion Only)
6.2 Financial Report (Discussion Only)
6.3 Revised Final Manager Report 2019

7:55-8:05 PM 7.0 Manager Presentations on Watershed-related Items (Discussion Only)

8:05-8:10 PM 8.0 UPCOMING MEETING/EVENT SCHEDULE:
• CAC MEETING, THURSDAY, APRIL 30 6:30-8:00 P.M. (VIRTUAL)
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>PROGRAM OR PROJECT</th>
<th>LAST MONTH’S STAFF ACTIVITIES</th>
<th>NEXT STEPS</th>
</tr>
</thead>
</table>
| **Storage & Infiltration Projects**<br>Project Lead: Diane | • Revised the survey and easements  
• Send information to Scott County Abstract and Title | • Waiting to review Scott County Abstract and Title’s draft easements  
• Prepare purchase agreements with landowners |
### April 2020 Programs and Projects Update

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Program or Project</th>
<th>Last Month’s Staff Activities</th>
<th>Next Steps</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td><strong>Carp Management</strong></td>
<td><img src="https://via.placeholder.com/150" alt="Image" /></td>
<td><img src="https://via.placeholder.com/150" alt="Image" /></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><em>Rough Fish Management (Class 611)</em></td>
<td><strong>Tracking:</strong> Continued to track radio-tagged carp across Spring and Prior Lakes. Started getting the PIT tag stations up and running for the season in key channel connections.</td>
<td><strong>WSB and PSLWD staff will continue to track the tagged carp.</strong></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><em>Carp Management Project (Class 750 &amp; 751)</em></td>
<td><strong>Seines:</strong> On April 2nd, commercial fishermen were engaged for an open water seine on a new location on the southwest end of Spring Lake. Bottom was relatively clear, but cattails abated large removal success.</td>
<td><strong>Install permanent barrier and weir updates at FeCl site.</strong></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><em>Project Lead: Maggie</em></td>
<td><strong>Micro-Hauls:</strong> The first micro-haul was attempted on Spring Lake on April 5th. This included using one of the District’s 500-foot block nets and small gill nets to go after a small aggregation of carp in an area unsuitable for seining. While only 20 carp were caught, it allowed staff to work out the kinks of this new tool.</td>
<td><strong>Work with WSB to schedule and coordinate upcoming carp removals as opportunities arise for both seines and micro-haul events.</strong></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td><strong>Gill Netting Pilot Project:</strong> Commercial fishermen were engaged for the gill netting project on March 23rd with their airboats, but the ice conditions made it unsafe and it was cancelled. On April 7th a second attempt was made with the DNR present to observe. Roughly 1,000 pounds of carp were caught and there was no native fish bycatch.</td>
<td><strong>Complete follow-up efforts for Gill Netting Pilot Project.</strong></td>
</tr>
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<td></td>
<td><strong>Barriers:</strong> The Northwoods barrier was installed on the west side of Upper Prior Lake on April 6th. For the FeCl Weir improvement project, we worked with Evergreen to make updates to contract, including installation of a temporary barrier.</td>
<td><strong>Install wireless cameras at Arctic Lake outlet and desilt pond.</strong></td>
</tr>
<tr>
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<td><strong>Bluegill Stocking:</strong> Coordinated with 10,000 Lakes Aquaculture to schedule bluegill stocking in Geis wetland and Northwoods pond for April 19th. Applied for DNR permit to stock fish.</td>
<td><strong>Finish final designs and install specialized trap nets in Arctic Lake outlet and desilt pond during spawning season.</strong></td>
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<td><strong>Outreach:</strong> Updated the website &amp; social media with carp management activities and removal status.</td>
<td><strong>Coordinate citizen-assisted baited box traps this spring.</strong></td>
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<td><strong>Implement Carp Training Program again this spring.</strong></td>
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<td><strong>Stock bluegills in Northwood pond and Geis wetland on April 19th.</strong></td>
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<td><strong>Finish reinstalling seasonal PIT tag stations to track carp movements between waterbodies.</strong></td>
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</table>
| **Public Infrastructure Partnership Projects**  | • Assessed potential projects for 2020 and provided update for Board to make a decision.                                                                                                                                  | • Present the Red Wing Ave project engineering plan to the Board and Sand Creek Township for approval to move forward with securing easements and bidding construction work.  
• Inspect Fairlawn Shores project this spring to ensure sufficient vegetation establishment. |
| *Project Lead: Maggie & Diane*            |                                                                                                                                                                                                                              |                                                                                                                                                                                                            |
| **Alum Treatments**                       | • Planning for spring alum treatments on Spring and Upper Prior  
• Work on permit for boat launch  
• Bid Opening                                                                                                                                                                                                 | • Springtime cores on Spring Lake and dosing recommendations for Spring Lake  
• Grant docs due for Upper Prior  
• Finalize permit for use of boat launch areas |
| *Project Lead: Jaime*                     |                                                                                                                                                                                                                              |                                                                                                                                                                                                            |
| **Ferric Chloride System Operations**     | • DMR Report  
• Ferric tank filled  
• Samples taken weekly and inspections 3x/week  
• Reviewed NPDES permit and provided comments                                                                                                                                                                     | • New walkway/fish barrier  
• DMR Report  
• Install area velocity meter at CD3  
• Get quote for new driveway approach |
| *Project Lead: Jaime*                     |                                                                                                                                                                                                                              |                                                                                                                                                                                                            |
| **Farmer-Led Council**                    | • Cancelled Growing Healthy Soils event, contacting speakers, registered attendees, and venue. Worked with SWCD on outreach and logistics to insure all are informed.  
• Coordinated partnership meeting with Scott SWCD to create a game plan with FLC programming to ensure no loss of momentum where possible.                                                                 | • Reschedule Growing Healthy Soils Event for January 2020. Begin to coordinate second event for March 2020.  
• Explore farmer mentorship program with FLC. |
| *Project Lead: Maggie*                    |                                                                                                                                                                                                                              |                                                                                                                                                                                                            |
| **Cost Share Incentives**                 | • Respond to cost-share requests and questions as received.                                                                                                                                                                  | • Respond to cost-share requests and questions as received.                                                                                                                                               |
| *Project Lead: Kathryn, Diane*            |                                                                                                                                                                                                                              |                                                                                                                                                                                                            |
| **Spring Lake Parcel Restoration Project**| • No new activity.                                                                                                                                                                                                           | • Monitor restoration and control invasive species during growing season  
• Install small plant identification signs                                                                                                                                                            |
| *Project Lead: Maggie & Kathryn*          |                                                                                                                                                                                                                              |                                                                                                                                                                                                            |
| **Raymond Park Restoration Project**      | • No new activity.                                                                                                                                                                                                           | • Install educational interpretative signs  
• Host ribbon-cutting event this spring to highlight restoration                                                                                                                                     |
| *Project Lead: Kathryn*                   |                                                                                                                                                                                                                              |                                                                                                                                                                                                            |
# April 2020 Programs and Projects Update

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<tr>
<td><strong>Fish Lake Shoreline &amp; Prairie Restoration Project</strong></td>
<td>• No new activity.</td>
<td>• MN Native Landscapes will conduct restoration maintenance/establishment work</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Project Lead: Kathryn</td>
<td></td>
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<tr>
<td><strong>CR 12/17 Wetland Restoration</strong></td>
<td>• No new activity.</td>
<td>• AES will visit site to finish IESF maintenance</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Project Lead: Maggie</td>
<td></td>
<td>• Coordinate with the County &amp; City to make sure that the issues have been resolved</td>
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<td></td>
<td>• Officially hand over vegetation maintenance of project to City of Prior Lake this spring</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Lower Prior Lake Retrofit Projects</strong></td>
<td>• No new activity.</td>
<td>• Continue to work with MNL on site maintenance until the projects are fully established and accepted by the City of Prior Lake</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Project Lead: Maggie</td>
<td></td>
<td>• Install interpretive signs for projects</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>District Plan Update</strong></td>
<td>• Reviewed comments with the Board</td>
<td>• Conduct public hearing</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Project Lead: Diane</td>
<td>• Sent out the comments to the state agencies and partners</td>
<td>• Revise the Plan for Managers’ final review on May 12</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>• Set public hearing</td>
<td></td>
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<tr>
<td><strong>Feasibility Reports</strong></td>
<td>• Staff engaged help from FLC and SWCD to conduct initial outreach to farm renter for Spring Lake west subwatershed project.</td>
<td>• Conduct in-person meeting with farmer and landowner for the Spring Lake West subwatershed project when COVID-19 restrictions are lifted.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Project Lead: Maggie</td>
<td></td>
<td>• Coordinate remote meeting with MnDOT and City of Savage to discuss options for Lower Prior Lake subwatershed project.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Website and Media</strong></td>
<td>• Website articles posted: Carp mgmt. updates; Covid-19 updates; Public hearing for WRMP; Carp seine results; low-flow gate open</td>
<td>• Continue writing posts and updates about projects</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Project Lead: Kathryn</td>
<td>• Prior Lake Am: No new articles</td>
<td>• Will tweet and/or update Facebook about projects &amp; news</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>• Facebook &amp; Twitter- normal posting, carp seine posts received a lot of attention.</td>
<td>• Write article for next SCENE edition</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Citizen Advisory Committee</strong></td>
<td>• Subcommittees began researching topics</td>
<td>• Subcommittees complete Fact Sheets</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Project Lead: Diane &amp; Kathryn</td>
<td>• Coordinate subcommittee work</td>
<td>• April meeting will be held online via Go To Meeting</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>• Subcommittee for PLSLWD Anniversary worked on several items, including brochure for anniversary</td>
<td></td>
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<tr>
<td></td>
<td>• March meeting was canceled due to Covid-19</td>
<td></td>
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<tr>
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<tr>
<td><strong>MS4 Education Program</strong></td>
<td>• Planning events and activities for District anniversary and designed brochure to highlight District accomplishments over last fifty years • Started BWSR Annual Report</td>
<td>• Implement education activities • Complete 2020 Education Plan • Plan anniversary events and activities • Complete BWSR Annual Report by 4/30</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Project Lead: Kathryn</strong></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Monitoring Program</strong></td>
<td>• Continue database maintenance/entry/QAQC • Equipment installed • “Condition monitoring” halted during Stay at Home order • Three Rivers Contract signed • Updated water quality database • Install new logger on Sutton Lake • Ice-out recording</td>
<td>• Lake Report Cards • Planning for 2020 • Finish installing equipment • Finalize CAMP contract</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Project Lead: Jaime</strong></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Aquatic Vegetation Management and Surveys (Class 626 and 637)</strong></td>
<td>• Finalized 2020 contract with BWS • Planning for CLP treatment</td>
<td>• CLP surveys and treatments</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Project Lead: Jaime</strong></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>BMPs &amp; Easements</strong></td>
<td>• Continued to work with landowners to resolve existing violation issues on their properties. • Interviewed candidates and hired two summer interns. • Send out annual easement newsletter.</td>
<td>• Review amendment requests as they are received and work with landowners towards closing out approved amendment requests • Work with landowners to resolve easement violations • Complete baseline documentation for each conservation easement property • Send post-inspection letters for completed inspections</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Project Lead: Maggie &amp; Kathryn</strong></td>
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<tr>
<td>PROGRAM OR PROJECT</td>
<td>LAST MONTH’S STAFF ACTIVITIES</td>
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<tr>
<td>Permitting</td>
<td>• EOR reviewed development projects received from the City of Prior during the last month, including Spring Lake Lofts project. • Began seasonal inspections on permit sites now that construction has started again. • Corresponded and met with MnDOT and County on the #18.05 and #18.06 permit sites to address issues that became apparent after spring snow melt. Specifically, erosion and sediment loss issues were addressed at the FeCl site, the Ducks unlimited wetland, and at the wetland to the southeast of the 21/13 intersection. Both temporary and permanent solutions were discussed and agreed upon.</td>
<td>• Continue to inspect, follow-up on and close remaining open permits.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Rules Revisions</td>
<td>• Conducted a meeting with partners on February 5 • Met with Board to discuss an innovative approach</td>
<td>• Draft comment from 2/5 meeting • Invite a subgroup from the TAC to review rule revisions • Present the revisions at the May 12 Board meeting for final approval</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Outlet Channel O&amp;M</td>
<td>• Weekly channel inspections • Cleared obstructions in culverts and structure</td>
<td>• Weekly channel inspections • Televise outlet pipe • Close low-flow gate April 30, if lake levels are low enough</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Outlet Channel Bank Erosion (FEMA)</td>
<td>• Soil and Erosion control inspected</td>
<td>• Complete BMPs • Conduct final inspection • File payment requests</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Outlet Channel Admin</td>
<td>• Reviewing contract with AES for vegetation maintenance • Quotes from contractors to televise pipe</td>
<td>•</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Outlet Channel MS4 Permit</td>
<td>• No activity</td>
<td>• Annual report due June 30</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Section</td>
<td>Comment Number</td>
<td>March 29, 2019 Comment Text</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>---------</td>
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<tr>
<td>Overall</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>Throughout: “Prior Lake-Spring Lake Watershed District” is listed in multiple locations without the “-”.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Overall</td>
<td>2</td>
<td>Throughout – the Plan is sometimes referred to as the LSWM, whereas it is the SWMP in the glossary.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Executive Summary</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>Section 2.3.5 – This section should also mention that the SWMP will be amended, as necessary, in response to WD or WMO Rule Revisions.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Land and Water Resource Inventory</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>Sections 2.2 and 2.3.5 / Figures 3 and 9-8 – There are apparent differences in the subwatersheds depicted for the Blue Lake (PLOC) Watershed as compared to the subwatershed boundaries previously provided to the District for update of the Prior Lake Outlet Channel MOA. Generally, these differences are minor except for areas along the southwest portion of the watershed. Please provide updated shapefiles and hydrologic/hydraulic modeling for this watershed.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Land and Water Resource Inventory</td>
<td>2</td>
<td>Section 2.3.3 - This District supplies the City for adoption of a Stormwater Asset Management Plan (SWAMP) which uses information such as basins, drainage areas, field inspections, and storm sewer maps to rank BMPs based on cost/benefit pollutant removal efficiency. This section notes that the SWAMP will be executed in coordination with watershed agencies. Please provide a copy of the SWAMP to the District and note that the District has a Public Infrastructure Partnership Program available for enhancement of stormwater management BMPs beyond MS4 maintenance requirements.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Land and Water Resource Inventory</td>
<td>3</td>
<td>Section 2.3.5 – This section mentions the Dean Wetland Bypass Channel. It is recommended that the SWMP include a brief discussion regarding the intended operation plan, refer to an approved operation plan, or specify that an operation plan will be developed for this bypass.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Land and Water Resource Inventory</td>
<td>4</td>
<td>Section 2.3.5 – This section notes a peak discharge limit of 0.33-cfs/acre for the Blue Lake (PLOC) watershed from Dean Wetland to the MN River. Per Table 2 of the PLOC MOA, the agreed upon peak discharge limit is 0.25-cfs/acre. This section needs to be revised per the PLOC MOA. This section also notes all areas in the city were hydraulically modeled in 2018. Please provide an electronic copy of this model for those areas that are tributary to the PLOC.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Land and Water Resource Inventory</td>
<td>5</td>
<td>Section 2.3.6, Page 10 1st Paragraph – Please clarify the following statement: “The designation indicates that the aquifer is covered by at least 50 feet of clay material.”</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Land and Water Resource Inventory</td>
<td>6</td>
<td>Section 2.4.1 – Are figures 9-A through 9-F if the intended reference? These figures do not contain wetlands.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Agency Cooperation</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>Section 3.3.1 Table 3.1 – delete “is the LGU” from the Stormwater Management Responsibility.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Agency Cooperation</td>
<td>2</td>
<td>Section 3.2 PLUWDO – This section notes the District has its own permitting program. The District has entered into MOU’s with Scott County and its other member communities for Local Water Planning and Regulation and would welcome a similar agreement with the City of Shakopee if the City desires to assume District permitting responsibility.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Assessment of Issues</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>Issue 4.2.1 - The corrective action for this issue should reference the implementation plan activities identified in the Prior Lake Outlet Channel Master Plan, FOR 2018 and include this report as an appendix.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Assessment of Issues</td>
<td>2</td>
<td>Issue 4.2.15 – When does the City anticipate conducting a study to evaluate the need for an outlet for Quarry Lake? This activity is not apparent in the Implementation Plan Table 6.1.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Assessment of Issues</td>
<td>3</td>
<td>Is there a need to identify an additional issue – the lack of positive drainage to the PLOC from the large wetland complex north of Spring Lake Drive and east of Foothill Trail?</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Implementation Plan</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>There is not a clear connection between the issue identification section and the Capital Improvement Projects proposed in Table 6.1. Of specific interest to the District are implementation items 5, 6, 9 and 10 which do not appear to be mentioned in previous sections of the SWMP. Further explanation and details are warranted.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Implementation Plan</td>
<td>2</td>
<td>It may be appropriate to separate the administration expenses listed Implementation Item 26 or roll all expenses related to PLOC to Implementation Item 25.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Implementation Plan</td>
<td>3</td>
<td>The SWMP must identify potential capital projects for which District cost-share will be sought, and projects the City may petition the District to complete (if any). Is Item 10 the only project the City contemplates seeking cost-share?</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Appendices</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>Appendix C – Water Resources Related Agreements: the PLOCJAVA 2005 should be replaced by the PLOC MOA, 2006.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Appendices</td>
<td>2</td>
<td>Appendix G – The City’s Street Sweeping Policy Section II.2 mentions prioritization of “water quality sensitive areas”. Have these areas been identified, and if not, the District recommends that the City defines these areas.</td>
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<tr>
<td>Figure 12: FEMA Floodplain</td>
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<tr>
<td>Figure 13: MLCCS</td>
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<td>Figure 14: Natural Resources</td>
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<td>Figure 15: Greenway Locations</td>
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<td>Figure 16: Pollutant Sources</td>
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<td>Figure 17: Problem Areas</td>
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<td>Appendix B – Hydrologic/Hydraulic Modeling Results</td>
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<td>Appendix C - Ordinances</td>
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<td>Appendix D – Design Criteria</td>
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<td>Appendix E – Water Resource Related Agreements</td>
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<td>Appendix F – Nondegradation Report</td>
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<td>Appendix G – City Street Sweeping Policy</td>
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<td>Appendix H – SWPPP and BMP Sheets</td>
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<td>Appendix I – Permitting Process and Information</td>
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<tr>
<td>Appendix J – Utility Facilities Easement Agreements Template</td>
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</table>
BMPs – Best Management Practices
BWSR – Board of Water and Soil Resources
CAMP – Citizen Assisted Monitoring Program
CFS – Cubic Feet per Second
City – City of Shakopee
CIP – Capital Improvement Projects
CLMP – Citizen Lake Monitoring Program
DO – Dissolved Oxygen
DWSMA – Drinking Water Supply Management Area
EOF – Emergency Overflow
EPA – Environmental Protection Agency
EQB – Environmental Quality Board
FEMA – Federal Emergency Management Agency
FES – Flared End Section
FID – Flood Insurance Study
GRAPS – Groundwater Restoration and Protection Strategies
IDDE – Illicit Discharge Detection and Elimination
IESF – Iron-Enhanced Sand Filter
LiDAR – Light Detection and Ranging
LGU – Local Governing Unit
LMRWD – Lower Minnesota River Watershed District
MCBS – Minnesota County Biological Survey
MCM – Minimum Control Measures
MDA – Minnesota Department of Agriculture
MDH – Minnesota Department of Health
MIDS – Minimal Impact Design Standards
MLCCS – Minnesota Land Cover Classification System
MnDNR – Minnesota Department of Natural Resources
MnDOT – Minnesota Department of Transportation
MnRAM – Minnesota Routine Assessment Method for Evaluating Wetland Functions
MOA – Memorandum of Agreement
MPCA – Minnesota Pollution Control Agency
MS4 – Municipal Separate Storm Sewer System
NPDES – National Pollutant Discharge Elimination System
NOAA – National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration
NRCS – National Resources Conservation Service
NRI – Natural Resources Inventory
NWI – National Wetland Inventory
NWS – National Weather Service
OHW – Ordinary High Water Level
PAHs – Polycyclic Aromatic Hydrocarbons
PLOC – Prior Lake Outlet Channel
PLSLWD – Prior Lake – Spring Lake Watershed District
PPB – Parts Per Billion
SMSC- Shakopee Mdewakanton Sioux Community
SNA – Scientific and Natural Area
SOP – Standard Operating Procedure
SPUC – Shakopee Public Utility Commission
SSTTS – Subsurface Sewage Treatment System
SWAMP – Stormwater Asset Management Program
SWCD – Soil and Water Conservation District
SWMP – Surface Water Management Plan (also called the Plan)
SWPPP – Storm Water Pollution Prevention Plan
TCMA – Twin Cities Metropolitan Area
TMDL – Total Maximum Daily Load
TP – Total Phosphorus
TSS – Total Suspended Solids
USACE – US Army Corps of Engineers
USFWS – US Fish and Wildlife Service
USGS – US Geological Survey
WCA – Wetland Conservation Act
WD – Watershed District
WHPP – Wellhead Protection Plan
WMO – Watershed Management Organization
WRAPS – Watershed Restoration and Protection Strategies
1. EXECUTIVE SUMMARY

1.1. Surface Water Management Plan Purposes

This Surface Water Management Plan (SWMP, Plan) will serve as a comprehensive planning document to guide the City of Shakopee in conserving, protecting, and managing its water resources and associated activities. This plan has been created to meet the requirements detailed in Minnesota Statutes 103B and Minnesota Rules 8410, administered by the Minnesota Board of Water and Soil Resources. This plan is also consistent with the goals and policies of the Metropolitan Council’s Water Resources Policy Plan, and the three watershed management organizations having jurisdiction within the City: Lower Minnesota River Watershed District (LMRWD), Prior Lake-Spring Lake Watershed District (PLSLWD), and Scott Watershed Management Organization (Scott WMO). This plan will be amended, as necessary, in response to WD or WMO rule revisions and may be periodically amended to remain current with other local practices and policies. The purposes of the water management programs are to:

- Protect, preserve, and use natural surface and groundwater storage and retention systems;
- Minimize public capital expenditures needed to correct flooding and water quality problems;
- Identify and plan for means to effectively protect and improve surface and groundwater quality;
- Establish more uniform local policies and official controls for surface and groundwater management;
- Prevent erosion of soil into surface water systems;
- Promote groundwater recharge, where beneficial;
- Protect and enhance fish and wildlife habitat and water recreational facilities; and
- Secure the other benefits associated with the proper management of surface and groundwater.

The Shakopee Surface Water Management Plan addresses these purposes.

1.2. Executive Summary

The Shakopee Surface Water Management Plan is organized as follows:

- **Section 1.0 Executive Summary** provides background information and summarizes the plan’s contents.
- **Section 2.0 Land and Water Resource Inventory** describes the physical setting, the history, natural resources, and land uses within the City.
- **Section 3.0 Agency Cooperation** outlines other governmental controls and programs that affect stormwater management.
- **Section 4.0 Assessment of Problems and Issues** presents the City’s existing and potential water resource related concerns. Corrective actions are identified for each identified concern.
- **Section 5.0 Goals and Policies** outlines the City’s goals and policies pertaining to water resource management.
Section 6.0 Implementation Program presents the implementation program for the City of Shakopee, including prioritized listing of the studies, programs, and capital improvements that have been identified as necessary to respond to the water resource needs within the City.

Section 7.0 Financial Considerations outlines the financial considerations of implementing the proposed regulatory controls, programs, and improvements which have been identified in this plan.

Section 8.0 Amendment Procedures discusses the procedures to be followed in the event this Plan is amended.

Appendices are included in the back of the plan and contain a variety of background information. These documents are included because they provide supporting information to the main body of the plan, are useful information, and/or are required by Minnesota Rules. Direct website links to relevant reports or documents are provided throughout the report as appropriate.

- Appendix A – Figures
- Appendix B – Hydrologic/Hydraulic Modeling Results
- Appendix C – Ordinances
- Appendix D – Design Criteria
- Appendix E – Water Resource Related Agreements
- Appendix F – Nondegradation Report
- Appendix G – City Street Sweeping Policy
- Appendix H – SWPPP and BMP Sheets
- Appendix I – Permitting Process and Information
- Appendix J - Utility Facilities Easement Agreements Template

1.3. Personnel Contacts

To implement this plan, a coordinated water resource management approach must be used. This approach utilizes the services of staff personnel within the City and surrounding communities as well as staff personnel associated with the various watershed districts and water management organizations having jurisdiction over areas within the City. The watershed districts and watershed management organizations having jurisdiction in the City are shown on Figure 1.

The primary implementation responsibility will lie with the appropriate staff members at the City. Assistance from the surrounding municipalities and watershed organizations will also be expected. Outlined below are the names, addresses, and telephone numbers for personnel having responsibilities for overseeing or implementing various aspects of this Surface Water Management Plan.

City of Shakopee:
Steve Lillehaug
City Engineer/Public Works Director

Kirby Templin
Water Resources – Environmental Engineer
129 Holmes Street
Shakopee, MN 55379-1376
(952) 233-9361

Lower Minnesota River Watershed District
Linda Loomis, Administrator
112 E. 5th St.
Chaska, MN 55318
(952) 856-5880

Prior Lake - Spring Lake Watershed District
Diane Lynch, Administrator
4646 Dakota Street SE
Prior Lake, MN 55372
(952) 447-4166
*Contact for information on the Prior Lake Outlet Channel (PLOC)*

Scott Watershed Management Organization
Kate Sedlacek, Environmental Services Manager
200 Fourth Ave West – Room A200
Shakopee, MN 55379
(952) 496-8054

Scott Soil and Water Conservation District
Troy Kuphal, District Director
7151 West 190th Street Suite 125
Jordan, MN 55352
(952) 492-5425
2. LAND AND WATER RESOURCE INVENTORY

2.1. Location and History

The City of Shakopee is located in the southwest portion of the Twin Cities metropolitan area within Scott County and along the Minnesota River, as shown on Figure 2, Appendix A. There are several major transportation corridors within Shakopee, including Highway 169 and County Road 101. The Met Council has designated Shakopee as a Diversified Rural and Suburban Edge community and is anticipated to grow in population through 2040. Additional information regarding Shakopee’s population growth can be found in the Envision Shakopee Comprehensive Plan.

2.2. Physical Setting

2.2.1. Topography and Geology

The general geology of the City, and to a greater extent the areas within Scott County, has been studied and the results outlined in the Scott County Geologic Atlas. The study provides information on the geology and hydrogeology for areas within the City of Shakopee.

The document indicates that the bedrock within the City of Shakopee is of the Prairie du Chien, Jordan Sandstone, St. Lawrence formation, and the Franconia formation. The bedrock elevations can vary depending on type from 450 feet to 750 feet above sea level. The surficial geology for the City varies in depth over the bedrock formations as a result of the cover being outwash deposits.

The City contains four surficial geologic regions. The first region is the lower terrace. The lower terrace lies 30 to 50 feet above the present flood plain of the Minnesota River. This terrace is cut in the outwash deposit of ice-contacted stratified drift, till, and bedrock. The second geologic region is the middle terrace. This is very similar to the lower terrace but is 75 to 115 feet above the present flood plain of the Minnesota River. The third geologic region is the upper terrace. It is again very similar to the lower terrace, but its surface is 120 to 180 feet above the present flood plain and the terrace is not cut into the bedrock. The fourth terrace lies above the upper terrace and is comprised of till forming irregular hills. These irregular hills typically have a relief range of 15 feet to 60 feet.

Stormwater generated from areas within the City is generally directed from the south to the north into the Minnesota River. The specific drainage patterns which depict topography for areas within the City are shown on the watershed delineation map on Figure 3. As can be observed from the delineation map, land within the City boundary has been divided into the following eight major watersheds:

- Blue Lake Watershed
- Downtown Watershed
- Eagle Creek Watershed
- Louisville Watershed
- Mill Pond Watershed
- Minnesota River Watershed
- Rice Lake Watershed
- Sand Creek Watershed

An eighth major watershed has been noted on Figure 3 outside of the City boundary that drains to the west into Louisville Township. The Minnesota River on the northern City border is the low point of the City at approximately 700 feet above sea level. The high point for the City of
Shakopee is located on the southern border with an approximate elevation of 1050 feet above sea level.

**Figure 4** shows the areas defined as steep slopes with areas greater than 12% slope. LMRWD recently updated the threshold for steep slopes greater than 18%, which is also shown on **Figure 4**. These areas are regulated in the City’s Shoreland Ordinance and Erosion Control Ordinance.

### 2.2.2. Soils

Detailed soil information is available from the [Scott County Soil Survey](http://example.com). This survey was prepared by the U.S. Department of Agriculture Soil Conservation Service. Using the Scott County Soil Survey, the hydrologic soil classification map for the City was developed and is shown on **Figure 5**. The soils for the City of Shakopee have been classified into four hydrologic soil groups which are defined as follows:

- **Group A** - These soils have high infiltration rates even when thoroughly wetted. The infiltration rates range from 0.8 to 1.63 inches per hour. These soils consist chiefly of deep, well drained to excessively drained sands and gravel. These soils have a high rate of water transmission, therefore resulting in a low run-off potential.

- **Group B** - These soils have moderate infiltration rates ranging from 0.3 to 0.45 inches per hour when thoroughly wetted. These soils consist of deep moderately well to well drained soils with moderately fine to moderately coarse textures.

- **Group C** - These soils have slow infiltration rates ranging from 0.06 to 0.2 inches per hour when thoroughly wetted.

- **Group D** - These soils have very slow infiltration rates ranging from 0 to 0.06 inches per hour when thoroughly wetted. These soils are typically clay soils with high swelling potential, soils with high permanent water table, soils with a clay layer at or near the surface, or shallow soils over nearly impervious material.

Some soils within the City are assigned to a dual hydrologic group (A/D, B/D, or C/D). If a soil is assigned to a dual hydrologic group, the first letter is assigned for drained conditions and the second is for undrained conditions.

Additional soil information for the City of Shakopee can be found on the [USDA Web Soil Survey](http://example.com).

### 2.2.3. Climate and Precipitation

The climate within the Twin Cities Metropolitan Area is typical of a continental climate. Without the buffering influence of large bodies of water, cold winters and hot summers predominate. It is generally understood that global climate change has an effect on the Twin Cities Metropolitan Area’s local climate. One area where climate change manifests itself is in rainfall intensities and rainfall depths. The Twin Cities Metropolitan Area has seen more intense rainfalls the last two decades and even the average rainfalls seem more intense. The implications are clear:

- Flood control facilities, if designed for the 100-year rainfall, may get larger as the statistical 100-year rainfall gets larger. Other mitigating impacts might need to also be considered such as providing safe overflow routes and larger easements.

- Smaller events, such as the 1-inch to 2.5-inch rainfalls, are occurring more frequently throughout a given year.

- Ordinances, permitting, policies and standards may need to be evaluated and updated to accommodate the change in rainfall and to safely mitigate any potential impacts.
Table 2.2 provides a summary of average temperature, precipitation, and snowfall data for Shakopee. The total average annual precipitation in the Twin Cities Metropolitan Area is approximately 30.6 inches. The total average annual snowfall is approximately 54.4 inches.

Table 2.2 Average Monthly Climate Data 1981-2010

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Month</th>
<th>Jan</th>
<th>Feb</th>
<th>Mar</th>
<th>Apr</th>
<th>May</th>
<th>Jun</th>
<th>Jul</th>
<th>Aug</th>
<th>Sep</th>
<th>Oct</th>
<th>Nov</th>
<th>Dec</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Mean Daily Temperature (°F)</td>
<td>15.6</td>
<td>20.8</td>
<td>32.8</td>
<td>47.5</td>
<td>59.1</td>
<td>68.8</td>
<td>73.8</td>
<td>71.2</td>
<td>62.0</td>
<td>48.9</td>
<td>33.7</td>
<td>19.7</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Average Precipitation (in.)</td>
<td>0.90</td>
<td>0.77</td>
<td>1.89</td>
<td>2.66</td>
<td>3.36</td>
<td>4.25</td>
<td>4.04</td>
<td>4.30</td>
<td>3.08</td>
<td>2.43</td>
<td>1.77</td>
<td>1.16</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Average Snowfall (in.)</td>
<td>12.2</td>
<td>7.7</td>
<td>10.3</td>
<td>2.4</td>
<td>0.1</td>
<td>0.0</td>
<td>0.0</td>
<td>0.0</td>
<td>0.6</td>
<td>9.3</td>
<td>11.9</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Source: Minnesota Climatology Working Group

Additional climatological information for the area can be obtained from the Minnesota State Climatology Office website.

Rainfall frequency estimates are used as design tools in water resource projects. Rainfall frequencies are summarized in Technical Paper No. 40, Rainfall Frequency Atlas of the United States, published by the U.S. Weather Bureau in 1961. This document was updated in 2013. Atlas 14 is the new document used as reference for rainfall frequencies. It has been adopted by all watershed agencies in their respective stormwater management rules. Table 2.3 lists rainfall frequencies for Shakopee. Additional Atlas 14 rainfall data can be found on the National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration (NOAA) website.

Table 2.3 Atlas 14 Rainfall Depths and Frequency

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Recurrence Interval (yrs)</th>
<th>24-hr Rainfall Depth (in)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1</td>
<td>2.5</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2</td>
<td>2.9</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5</td>
<td>3.6</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>10</td>
<td>4.3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>25</td>
<td>5.4</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>50</td>
<td>6.3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>100</td>
<td>7.4</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

The City of Shakopee uses the Atlas 14 10-year storm event for storm sewer design and the Atlas 14 100-year storm event for evaluating freeboard. These are the current design standards listed in the Design Criteria and are used for new and reconstructed storm facilities. Existing facilities were designed for different rules at the time of construction and may or may not meet this standard today. As storm facilities are improved on a project-by-project basis, the feasibility of updating existing storm facilities is analyzed and the current design standards are used to the highest practicable extent.

Additional precipitation information for the area can be obtained from the NOAA website.

2.2.4. Land Use and Public Utilities Services

Existing and proposed land use for areas within the City is fully described in the Envision Shakopee Comprehensive Plan Section 3. This Section provides figures showing the City’s existing and proposed land use and provides descriptions of potential growth, redevelopment and opportunity areas. The 2040 Comprehensive Plan will be adopted by the City by the end of June 2019.
The Shakopee Public Utility Commission (SPUC) supplies municipal water service to the City. Public utility services available for lands within the City have also been clearly described in the City's Comprehensive Plan.

The City has entered into an orderly annexation agreement with Jackson Township. Toward that end, the City has included the Jackson Township area in its Comprehensive Plan and this SWMP. As areas are annexed, they will need to comply with these plans. Louisville Township and other areas outside of the city limits that contribute drainage to Shakopee have also been taken into consideration and included in the Comprehensive Plan and this SWMP.

Land use data is an important factor for estimating surface water runoff. The hard or impervious surface areas associated with each land use greatly affect the amount of runoff generated from an area. Future land use projections indicate those areas that may be available for water resource enhancement and where improvements should be a priority. Significant changes in land use can increase runoff due to added impervious surfaces. However, changes in land use also allow for the construction of stormwater BMPs.

2.3. Water Resources Data

2.3.1. Wetlands

Wetlands provide several valuable functions. They are a critical part of the natural storm drainage system, help maintain water quality, reduce flooding and erosion, provide food and habitat for wildlife, and provide open spaces and natural landscapes for residents. Thus, wetlands are important physical, educational, ecological, aesthetic, recreational, and economic assets to the City.

The City contains over 200 wetlands of various sizes and types. These wetlands have been identified by the U. S. Fish and Wildlife Service utilizing aerial photography as the inventory resource. Each area that appeared to be a wetland on the aerial photo was mapped and a National Wetland Inventory (NWI) was created. Figure 6 presents the National Wetland Inventory (NWI) for Shakopee. The NWI map provides guidance on where wetlands occur in the City, though the NWI wetland boundaries cannot replace wetland delineations for determining legal wetland boundaries. The City serves as the Local Government Unit (LGU) for the Wetland Conservation Act. LGU authority is delegated to the City in each of the three Watershed Management Plans, which is consistent with compliance of Minnesota Rules 8420 for WCA LGU delegation. Regardless of the LGU authority, Minnesota's statutory wetland protection standards provide uniform wetland protection throughout the City. Wetlands and lakes under Minnesota Department of Natural Resources (MnDNR) jurisdiction have an added level of protection.

The City will enforce wetland requirements based on WCA and City wetland criteria. These requirements are implemented through the City ordinance and the City of Shakopee Design Criteria. The City wetland requirements also comply with each of the three watershed districts depending on what area of the City the project is to occur.

2.3.2. Major Bodies of Water

The following list provides the major bodies of water that convey and store water within the City.

- Minnesota River
- Quarry Lake
- Dean Lake Wetland (formally Dean Lake)
- Blue Lake
- Fisher Lake
2.3.3. Monitored Water Quality and Quantity Data

The City will continue to support monitoring of surface waters within its jurisdictional boundaries and for waters to which the City discharges that are outside these boundaries. Water quality monitoring within the City has been undertaken in the past by the Metropolitan Council, the Minnesota Pollution Control Agency, the Minnesota Department of Natural Resources, the Lower Minnesota River Watershed District, Prior Lake-Spring Lake Watershed District, Scott WMO and the City of Shakopee. Water quality information can be found on the following websites:

- Water quality data generated from various sampling programs. Information is available at the [Minnesota Pollution Control Agency](#).
- Metropolitan Council monitoring information, including the Citizen-Assisted Monitoring Program (CAMP), can be found on the [Water Quality Management webpage](#).
- Minnesota Pollution Control Agency's [Citizen Lake Monitoring Program (CLMP) webpage](#).
- Prior Lake-Spring Lake Watershed [Monitoring Program](#)
- Lower Minnesota River Watershed [River & Stream Monitoring](#)
- Scott Watershed Management Organization [Water Quality Monitoring](#)

Figure 7 shows monitoring stations located within the City that have been used in the past to collect water quality or quantity data.

As part of the 1999 Comprehensive Plan update, Shakopee created a P8 model for existing and future water quality within the City. The results of the P8 water quality modeling effort can be requested from the City.

The City’s 2005 P8 model has not been updated as part of this plan effort. To effectively monitor Best Management Practice (BMP) performance and water quality, the City of Shakopee has adopted the Stormwater Asset Management Program (SWAMP). This program uses construction as-builts, pond inventory, drainage areas, field inspections, and storm sewer maps to rank BMPs based on cost/benefit pollutant removal efficiency. Basins are prioritized based on a set of parameters and a schedule can be determined for maintenance needs. The program is continually updated to include new BMPs, updated stormwater infrastructure, or changed drainage areas. The City has incorporated SWAMP to include the following:

- Scheduling, tracking, and storing MS4 infrastructure inspections
- Budgeting stormwater inspection and maintenance activities
- Tracking TSS and TP load reductions
- Prioritizing inspection and maintenance activities through a ranking system
- Providing information to the public on BMP maintenance priorities and schedules
- Demonstrating compliance for written procedure and treatment effectiveness requirements as part of the MS4 permit

The SWAMP will be done in coordination with the watershed agencies to remain consistent with
their Total Maximum Daily Load (TMDL) and Watershed Restoration and Protection Strategies Report (WRAPS) studies and other water quality reports. PLSLWD currently has a Public Infrastructure Partner Program available for enhancement of stormwater management BMPs beyond MS4 maintenance requirements identified from the SWAMP. City inspection and monitoring of County or State projects within Shakopee will only be for those locations where they tie into the City’s infrastructure.

2.3.4. Impaired Waters

The MPCA is required to publish a list of impaired waters, which are lakes and streams in the state that are not meeting federal water quality standards. For each water body on the list, the MPCA is required to conduct a study to determine the allowable Total Maximum Daily Load (TMDL) for each pollutant that exceeds the standards. Impaired waters in Shakopee, or those receiving discharge from Shakopee, are summarized in Table 2.5. Impaired waters are shown on Figure 8, Appendix A.

<p>| Table 2.5 – Impaired Waters                                                                 |
|-------------------------------------------|-------------------------------------|----------------------------------|-----------------|-----------------|</p>
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Impaired Water</th>
<th>Affected Use</th>
<th>Pollutant</th>
<th>Year Added</th>
<th>Completion</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>O'Dowd Lake (70-0095-00)</td>
<td>Aquatic Consumption, Aquatic Life</td>
<td>Mercury in Fish Tissue, Fishes Bioassessments</td>
<td>1998, 2018</td>
<td>2008, Not Complete</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Unnamed Creek (Prior Lake Outlet Channel) (07020012-728)</td>
<td>Aquatic Life</td>
<td>Aquatic Macroinvertebrate Bioassessments, Fishes Bioassessments</td>
<td>2018</td>
<td>Not Complete</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Pike Lake (70-0076-00)</td>
<td>Aquatic Recreation</td>
<td>Excess Nutrients</td>
<td>2002</td>
<td>Not Complete</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Eagle Creek (07020012-519)</td>
<td>Aquatic Recreation</td>
<td>Fecal Coliform</td>
<td>2018</td>
<td>Not Complete</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Minnesota River (07020012-505)</td>
<td>Aquatic Consumption, Aquatic Recreation</td>
<td>Mercury, PCB’s, Turbidity, Dissolved Oxygen (DO)</td>
<td>2004, 2008</td>
<td>TMDL approved for Mercury and DO, Turbidity/TSS not complete</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Thole Lake (70-0120-01)</td>
<td>Aquatic Consumption, Aquatic Recreation</td>
<td>Mercury in Fish Tissue, Excess Nutrients</td>
<td>2002, 2008</td>
<td>2008 TMDL approved for Mercury, Not Complete</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
## Impaired Water

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Impaired Water</th>
<th>Affected Use</th>
<th>Pollutant</th>
<th>Year Added</th>
<th>Completion</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Schneider Lake</td>
<td>Aquatic Consumption</td>
<td>Mercury in Fish Tissue</td>
<td>2008</td>
<td>2008 TMDL approved for Mercury</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>(70-0120-02)</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Picha Creek</td>
<td>Aquatic Life</td>
<td>Aquatic Macroinvertebrate Bioassessments, Fishes Bioassessments</td>
<td>2004, 2018</td>
<td>Not Complete</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>(07020012-579)</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

A Total Maximum Daily Load (TMDL) study was completed for the Lower Minnesota River Dissolved Oxygen impairment in 2004. This study is available on the [MPCA’s website](https://www mopca mn gov). Much of this study affects phosphorus discharges from various wastewater treatment plants. However, it does require a 30% reduction in non-point source phosphorus loading from the City of Shakopee.

The Minneapolis River and Greater Blue Earth River Basin Total Suspended Solids TMDL is in the process, but not yet complete. This TMDL will address the turbidity impairment for the Minnesota River and the Greater Blue Earth River basin. The City of Shakopee was included in the categorical wasteload allocation for those portions of the Lower Minnesota River within City limits. The categorical MS4 TSS load reductions for the relevant reaches to the City based on the draft TMDL are that TSS loadings are not required to be reduced but are not allowed to increase.

In addition, a small portion of the City drains to Pike Lake (impaired by excess nutrients) which is located just south of the City limits. The City will participate in the development of the Pike Lake TMDL. The Pike Lake TMDL is expected to be completed by 2019.

The MPCA approved the Twin Cities Metropolitan Area (TCMA) Chloride Management Plan in 2016. This plan is intended to discuss the impacts of chloride on water quality, set performance-based goals, and provide implementation strategies to communities to reduce salt runoff and usage. This plan can be obtained from the [MPCA website](https://www.mopca.mn.gov).

Lake Pepin was added to the Impaired Waters list in 2004 for high nutrient levels and turbidity. In 2011, the MPCA published the Lake Pepin Site Specific Eutrophication Criteria to provide custom water quality goals for the lake and other river pools. The Lake Pepin criteria are not stand-alone goals to be pursued in isolation. Rather, they are part of the goals for the Mississippi River system, which includes the Minnesota River within Shakopee. The South Metro Mississippi River TSS TMDL has been adopted and describes the allowable sediment loads for the Mississippi River just upstream of Lake Pepin. The South Metro project, and the various Minnesota River TSS TMDLs are all related to the Lake Pepin TMDL in that together they describe sediment sources, transport mechanisms, and large-scale reduction strategies to reduce sediment loading.

The City will be required to update this LSWMp to incorporate the findings of each completed TMDL study and will also be required to amend their MS4 permit and SWPPP. This must be done within 18 months of the approved TMDL date.

For more information on impaired waters and TMDL plans, visit the [MPCA website](https://www.mopca.mn.gov).

### Hydrologic System

**Figure 9** shows the major and minor subwatersheds within the City along with the location of the storm sewer system that hydraulically connects the retention basins. A coordination effort is
currently underway between the City of Shakopee, the watershed agencies, and neighboring communities to update the legal boundaries of the regulating watershed agencies to better align with the actual drainage boundaries of stormwater, which would include overland flow and flow through stormwater infrastructure (shown in Figure 1).

The City contains seven major watersheds. The Mill Pond Watershed (Figure 9-A) receives stormwater run-off from western Shakopee and eastern Jackson Township. This watershed drains approximately 14.3 square miles of Shakopee, Jackson Township and Louisville Township. This watershed generally carries water from the south to the north discharging into the Minnesota River at the Mill Pond via overland flow and within the Upper Valley Drainageway.

The Blue Lake Watershed (Figure 9-B) receives stormwater run-off from the eastern two-thirds of Shakopee and from portions of Prior Lake. This watershed generally carries water from the south to the north through Dean Lake Wetland outletting into Blue Lake which discharges to the Minnesota River. The Prior Lake Outlet Channel is the primary conveyance route to Blue Lake for this watershed. The outlet channel directs water from Prior Lake to the north through Pike Lake and then to Shakopee via Dean Lake Wetland and the Dean Lake Wetland bypass channel. The outlet channel eventually discharges water to Blue Lake and the Minnesota River. The Prior Lake Outlet Channel is managed through a Memorandum of Agreement by the Cities of Prior Lake, Shakopee, the Mdewakanton Sioux Community, and the Prior Lake-Spring Lake Watershed District.

The Sand Creek Watershed (Figure 9-C) receives water from several municipalities and townships located south and west of Shakopee. Shakopee contributes approximately 1,000 acres in south Central Shakopee to the Sand Creek Watershed. This watershed carries water from southern Shakopee to the southwest into the Sand Creek conveyance system and ultimately discharges into the Minnesota River.

A portion of northern Shakopee drains directly into the Minnesota River through a series of outlet pipes (Figure 9-D). The Minnesota River Watershed consists of approximately 1,400 acres.

The very eastern edge of Shakopee, which borders the City of Savage, is drained by two separate watersheds. The first watershed directs water northeasterly through the intersection of T.H. 169 and County Road 18 then flows to the east into Rice Lake (Figure 9-E). This watershed consists of about 585 acres and is drained as part of the T.H. 169 bypass drainage system. The second watershed directs water easterly to Eagle Creek in the City of Savage (Figure 9-F). Eagle Creek Watershed consists of approximately 1,830 acres.

The downtown area of Shakopee (Figure 9-G) was modeled as a separate watershed to reflect specific drainage to the Minnesota River in this area.

All areas within the City and annexation areas that drain to the City have been hydraulically modeled. An update to this model was completed in 2018. As part of this modeling effort, watershed areas were delineated, existing and proposed stormwater retention and treatment facilities were defined, and a hydrologic/hydraulic analysis was performed to quantify the 1-year, 2-year, 10-year and 100-year Atlas 14 peak discharge rates, storage requirements, and other pertinent hydrologic/hydraulic information for the stormwater retention areas and trunk conveyance systems within the City. Results of this modeling effort are included in Appendix B.

The hydraulic modeling effort was completed in coordination with the Lower Minnesota River Watershed District, Prior Lake-Spring Lake Watershed District, Scott Watershed Management Organization and the Shakopee Mdewakanton Sioux Community. The hydrologic modeling for the City was completed using the following criteria:

- The peak rate of stormwater run-off entering the City from Jackson Township was limited to either 1/3 cfs per contributing acre of drainage area or pre-
settled discharge rates.

- The peak discharge rate from subwatersheds within the City was limited to at least 1/3 cfs per contributing acre of drainage area for Mill Pond, Eagle Creek, Minnesota River, Rice Lake, Sand Creek, and Blue Lake watersheds from Dean Lake Wetland to the Minnesota River. The Blue Lake watershed upstream of Dean Lake Wetland was limited to 0.1 cfs/acre of contributing drainage area. In areas where adequate stormwater storage is available in the form of natural wetlands and depressions the peak discharge rates were limited to the average daily run-off rate of a 10-day, 100-year snowmelt event. Further discussion of allowable peak discharge rates is included in Section 5.

- Storm water storage was provided to accommodate the run-off generated from a 100-year 24-hour storm event above the retention outlet elevation, while allowing a peak discharge rate of no greater than 1/3 cfs per acre of contributing drainage area.

2.3.6 Groundwater

Primary groundwater resource data for areas within the City is available by reviewing the content from three sources. A brief description and web link for the three sources is provided below.

1. The Scott County Geologic Atlas completed in 1982 contains information on aquifers, depth to ground water table, and areas sensitive to ground water pollution.

2. The Scott WMO Comprehensive Water Resources Management Plan contains groundwater information, issues and policies for Scott County.

3. SPUC monitors aquifer levels through the use of 14 wells located throughout the City. Information can be requested from SPUC.

Shakopee Public Utilities, along with the Minnesota Department of Health (MDH), developed a Wellhead Protection Plan (WHPP) that is designed to protect groundwater aquifers and municipal wells by identifying potential sources of contamination. The WHPP delineates drinking water supply management areas (DWSMAs) and wellhead protection areas. Figure 10 shows the Drinking Water Supply Management Areas (DWSMAs) for the City, a few of which are generally described below.

The City will be required to incorporate the requirements of the Wellhead Protection Plan into their SWPPP for areas located within vulnerable source water protection areas (NPDES MS4 General Permit). Vulnerable Source Water Protection areas are those areas susceptible to water supply contamination from activities at the land surface and are based on the following three components: geologic sensitivity, well construction maintenance and use, and water chemistry and isotopic composition. Figure 10 shows the DWSMA vulnerability locations within the City. The DWSMA vulnerability is determined using geologic, soils and groundwater chemistry information.

For areas of vulnerability, the City will incorporate the Stormwater Guidance Flow Chart developed by the MDH on evaluating proposed stormwater infiltration projects in vulnerable source water protection areas and the guidance located within the Minnesota Stormwater Manual on designing infiltration BMPs while protecting groundwater. This will be of a particular concern in areas where infiltration is being considered in soils suitable for rapid infiltration adjacent to municipal and private wells.

Within the City, municipal wells serve the City's water needs. The Shakopee Public Utilities Commission (SPUC) is responsible for supplying water for the City. The location of DNR
groundwater appropriation permits are shown on Figure 10.

Protection of the aquifers described above is crucial in maintaining Shakopee’s long-term water supply. Protecting the supply will require cooperating with the MDH when developing the City’s Wellhead Protection Plan. The objectives of protecting Shakopee’s water supply wells are to:

- Reduce the use of costly treatment facilities
- Avoid the drilling of new wells
- Avoid the need to clean up contaminated groundwater
- Protect public water supply wells by preventing contaminants from entering the area that contributes water to the well or well field over a period of time.

Figure 11, Appendix A also shows the surface water/groundwater interaction as analyzed by regional screening performed by the Metropolitan Council in their report, Evaluation of Groundwater and Surface-Water Interaction: Guidance for Resource Assessment. The Metropolitan Council intends on completing this process again in the future as new information becomes available. A majority of the smaller waterbodies on the eastern half of the City have been shown to recharge aquifers. Larger waterbodies such as Dean Lake Wetland, Blue Lake, Fisher Lake and areas of the Minnesota River receive and discharge groundwater.

### 2.3.7. Shoreland and Floodplain Ordinances

The City has developed and adopted Shoreland Management Regulations and Floodplain Management Regulations and Ordinances. A copy of these regulations is included in Appendix C. Per these regulations, the City has developed the following shoreland designations:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Water Body Name</th>
<th>Water Body Number/Location</th>
<th>Shoreland Classification</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Blue Lake</td>
<td>70-0088</td>
<td>Natural Environment</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Dean Lake Wetland</td>
<td>70-0074</td>
<td>Natural Environment</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Fisher Lake</td>
<td>70-0087</td>
<td>Natural Environment</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Rice Lake</td>
<td>70-0025</td>
<td>Natural Environment</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Unnamed</td>
<td>70-0080</td>
<td>Natural Environment</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>O’Dowd</td>
<td>70-0095</td>
<td>Recreational</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Minnesota River</td>
<td>From west section line of Section 4, T115N, R22W</td>
<td>Transition River</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Minnesota River</td>
<td>From the border of Scott and Le Sueur Counties to the east section line of Section 5, T115N, R22W</td>
<td>Agricultural River</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Eagle Creek</td>
<td>From Basin 245, Section 13, T115N, R22W to Section 13, T115N, R22W</td>
<td>Tributary Stream</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Unnamed to Minnesota River</td>
<td>From Section 2, T115N, R22W to Section 1, T115N, R22W</td>
<td>Tributary Stream</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Unnamed Tributary (part of Prior Lake Outlet Channel)</td>
<td>From Basin 249, Section 23, T115N, R22W to Section 14, T115N, R22W</td>
<td>Tributary Stream</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### 2.3.8. Existing Flood Insurance Studies

A Federal Emergency Management Agency (FEMA) Flood Insurance Study (FIS) was completed
for areas within the City of Shakopee along the Minnesota River. Included in the FIS is a flood
plain study of the Minnesota River completed by the United States Department of Interior. The
results were outlined in a report entitled "Flood Plain Areas of the Lower Minnesota River" dated
1973. This report identified the boundaries of the floodway and floodplain. A flood insurance study
for the City of Shakopee, dated March 1989, provides flood information for properties along the
Minnesota River. Flood insurance information and FIS reports can be found on FEMA’s Flood
Map Service Center on FEMA’s website. Figure 12 shows the 100-year floodplain within the City.

2.4. Natural Resources Data

2.4.1. MLCCS and MCBS

The Minnesota Land Cover Classification System, or MLCCS, categorizes urban and built up
areas in terms of land cover rather than land use. MLCCS serves as a tool for City staff to
integrate natural area preservation into land planning, land use, and zoning decisions. The City is
dominated primarily by developed area with planted or cultivated vegetation areas as the next
majority land classification. The remaining areas are herbaceous areas and wetland throughout
the center of the City. Figure 13 provides MLCCS coverage for Shakopee.

According to the MnDNR, the Minnesota County Biological Survey (MCBS) began in 1987 as a
systematic survey of rare biological features on a county-by-county basis. Shakopee has several
areas identified as high biological significance. These are generally near the City’s open space
and park land. The DNR has jurisdiction over these areas. Based on state statute any work within
these areas is required to meet DNR permit requirements. Figure 14 provides the locations of
rare and biological features in the City of Shakopee.

The conservation corridor shown in Figure 14 represents area designated by the DNR to be
protected and to provide restoration of key natural habitats. These corridors are to be used by
local agencies to prioritize areas for conservation.

2.4.2. Public Area for Water Based Recreation and Access

The City has a variety of areas that are used for water based recreation. These areas include the
following:

- **O’Dowd Lake**: O’Dowd Lake is 256 acres in size and is located in the southwest
corner of Shakopee. The lake has public access as well as the O’Dowd Lake
Community Park. The water based recreation available at O’Dowd Lake Community
Park is picnicking, swimming, fishing and hiking.

- **Minnesota River**: A public boat launch is located within Huber Park.

- **Dean Lake Wetland (formally Dean Lake)**: Dean Lake Wetland offers passive water-
based recreation in the form of trails and parks near and around the lake.

- **Murphy’s Landing**: Murphy’s Landing is a historic site owned by the Three Rivers
Park District. The site is on the river and offers a living history museum portraying
Minnesota life on the River between 1840 and 1890.

- **Minnesota Valley National Wildlife Refuge**: This large park area along the
Minnesota River throughout Shakopee and beyond offer passive water-based
recreation opportunities through miles of hiking trails along the river and floodplain
areas.
• **Quarry Lake Park:** This 111-acre park located in the East Shakopee Industrial area contains Quarry Lake, a designated trout lake. The lake is exclusively used by the Shakopee-Prior Lake Water Ski Association. However, trout fishing has become a popular activity as well.

The City of Shakopee also contains three parks located on the Minnesota River. These three parks are Huber Community Play Field, Memorial Community Park, and the James Wilke Regional Park Reserve. The water resource related activities available at Huber Community Play Field include picnicking, fishing, boating and hiking. This park also contains a public boat landing. The water-based recreation available at Memorial Community Park includes picnicking, fishing and hiking. The water-based recreation available at the James Wilke Regional Park Reserve includes picnicking, fishing, and hiking. The majority of water based recreation within the City centers around the Minnesota River.

More information on these Public Parks is available in the Shakopee Comprehensive Plan available on the City’s website.

### 2.4.3. Fish and Wildlife Habitat

**Figure 6** and **Figures 9-A through 9-F** shows a detailed inventory of waterbodies and wetlands within the City. Most of the areas that have been identified in this inventory provide wildlife habitat to varying degrees. Suitable fishery habitat within the City is limited. O'Dowd Lake and the Minnesota River are major water bodies located within the City that have been identified as capable of supporting a generally healthy fishery population. Quarry Lake has also been designated as a trout lake. Eagle Creek located just east of Shakopee in the City of Savage is a designated trout stream. Other small lakes or ponds within the City may have the potential to support a fish population but the threat of winter kill limits stocking of any type of game fish population within these basins.

A few areas have also been mapped by the DNR’s County Biological Survey. These areas include the marsh located on the north end of Dean Lake Wetland and some oak woodlands located northeast of Dean Lake Wetland. Areas within the Minnesota Valley National Wildlife Refuge have also been mapped by in the County Biological Survey. These areas also have been noted to contain rare, endangered, or threatened plant and animal species. Some areas mapped by the County Biological Survey as well as some areas that contain rare, endangered, or threatened plant and animal species are shown in **Figure 14.** The full inventory of the County Biological Survey can be found on the [MnDNR’s website](https://www.mndnr.gov).

### 2.4.4. Unique Features and Scenic Areas

In addition to biological habitats, there are unique features and scenic areas the City plans on taking special care in management. The following areas have unique features that the City plans to take special care in managing, if and when, the parcel is proposed for development. These features and areas include:

- The Minnesota River bluffs and shoreline (**Figure 4**).
- The highlands located in the southern portion of the City (**Figure 4**).
- Eagle Creek and Boiling Springs along the eastern edge of the Shakopee and Savage border (**Figure 9F**).

The City has developed a Greenway Priority Locations Map (**Figure 15**) based on available natural resource information pertaining to slopes, lakes and streams, endangered species, woodlands, non-woody upland vegetation, wetlands, recreational opportunities, accessibility, and
wildlife. The Greenway Priority locations map is used to guide development in and around these areas to help improve, restore, and protect these resources.

2.4.5. Pollutant Sources

Figure 16 shows the approximate locations of a variety of sites that are listed with MPCA’s “What’s in My Neighborhood” database. The status of these sites varies from active to cleaned up and closed by MPCA. Specific details of each site can be obtained from MPCA.

Other potential pollutant sources include industrial, commercial, residential, and other highly impervious land uses. Stormwater runoff from these land uses could carry pollutants into the stormwater system (nonpoint source pollution), especially if there are direct inlets into the storm sewer system that do not drain first into a stormwater pond. Facilities within these land use types may be covered by an NPDES General Industrial Stormwater Permit, which requires preparation of stormwater pollution prevention plans to prevent nonpoint source pollution.
3. AGENCY COOPERATION

There are a number of local, State, and Federal agencies that have rules and regulations related to local water management. The City recognizes the roles of these other agencies and will cooperate, coordinate, and partner when possible with these agencies. This section describes the City’s current surface water management program and practices, and identifies the agencies and organizations having roles in the City’s management of these resources. Table 3.1 summarizes the City’s and other agencies’ regulatory controls related to water resources management and protection.

3.1. City Ordinance, Policy, and Procedures

The Engineering Division is responsible for the planning, administration, design and inspection of infrastructure improvements which includes transportation, sewer, and storm. This division coordinates with watershed districts and other outside agencies regarding water resource management and conservation. They also manage the City’s Surface Water Pollution Prevention Program and provide monitoring and maintenance of storm sewers, ponding areas, and water quality devices. The Shakopee Planning Division manages comprehensive planning and administers the zoning code within the City, which includes land use and zoning.

Current regulations and policies governing surface water management within Shakopee include the City’s Design Criteria, various ordinances, and the Local Surface Water Management Plan. Table 3.1 summarizes the City’s regulatory controls regarding surface water. The Chapter 54 Ordinance is included in Appendix C and the City’s Design Criteria are included in Appendix D.

Table 3.1 – Regulatory Control

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Official Control</th>
<th>Responsibility</th>
<th>City Mechanism</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Stormwater Management</td>
<td>City, WD/WMO</td>
<td>City Ordinance Chapter 54: Water Resources Management, Surface Water Management Plan, Design Criteria, MS4/SWPPP</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Erosion and Sediment Control</td>
<td>City, WD/WMO, MPCA</td>
<td>City Ordinance Chapter 54: Water Resources Management, Surface Water Management Plan, Design Criteria, MS4/SWPPP</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Shoreland</td>
<td>City, WD/WMO, MnDNR</td>
<td>City Ordinance Chapter 54: Water Resources Management, Surface Water Management Plan, Design Criteria, MS4/SWPPP</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Bluff Areas</td>
<td>City, WD/WMO</td>
<td>City Ordinance Chapter 54: Water Resources Management, Surface Water Management Plan, Design Criteria, MS4/SWPPP</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Floodplain</td>
<td>City, WD/WMO, MnDNR</td>
<td>City Ordinance Chapter 54: Water Resources Management, Surface Water Management Plan, Design Criteria, MS4/SWPPP</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Wetlands</td>
<td>City is the LGU, WD/WMO, MnDNR, USACE, BWSR</td>
<td>City Ordinance Chapter 54: Water Resources Management, Surface Water Management Plan, Design Criteria, MS4/SWPPP</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Illicit Discharge</td>
<td>City, WD/WMO</td>
<td>City Ordinance Chapter 54: Water Resources Management, Surface Water Management Plan, Design Criteria, MS4/SWPPP</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Grading and Drainage</td>
<td>City, WD/WMO</td>
<td>City Ordinance Chapter 54: Water Resources Management, Design Criteria, MS4/SWPPP</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
3.2. Support Agencies

This plan is in conformance with, but does not restate, all other agency rules that are applicable to water resource management. The following agencies deal with or regulate water resources throughout the City.

- **Board of Water and Soil Resources** (BWSR) and the **Wetland Conservation Act** (WCA): Responsible for coordinating and supporting the state’s local water management entities. BWSR provides technical and administrative assistance, reviews local water management plans, and distributes grants to support watershed districts, WMOs, SWCDs, and counties. They also administer the Wetland Conservation Act by regulating wetlands that are not protected by other state or federal programs. Local governments perform the regulatory functions related to exemptions, noticing, and mitigation. BWSR’s primary focus is soil and water conservation on private land.

- **Federal Emergency Management Agency** (FEMA): Administers the National Flood Insurance Management Program in coordination with the MnDNR. Floodplain Management Program.

- **Lower Minnesota River Watershed District** (LMRWD): Responsible for addressing water resource management along the Minnesota River. LMRWD has adopted standards that must be implemented by the City of Shakopee, including WCA administration. LMRWD does not currently have a permitting program of its own.

- **Metropolitan Council**: Manages sewage treatment services and regional water supply issues in the metro area. The Council (along with BWSR, DNR, MPCA, MDA, MDH, and EQB) reviews the watershed management plans and the local surface water management plans of the metro. They also provide grants to local entities to carry out their watershed management activities.

- **Minnesota Department of Agriculture** (MDA): Coordinates state conservation practices through the Natural Resources Conservation Service and Scott Soil and Water Conservation District.

- **Minnesota Department of Health** (MDH): Implements the federal Safe Drinking Water Act, which protects public water supplies and is working to develop Groundwater Restoration and Protection Strategies (GRAPS) throughout Minnesota. MDH works with communities to implement Wellhead Protection Plans and has also developed a Stormwater Guidance Flow Chart to determine the appropriateness of infiltration within Drinking Water Supply Management Areas (DWSMAs).

- **Minnesota Department of Natural Resources** (MnDNR): Regulates any activities that affect the course, current, or cross-section of “public waters” which are most of the state’s lakes and rivers, as well as some streams and wetlands. They also regulate the use of surface and ground water by managing a water supply and permitting program. MnDNR also oversees local governments that administer shoreland and floodplain ordinances. and distributes grants to local water management entities for shoreland habitat restoration and flood hazard mitigation. MnDNR coordinates with FEMA to regulate development within the floodplain.

- **Minnesota Department of Transportation** (MnDOT): Designated to have a MS4 program due to their significant stormwater drainage systems. MnDOT was required to apply for a NPDES permit in 2003 to discharge stormwater and has developed its own SWPPP to limit the discharge of pollutants from applicable transportation systems within Minnesota.
MnDOT coordinates with local entities for transportation projects and can assist in providing funding.

- **Minnesota Environmental Quality Board** (EQB): Responsible for coordinating the state agencies involved in water resource management activities. The Board assists in developing comprehensive long range water resources planning, coordinating the development and evaluation of water information and education resources, and coordinating the development of Minnesota water policies.

- **Minnesota Pollution Control Agency** (MPCA): Administers the federal Clean Water Act programs in Minnesota. MPCA is responsible for assessing water quality, identifying impaired waters, and improving water quality. The agency regulates stormwater systems for municipalities and works with counties to regulate feedlots and septic systems. They also provide technical, planning, and financial assistance to local entities that are taking steps to prevent nonpoint source pollution. The MPCA regulates entities such as municipal sewage treatment facilities and industries that discharge point source pollution and issues permits for runoff from construction and industrial sites as part of the NPDES permitting program and administers the MS4 General Permit program for local municipalities.

- **Natural Resources Conservation Service** (NRCS): Works with private landowners and managers to conserve soil, water, and other natural resources within the USDA. They provide funding and technical assistance to landowners who implement conservation and best management practices. Locally based staff work with landowners and in partnership with the Scott Soil and Water Conservation District.

- **Prior Lake Outlet Channel (PLOC)** - Constructed in 1983 to provide a stormwater outlet from Prior Lake and Spring Lake. A Memorandum of Agreement was signed between the City of Prior Lake, the City of Shakopee, the Shakopee Mdewakanton Sioux Community, and the Prior Lake-Spring Lake Watershed District for regular maintenance. PLOC is managed by PLSLWD.

- **Prior Lake-Spring Lake Watershed District** (PLSLWD): Responsible for addressing water resource management issues that affect more than one municipality through the District. PLSLWD has adopted a Watershed Management Plan and is required to review and approve LGU’s local water management plans. The District is the primary operator of a few stormwater facilities including the Prior Lake Outlet Channel and the Ferric Chloride Water Treatment Facility; both of which have NPDES permits. PLSLWD has its own permitting program and requires permits for all developments and improvements within the watershed that triggers their rules. The City will coordinate with PLSLWD when permitting is required for development.

- **Scott County**: Coordinates with Scott WMO to implement local water planning and conservation. Scott County has a designated MS4 Program due to their significant stormwater drainage systems.

- **Scott Soil and Water Conservation District** (Scott SWCD): Works with the NRCS to implement local conservation projects. SCWD also provides education and information to residents about ways to improve the quality of Minnesota’s lakes and rivers.

- **Scott Watershed Management Organization** (Scott WMO): Implements programs related to administration, coordination, education and outreach, inventory and assessment, land and water treatment, maintenance, monitoring, planning and regulation. The WMO is required to adopt a Watershed Management Plan, prepare an annual report, and approve LGU’s local water management plans. Scott WMO has prepared standards that must be implemented by the City of Shakopee, including WCA administration. Scott WMO does
not currently have a permitting program of its own.

- **U.S. Geological Survey (USGS):** Collects, monitors, and analyzes data about natural resources, including stream flow, water quality, and other water resource issues.

- **US Army Corps of Engineers (USACE):** Issues permits for projects that affect navigable waters of the US and is involved in flood control and erosion control studies and projects in Minnesota. The Corps also has the responsibility for administering Section 404 of the Clean Water Act permitting process which requires that anyone interested in depositing dredged fill material into designated waters including wetlands, must receive a permit.

- **US Environmental Protection Agency (EPA):** Administers the Clean Water Act which requires Minnesota to assess waters for pollutants, identify those that are impaired, and take action for clean-up. The EPA is also responsible for distributing funds to state and local governmental units to address nonpoint source pollution. Much of this work is delegated to the Minnesota Pollution Control Agency.

- **US Fish and Wildlife Service (USFWS):** Manages national wildlife refuges and fishery operations, enforces wildlife laws, protects endangered species, and conserves and restores wildlife habitat such as wetlands.

While these other agencies’ rules, policies, and guidelines are not all restated in this Plan, they are applicable to projects, programs, and planning within the City. The MPCA Minnesota Stormwater Manual, which is a document intended to be frequently updated, is also incorporated by reference into this Plan and can be found at the MPCA website.

### 3.3. NPDES Permitting Process

The MPCA implemented the National Pollutant Discharge Elimination System (NPDES) Phase II Stormwater Program in March 2003. The MPCA has designated the City of Shakopee as an NPDES Phase II MS4 community (MN Rules Chapter 7090). The permit outlines Shakopee’s SWPPP to address six Minimum Control Measures (MCM):

- Public education (MCM 1)
- Public involvement (MCM 2)
- Illicit discharge detection and elimination (MCM 3)
- Construction site runoff control (MCM 4)
- Post-construction runoff control (MCM 5)
- Pollution prevention in municipal operations (MCM 6)

The City’s MS4 SWPPP contains several best management practices within each of the listed control measures. These were identified using a self-evaluation and input process with City staff. Some of these best management practices include:

- Inspection of outfalls
- Street sweeping
- Inspection of post-construction BMPs
- Storm sewer system mapping
- Resident education

The most recent 5-year permit cycle required cities to reapply for coverage in the Fall of 2013. Permit coverage was extended to Shakopee in 2014 for the subsequent 5-year permit cycle. The NPDES MS4 permit is expected to be renewed by the end of 2018, at which time the City will be required to apply for permit coverage for the next 5-year cycle.
Many of the goals and policies discussed in this SWMP are directly related to requirements listed in the NPDES program. As a result, the implementation section of this plan repeatedly references items listed in the City’s MS4 SWPPP.

Along with the MS4 program, the MPCA also implemented the NPDES Construction Stormwater General Permit to authorize stormwater runoff from construction sites. A Construction Permit is required for any construction activity disturbing one acre or more, or if a project is part of a common plan of development or sale that ultimately will disturb greater than one (1) acre, or poses a risk to any water resource. The Construction Permit was reissued in August 2018, with an expiration date of July 31, 2023. Additional information can be found on the MPCA’s website.

3.4. Water Resource Related Agreements

The City of Shakopee has entered into a number of water resources related agreements that govern in part how the City must manage its water resources. These agreements include joint powers agreements between the City and Watershed Management Organizations having jurisdiction within its boundaries, agreements between the City and adjoining communities, or agreements it may have with other governmental units or private parties. Listed below is a description of the water resource related agreements which the City has entered into. A copy of these agreements or appropriate portions thereof, are included in Appendix E.

- Memorandum of Agreement for Prior Lake Outlet Channel for the City of Shakopee, Prior Lake-Spring Lake Watershed District and Shakopee Mdewakanton Sioux Community agreement for maintenance.

- Joint Powers Agreement between the City of Shakopee and the City of Savage relating to stormwater management planning within the Eagle Creek Watershed.

- Memorandum of Understanding between Scott WMO and the City of Shakopee for Local Water Planning and Regulation

- Memorandum of Understanding between Lower Minnesota River Watershed District and the City of Shakopee to enforce the District policies through permitting. An updated agreement between the District and the City is required before May 1, 2020.

- Joint Powers Agreement between the City of Shakopee and Scott WMO for Swamp Lake wetland mitigation site.
4. ASSESSMENT OF ISSUES

Previous sections of this SWMP provide background on the physical and regulatory forces shaping surface water management in Shakopee. This section describes problems and challenges of specific waters, neighborhoods or programs identified by the City, watershed districts and others. Minnesota Statutes and Metropolitan Council guidance documents require “issues and corrective actions” or “problems and corrective actions” as elements of a SWMP. The assessment includes stormwater management issues—current and future—identified by the City, the three watersheds with jurisdiction within the City, and other state and federal agencies. Shakopee emphasizes the surface water management challenges ahead and that these challenges will test the City’s financial and technical resources. Figure 17 shows locations throughout the City that have been identified as existing or future issues. Additional discussion is provided in this section.

4.1. Water Quality

Issue 4.1.1: The Minnesota River, O’Dowd Lake, Thole Lake, Schneider Lake, Picha Creek, Eagle Creek, a portion of the Prior Lake Outlet Channel (PLOC), and Pike Lake have been identified by the Minnesota Pollution Control Agency (MPCA) as impaired waters.

Corrective Action: The City will be an active participant with the MPCA and the Watershed Districts to set Total Maximum Daily Loads (TMDLs) for the impaired waters in the City and to help meet the requirements outlined in the TMDL Implementation Plans once they are complete.

Issue 4.1.2: Ponds within the City have been subject to degradation as a result of erosion and sediment deposition.

Corrective Action: The City has implemented the Stormwater Asset Management Program (SWAMP) for inspecting and maintaining its storm sewer outfalls, sediment basins, ponds, and other best management practices (BMPs). Maintenance will be conducted as needed.

Issue 4.1.3: Available water quality data for lakes and other waterbodies throughout the City.

Corrective Action: The City will continue to implement a water quality monitoring program on O’Dowd Lake through the Citizens Assisted Monitoring Program (CAMP) program and continue to review the need for monitoring at other water bodies throughout the city.

Issue 4.1.4: Algae and other in-water aesthetic nuisances can be an issue in storm ponds and lakes and generate resident complaints.

Corrective Action: The City will continue to educate residents on lawn fertilization and its contribution to nutrient and phosphorus loading resulting in algae growth in waterbodies. The City historically has not treated aesthetic or nuisance issues at ponds but has allowed residents to address the issue at their own expense. The City plans to continue this practice.

Issue 4.1.5: Trash accumulation and noxious weeds can be an issue in storm ponds and generate resident complaints.

Corrective Action: The City historically has removed trash from ponds on city property but has not on private property. Removal of trash on private property has been the responsibility of the land owner. However, the City has a program to control noxious weeds within stormwater pond buffer areas within City drainage and utility easements.
The City plans to continue these practices.

**Issue 4.1.6:** The Shakopee Public Utilities Commission (SPUC) Wellhead Protection Plan indicates historical monitoring of groundwater from wells in the City has shown the presence of high nitrate concentrations, however, the concentrations have reduced and have not exceeded the health risk limit since 1995.

**Corrective Action:** SPUC manages the water distribution network, wells, and monitors the groundwater in the City of Shakopee. SPUC will continue to monitor supply wells for nitrates as part of SPUC’s Well Head Protection Plan, and the City will work with SPUC and Scott County as needed to address concerns about groundwater quality.

**Issue 4.1.7:** Dean Lake Wetland has poor overall water quality based on recent monitoring information.

**Corrective Action:** Dean Lake Wetland was recently reclassified from a lake to a wetland. The City will work with the Lower Minnesota River Watershed District (LMRWD) on studies related to water quality and overall health of Dean Lake Wetland. It is anticipated that the Watershed District will be the lead, but the City should assist and provide support to the Watershed District.

**Issue 4.1.8:** The possibility of contamination exists when there are connections between groundwater and surface water.

**Corrective Action:** SPUC has developed a Wellhead Protection Plan which identifies Drinking Water Supply Management Areas (DWSMAs) and their vulnerability. The City will continue to follow the requirements of the Wellhead Protection Plan to protect groundwater. Guidance from the MPCA and Minnesota Department of Health (MDH) will be followed to determine the applicability of infiltration in the DWSMAs.

**Issue 4.1.9:** In 2007, the City was required by the MPCA to complete a loading assessment and a nondegradation report. The report estimates change in Total Suspended Solids (TSS) and Total Phosphorus (TP) from development since 1988 and future loading with development that could occur by 2020. The nondegradation report is included in Appendix F.

**Corrective Action:** The report concluded that there was no significant increase in TSS and TP loadings between 1988 and 2005 due to the stormwater treatment ponds that accompanied development and redevelopment in that time. Further, it predicts a reduction in TSS and TP loadings between 2005 and 2020. No changes were proposed to the City’s Stormwater Pollution Prevention Plan (SWPPP).

### 4.2. Flooding and Stormwater Rate Control

**Issue 4.2.1:** Channel capacity, flooding (property flooding, no structure flooding), and erosion is an ongoing concern along the PLOC.

**Corrective Action:** The City will cooperate with the Cooperators of the PLOC to evaluate channel capacity and flooding concerns, and support operation and maintenance to address channel capacity, flooding, and erosion. As development occurs along the PLOC, the city will work with the PLOC cooperators to evaluate opportunities to improve and address any channel capacity, flooding, and/or erosion issues. The Memorandum of Agreement in Appendix E outlines this relationship. A PLOC master plan is in development to help facilitate evaluation and implementation to address issues and concerns.
Issue 4.2.2: Portions of the storm sewer throughout the City has exceeded its design life, or due to change in precipitation trends is under capacity (either inlet capacity or pipe capacity).

**Corrective Action:** The City will continue to review and evaluate capacity and condition of storm sewer during development/redevelopment projects and street reconstruction projects. It is not the City’s intent to identify and address under capacity concerns to the whole City’s infrastructure. The City will evaluate capacity and implement improvements ongoing to minimize flooding issues when determined feasible.

Issue 4.2.3: The outlet of the stormwater pond north of Valley Industrial Boulevard South and east of Canterbury Road South is not well documented and may not be functioning as originally intended.

**Corrective Action:** The City will investigate the outlet of this pond and evaluate further if there is a need to complete a study for the outlet.

Issue 4.2.4: Extended stormwater flow through a portion of the Shakopee Historic District from development along Highway 101 is impacting/degrading historical and cultural resources. The location is approximately 2,000 feet east of Memorial Park on the north side of Highway 101.

**Corrective Action:** The City will continue to work with project stakeholders to identify short- and long-term solutions for addressing the concern at this location.

Issue 4.2.5: Localized flooding issues may occur throughout the City. Residents identify various flooding issues that impact property and drainage and bring them to the city’s attention.

**Corrective Action:** The City will meet with residents and conduct education programs on this topic. When specific issues are identified, the City will investigate the causes and address the issues as feasible. The City has created a tracking system to log the issue and track resolution of the issue. The City will consult with existing hydrologic and hydraulic models for potential flooding issues and work with the watershed districts to take appropriate corrective action for future flooding problems.

Issue 4.2.6: Sidewalk along the south side of Valley View Road approximately 800 feet east of Pheasant Run Street experiences drainage issues from runoff flowing down the hill. Runoff in this area freezes in the winter and can become a hazard to pedestrians.

**Corrective Action:** The City will continue to provide frequent maintenance, monitor and evaluate short- and long-term solutions for addressing the concern at this location.

Issue 4.2.7: Debris and ice can build up on two flared end sections (FES) along the south side of Valley View Road between Mathias Road and Pheasant Run Street.

**Corrective Action:** The City will continue to provide frequent maintenance, monitor and evaluate short- and long-term solutions for addressing the concern at these locations.

Issue 4.2.8: There is a flooding potential of a residential home at 815 Larkspur Court along the Upper Valley Drainage Ditch. The low opening was constructed lower than approved (constructed as a walkout versus a lookout) and does not have the required freeboard from the 100-year flood elevation. There is an FES and downstream catch basin that is part of the outlet to this area and occasionally becomes blocked with debris which adds to the flooding potential. Frequent maintenance is needed to protect adjacent homes from flooding.

**Corrective Action:** The City will continue to provide routine maintenance, and monitor the outlet. It is expected that the property owner will convert their structure from a walkout to a lookout to mitigate the flooding potential.
Issue 4.2.9: A flooding concern at residential structures was identified where the Upper Valley Drainage Ditch crosses Alysheba Road. There is not a secondary emergency overflow path at this crossing, and if debris clogs the culverts there is a potential for flooding adjacent residential homes.

**Corrective Action:** The City will continue to provide frequent maintenance, monitor and evaluate short- and long-term solutions for addressing this concern at this location.

Issue 4.2.10: There has historically been a flooding issue (property flooding, no structure flooding) approximately one mile south of County Road 16 and County Road 83. The issue was poor drainage from the west to the east side of the road. The drainage issue has been addressed by improvements to County Road 83 and adjacent land development.

**Corrective Action:** Continue to monitor drainage in this area and work with private land owners and other stakeholders to address any future drainage issues.

Issue 4.2.11: The outlet of the stormwater pond south of Fescue Circle frequently clogs. It is possible the outlet structure is not functioning correctly.

**Corrective Action:** The City will look into the function of the outlet structure and will continue to provide frequent maintenance, monitor and evaluate short- and long-term solutions for addressing the concern at this location.

Issue 4.2.12: Localized roadway flooding along 10th Avenue East near Spencer Street, Market Street and Main Street due to under capacity storm pipes.

**Corrective Action:** The City will continue to review and evaluate capacity and condition of storm sewer during development/redevelopment projects and street reconstruction projects.

Issue 4.2.13: Localized roadway flooding at 4th Avenue East and Dakota Street due to under capacity storm pipes.

**Corrective Action:** The City will continue to review and evaluate capacity and condition of storm sewer during development/redevelopment projects and street reconstruction projects.

Issue 4.2.14: The storm pipes within the Old Downtown area are undersized and have capacity issues leading to localized roadway flooding.

**Corrective Action:** The City will continue to review and evaluate capacity and condition of storm sewer during development/redevelopment projects and street reconstruction projects. The City will evaluate the need for redevelopment requirements specific for this area to improve this issue.

Issue 4.2.15: There is no outlet for Quarry Lake. Water levels vary for prolonged durations which is causing erosion issues along the shoreline.

**Corrective Action:** The City will work with the watershed district to complete a study to evaluate a need for an outlet to Quarry Lake and shoreline erosion.

Issue 4.2.16: The regional facility (Upper Valley Drainage Ditch) south of Highway 169 and east of Old Brick Yard Road does not have capacity for drainage from future development.

**Corrective Action:** The City will work with the watershed to complete a feasibility study.
to evaluate capacity and water quality at this regional facility. Implementation of improvements to the regional facility are dependent on development.

**Issue 4.2.17:** There is a need for a publicly managed outlet from O’Dowd Lake. The outlet from O’Dowd Lake consists of flow through ditches, culverts, drain tile, wetlands, and ponds primarily located on multiple different private properties. The historical issue with the privately managed outlet is land management and lack of maintenance that causes drainage issues/impacts to Lake O’Dowd and adjacent properties.

**Corrective Action:** The City will participate with Scott County and Louisville Township to complete a feasibility study regarding the need for a publicly managed outlet from O’Dowd Lake.

**Issue 4.2.18:** Culverts located at the driveway crossings across from Independence Drive south of Valley View Road have reduced culvert capacity for runoff due to additional water pumped into this drainage system from an upstream treatment plant. If the culvert capacity is exceeded, overflow is routed to a separate drainage system north towards residential developments and is a flooding concern (roadway and property flooding, no structure flooding). The culverts have been replaced with larger culverts to increase capacity, however debris can still clog the culverts resulting in overflow and flooding concerns.

**Corrective Action:** The City will continue to provide frequent maintenance, monitor and evaluate short- and long-term solutions for addressing the concern at this location.

**Issue 4.2.19:** There are private culverts on the PLOC to the northeast of Pike Lake Trail that frequently clog with debris.

**Corrective Action:** The City will continue to provide frequent maintenance, monitor and evaluate short- and long-term solutions for addressing the concern at this location.

**Issue 4.2.20:** There is a box culvert along the Upper Valley Drainage Ditch that has a trash rack on it which is prone to clogging and is a flooding concern (property flooding, no structure flooding) to adjacent homes. The culvert is located adjacent to Park Ridge Drive and Hauer Trail.

**Corrective Action:** The City will continue to provide frequent maintenance, monitor and evaluate short- and long-term solutions for addressing the concern at this location.

**Issue 4.2.21:** The outlet control structure to the pond southwest of Westchester Lane is prone to clogging, this is a flooding concern to adjacent homes for the series of ponds south of Westchester Avenue and north of Hawthorne Circle (property flooding and potential for structure flooding).

**Corrective Action:** The City will continue to provide frequent maintenance, monitor and evaluate short- and long-term solutions for addressing the concern at this location.

**Issue 4.2.22:** There is one pond east of Pheasant Run Street and south of Thrush Street, and two ponds located north and south of Mathias Road and west of Pheasant Run Street that have outlets that are prone to clogging and are a flooding concern (property flooding and potential for structure flooding) to adjacent homes.

**Corrective Action:** The City will continue to provide frequent maintenance, monitor and evaluate short- and long-term solutions for addressing the concern at this location.

**Issue 4.2.23:** The outlet control structure to the wetland west of Barrington Drive and north of Cortland Circle is prone to clogging and is a flooding concern (property flooding, no structure flooding) to adjacent homes.
Corrective Action: The City will continue to provide frequent maintenance, monitor and evaluate short- and long-term solutions for addressing the concern at this location.

Issue 4.2.24: The outlet control structure to the wetland east of Barrington Drive and north of County Road 78 is prone to clogging and is a flooding concern (property flooding and potential for structure flooding) to an adjacent home.

Corrective Action: The City will continue to provide frequent maintenance, monitor and evaluate short- and long-term solutions for addressing the concern at this location.

Issue 4.2.25: The wetland north of Sussex Lane and west of Sussex Court is a flooding concern during high flows in the PLOC. There is a gate valve that can be closed during high flows that reduces the impact/flooding concern in this wetland that results from the high flows from the PLOC.

Corrective Action: The City will continue to provide frequent maintenance, monitor and evaluate short- and long-term solutions for addressing the concern at this location.

Issue 4.2.26: Property, structures and septic systems adjacent to the low area west of Boiling Springs Lane and east of Stagecoach Road are prone to flooding. There is a culvert that drains this area; however, high-water levels and resulting high groundwater impacts septic systems and low basements.

Corrective Action: The City will continue to provide frequent maintenance, monitor and evaluate short- and long-term solutions for addressing the concern at this location.

Issue 4.2.27: The outlet control structure to the pond east of Whitetail Drive and north of Molina Street is prone to clogging and is a flooding concern (property flooding, no structure flooding).

Corrective Action: The City will continue to provide frequent maintenance, monitor and evaluate short- and long-term solutions for addressing the concern at this location.

Issue 4.2.28: Low water elevations in Dean Lake Wetland were identified as a historical problem.

Corrective Action: In 2006, the City constructed the Dean Lake Wetland outlet structure to maintain the water levels in the wetland and to address the issues associated with the outlet channel erosion. However, the wetland is still susceptible to low water conditions during drought conditions like many other water bodies. No additional corrective actions are needed at this time.

4.3. Flooding and Stormwater Rate Control Concerns Between the City and Adjoining Communities

Issue 4.3.1: The rate and volume of water within the PLOC within the Cities of Prior Lake, Shakopee, and the Shakopee Mdewakanton Sioux Community (SMSC) is an ongoing flooding and erosion concern.

Corrective Action: The PLSLWD, SMSC, and The Cities of Prior Lake and Shakopee have entered into a Memorandum of Agreement (MOA) which addresses allowable discharge rates and funding of repair projects along the PLOC. The MOA is included in Appendix E.

Issue 4.3.2: A concern has been noted regarding the protection of groundwater levels within the Eagle Creek Watershed in order to protect the Boiling Springs and Fen areas. Eagle Creek is a
high value resource identified by the Lower Minnesota River Watershed District. Eagle Creek is primarily located in the City of Savage; however, part of the creek and watershed is in Shakopee.

**Corrective Action:** The City of Shakopee will work with the Lower Minnesota River Watershed District and City of Savage regarding groundwater studies contributing to the Eagle Creek Boiling Springs and Fen areas.

### 4.4. Impacts of Water Quantity or Quality Management Practices on Recreational Opportunities

**Issue 4.4.1:** Maintain and improve the water quality of Lake O’Dowd to sustain recreational opportunities. Lake O’Dowd water quality has been improving for total phosphorus, transparency, and Chlorophyll-a, and has been meeting the lake water quality standards for several years.

**Corrective Action:** The City will continue participation in the CAMP Program to monitor and track trends of water quality in lake O’Dowd. The City will work with Scott WMO regarding water quality issues and participate in the development of TMDL studies as they arise and are identified.

**Issue 4.4.2:** The Minnesota River is impaired for nutrients and turbidity.

**Corrective Action:** The city will participate in the development of TMDL Studies. One completed TMDL study which addresses dissolved oxygen and phosphorus load allocations identified a 30% reduction in non-point source phosphorus loads from permitted Municipal Separate Storm Sewer Systems (MS4) communities. There is a TMDL study for turbidity in development but is not yet completed.

The City will continue to implement Shakopee’s Comprehensive Surface Water Management Plan, meet requirements associated with the City’s MS4 National Pollutant Discharge Elimination System (NPDES) Permit, and implement its SWPPP to address non-point source pollution.

### 4.5. Impacts of Stormwater Quality on Fish and Wildlife Resources

**Issue 4.5.1:** Illicit discharge into the City’s storm sewer system impacts water quality of receiving water bodies and can cause environmental impacts affecting vegetation, fish and other wildlife.

**Corrective Action:** The City has developed an illicit discharge ordinance, trains staff on illicit discharge annually, and sends notifications if illicit discharge is observed. In addition, the City will educate the public as a part of MS4 SWPPP minimum control measures.

**Issue 4.5.2:** Aquatic invasive species (curly leaf pondweed, eurasian watermilfoil, purple loosestrife, carp, zebra mussels, etc) can cause displacement of, or threaten, native species in their natural environment, or threaten the use of natural resources.

**Corrective Action:** The City will work with the watershed districts to address concerns with aquatic invasive species in public waters.

### 4.6. Adequacy of Existing Regulations and Programs to Address Adverse Impacts on Local Water Resources

**Issue 4.6.1:** The City has adopted ordinances related to shoreland and floodplain regulation, stormwater management (including illicit discharge and wetland management), and erosion
Corrective Action: The City will continually evaluate these ordinances and will update them as needed. The City will continue to enforce all ordinances as necessary.

Issue 4.6.2: The City currently has limited funding sources available to complete projects related to water resources.

Corrective Action: Stormwater funds and special assessment funding are not adequate to implement the studies, programs, and capital improvements outlined in this plan. The City must apply for grants to fund the implementation of capital improvements identified in this management plan. The City should evaluate and update annually the adequacy of the stormwater fund and fee, extending project forecast to 15-year capital improvements (versus the current 5-year forecast) to ensure a well-balanced, long-term, sustainable stormwater management program and fund.

Issue 4.6.3: Stormwater ponds exist throughout the City under several different scenarios of property ownership and/or within an easement. In some instances, the ponds are originally located in an outlot that is either owned by a private property owner or dedicated to the city. In an effort to minimize the City becoming property owners of these areas and outlots where a standard drainage and utility easement is adequate, the City will develop a stormwater pond easement versus outlot policy.

Corrective Action: The City will develop a stormwater pond easement versus outlot policy.

4.7. Erosion and Sediment Control

Issue 4.7.1: Runoff from rainfall events can cause soil erosion, particularly from construction sites and carry sediment to waterbodies throughout the City. Sediment deposition may have resulted in reducing the water quality benefit of stormwater ponds or degraded the quality of water in wetlands, lakes, and streams.

Corrective Action: The City will continue to implement and enforce erosion control measures from construction activity as required by the NPDES permit requirements. In addition, the City will continue to inspect waterbodies and evaluate the water quality benefit of stormwater ponds to identify maintenance needs.

Issue 4.7.2: Erosion and stabilization issues along the Minnesota River.

Corrective Action: The City will coordinate with the Lower Minnesota River Watershed District to identify stabilization options and priority areas.

Issue 4.7.3: The catch basins/culverts located near Patterson Drive and Hawthorne Circle experience frequent clogging due to soil erosion and debris from the upstream ravine.

Corrective Action: The City has implemented improvements to address and improve this issue, however debris buildup and clogging is still an issue. The City will continue to monitor and provide maintenance as needed.

Issue 4.7.4: Erosion at the FES and downstream slope/ditch south of the Shakopee High School and north of Creekside Lane West.

Corrective Action: The City has implemented improvements to the ditch to address this
issue, however the City will continue to monitor and provide maintenance as needed.

**Issue 4.7.5:** Debris and sediment that accumulates on City streets washes into storm sewer then into ponds, wetlands and lakes. The debris and sediment can carry nutrients and other pollutants to the environment.

**Corrective Action:** The City will continue to street sweep debris targeting seasonal conditions (spring and fall) that tend to have increased debris buildup. In addition, the City will continue to evaluate the need to street sweep priority areas where there are no permanent water quality BMPs. More information regarding street sweeping activities can be found in the Street Sweeping Policy (Appendix G).

**Issue 4.7.6:** Sediment deposition in storm sewer pipes causes restriction in flow capacity. The city only has a reactive program to address sediment accumulation in storm sewer pipes.

**Corrective Action:** Develop an annual inspection program to identify needed maintenance and program annual funding for cleaning.

### 4.8. Impact on Water Resources from Land Use Practices and Development

**Issue 4.8.1:** The downtown Shakopee area is completely developed with little to no stormwater management.

**Corrective Action:** The City is completing a targeted BMP study to identify project opportunities throughout the downtown Shakopee area. Implement water quality BMPs during redevelopment projects based on stormwater requirements and to the maximum extent feasible.

**Issue 4.8.2:** Public linear transportation projects offer an opportunity to implement stormwater management practices.

**Corrective Action:** The City will develop and redevelop public linear transportation projects to meet applicable stormwater requirements and look for opportunities to implement stormwater management practices to the maximum extend practical.

### 4.9. Education Program

**Issue 4.9.1:** The City of Shakopee recognizes the need for local water education programs to increase public awareness of local water management and improve the quality of stormwater runoff.

**Corrective Action:** The City will continue to implement community education to increase residents’ awareness and reduce violations concerning proper water resource management.

The City will continue to provide education content and opportunities to residents, businesses, developers, and others. These efforts may include regular notices in the City's bi-monthly newsletter, articles in the local paper, postings on the City website, and flyers in the utility bill. The City will coordinate with the watersheds to improve the efficiency of educational efforts and reduce duplication. Educational topics may include but are not limited to:

- Stormwater pond function and maintenance
4.10. Identification of Potential Problems to Occur in the Next 20 Years

Issue 4.10.1: Aging infrastructure and reduced effectiveness of water quality BMPs throughout the City.

Corrective Action: The City will continue to complete inspections of the stormwater infrastructure and evaluate BMP effectiveness as required by the MPCA’s MS4 NPDES Permit. The City of Shakopee is responsible for maintenance of its stormwater system in conformance with the MPCA’s MS4 Program. This includes maintenance of pipes, outlets, constructed ponds, lakes, wetlands, ditches, swales, and other drainage ways. Proper maintenance will ensure that the stormwater system continues to provide the necessary flood control and water quality treatment. Refer to Appendix H for a copy of the City’s SWPPP. Other units of government are responsible for maintaining the stormwater systems under their control.

Issue 4.10.2: There are a lot of private stormwater BMPs that have been required to meet development requirements for rate and water quality purposes. These BMPs may degrade over time and not provide the protection and/or meet the requirements initially designed for.

Corrective Action: An operation and maintenance agreement has been developed that private development property owners need to sign and agree to which ensures that the BMP will be maintained and provide the protection and function that they were designed to meet.

Issue 4.10.3: Presence of polycyclic aromatic hydrocarbons (PAHs) in sediment accumulated in stormwater ponds. PAHs are present primarily from historical use of coal-tar sealants for paved surfaces. The state of Minnesota banned the use of coal-tar sealants in 2014, however, PAHs are still present in accumulated sediment.

Corrective Action: As accumulated sediment is identified to be dredged from stormwater ponds, the City will follow protocol for testing the sediment for PAHs and disposal of dredged material properly.

Issue 4.10.4: Elevated levels of chloride concentrations have been found in stormwater ponds, surface water bodies, and groundwater throughout the Twin Cities Metropolitan Area. At levels exceeding the water quality standards, chloride can be toxic to aquatic life and can make drinking water sources not economically feasible to treat.

Corrective Action: One significant contributor to elevated chloride concentrations in surface water and groundwater is road salt application during the winter. The City will continue to implement chloride best management practices such as reducing salt use on roadways and implement prewetting and anti-icing strategies. The City will also continue to educate private business owners and residents about correct salt application, and improve policies designating salt usage and will coordinate salt applicators’ training with
the watershed agencies.

The LMRWD and other public entities are currently working to create a comprehensive chloride management plan. The City will cooperate with the agencies in the creation of this plan and will consider implementing any action items that are identified.

**Issue 4.10.5:** Complaints from residents within the City exerting increased pressure to improve the quality of water within the City and the appearance of stormwater retention areas.

**Corrective Action:** The City will continue to manage the function of constructed ponds that receive public water for flood protection and water quality purposes. Property owners of the pond area are responsible for noxious weed management, litter control, and nuisance aesthetics (aquatic vegetation, algae, duckweed, etc).

**Issue 4.10.6:** Increased demand for public access and/or trail systems for waterbodies within the City.

**Corrective Action:** The City will continue to work to improve public access and/or trail systems for waterbodies within the city as part of the current Parks and Recreation Master Plan.

### 4.11. Availability and Adequacy of Existing Technical Information to Manage Local Water Resources

**Issue 4.11.1:** Change in precipitation trends used for design of stormwater infrastructure.

**Corrective Action:** Continue to implement stormwater requirements based on the best available precipitation information. The City has adopted Atlas 14 which is the best available precipitation information.

**Issue 4.11.2:** There is a lot of stormwater infrastructure throughout the city. Asset management is completed through a GIS database and the City has mapped the majority of its storm sewer system. As new and redevelopment projects are completed, the storm sewer GIS database needs to continually be updated.

**Corrective Action:** The City will annually update its storm sewer GIS database to incorporate recent projects, BMPs, and associated storm sewer improvements.

**Issue 4.11.3:** There are several governing agencies that overlay the City of Shakopee that influence how water resources are managed in the City. These agencies include two watershed districts, a watershed management organization, the county, the state, and the soil and conservation district. Input is often needed from the City at Technical Advisory Meetings that concern water resources.

**Corrective Action:** City Staff will attend Technical Advisory Meetings when attendance of the City of Shakopee is appropriate.

**Issue 4.11.4:** The city is the LGU for WCA but does not have a certified WCA manager on staff.

**Corrective Action:** Continue to outsource this work on an as-the-need arises basis.
5. GOALS AND POLICIES

5.1. Summary

The City of Shakopee has developed a number of goals and policies that conform to the overall purpose that is specified in Minnesota Statutes Section 103B.201. These goals and policies have been developed to complement watershed, County or State goals and policies. They have also been developed to preserve and use natural water storage and retention systems in order to:

A. Limit public capital expenditures that are necessary to control excessive volumes and rates of runoff.

B. Improve water quality.

C. Prevent flooding and erosion from surface flows.

D. Promote ground water recharge.

E. Protect and enhance fish and wildlife habitat and water recreational facilities.

F. Secure the other benefits associated with the proper management of surface water.

Through the stormwater management planning effort, the City of Shakopee will apply the MPCA NPDES Construction Stormwater Permit requirements, the MPCA “Stormwater Best Management Practices Manual” and the MN Stormwater Manual for the design of new stormwater management systems. All new developments in Shakopee are required to reduce non-point source pollution associated with stormwater runoff. The City of Shakopee has incorporated standards and requirements with the adoption of the Design Criteria. This SWMP also represents the City’s primary action for obtaining the 30% reduction of non-point pollution in the Minnesota River.

The goals and policies that the City has developed address issues related to water quantity, water quality, recreation, fish and wildlife, enhancement of public participation, information and education, erosion and sediment control, groundwater management, wetland management, maintenance and inspections, and financial management. Outlined below are the goals and policies that have been developed for each of the above areas of concern.

5.2. Water Quantity

Goal

Limit public capital expenditures that are necessary to control excessive volumes and rates of runoff.

Policies

1. As is part of any new development activity, adequate runoff rate and volume control measures must be incorporated into the design to ensure that stormwater runoff rates and volumes will be in conformance with the rates outlined in the City’s Design Criteria and in this Plan.

2. Stormwater infrastructure shall be designed using Atlas 14 rainfall data, or most current and best available information.
3. The City will require new development and redevelopment to meet discharge rate requirements as outlined in the City’s Design Criteria.

4. In Jackson Township annexation area, development is required to limit the 2-year, 10-year, and 100-year critical storm events to the pre-settlement rates. This can be accomplished with local or regional detention facilities.

5. The design of all major stormwater storage facilities shall attempt to accommodate the runoff from the 100-year critical event. These facilities include lakes, ponds, and their outlets. The critical event shall be the 100-year 24-hour storm event or the 10-day snowmelt event, whichever requires the largest pond volume and has the highest flood elevation.

6. New storm lateral sewer systems shall be designed to accommodate discharge rates associated with the 10-year storm event.

7. Any new development or redevelopment will maintain a minimum building opening and basement floor elevations consistent with requirements outlined in the City Ordinance Chapter 54: Water Resources Management (Appendix C).

8. The City requires pretreatment of runoff prior to infiltration wherever it is practical and reasonable to do so, provided that past and existing land use practices do not have a significant potential to contaminate the stormwater runoff. Infiltration will be required in all areas with A and B hydrologic soils as feasible. In addition, in areas where enhanced infiltration practices are employed, a minimum of three feet of soil must be present between the pond bottom and bedrock to treat infiltrating storm water.

9. The City encourages the use of Low Impact Development (LID) techniques for new development and redevelopment to reduce water quality and quantity impacts and will investigate allowed/approved methods to be used in the City consistent with the City’s Design Criteria.

10. The City will develop an infiltration monitoring program to monitoring the existing infiltration areas for effectiveness and maintenance needs.

11. Landlocked depressions which presently do not have a defined outlet and do not typically overflow may be allowed a positive outlet provided it is in conformance with this SWMP and the City’s Design Criteria and does not cause downstream flooding, sufficient dead storage is provided to retain back-to-back 100-year, 24-hour rainfalls, will not affect the stability of downstream water resources, and it has been demonstrated that volume control practices alone will not address the problem.

12. Floodplain alterations or filling shall meet the requirements of the City’s floodplain ordinance and the City’s Design Criteria.

13. The City’s Design Criteria, Ordinances, and Minnesota Stormwater Manual will be the guide for design and implementation of stormwater best management practices.
5.3. **Water Quality**

**Goal**

Maintain or improve the quality of water in lakes, streams, or rivers within or immediately downstream of the City of Shakopee.

**Policies**

1. For new development or redevelopment, the City encourages water quality requirements to be met through infiltration to the maximum extent practical.

2. For new development or redevelopment, storm water quality treatment is required to meet the MPCA NPDES Construction Stormwater Permit and the City’s Design Criteria.

3. The City will accept other storm water quality treatment methods on a case-by-case basis if they meet or exceed the removal efficiencies provided by a BMP meeting the requirements of the MPCA NPDES Construction Stormwater Permit and the City’s Design Criteria.

4. The City will actively participate in the development of Total Maximum Daily Load (TMDL) studies for O’Dowd Lake, the Minnesota River, Eagle Creek, the Prior Lake Outlet Channel and Pike Lake, which the City drains to.

5. The City will reduce its non-point source phosphorus loading to the Minnesota River by a minimum of 30% through the implementation of this Plan as required by the Minnesota River Dissolved Oxygen TMDL Study.

6. The City will annually review and update its Storm Water Pollution Prevention Plan (SWPPP). The City incorporates its SWPPP into this Water Resource Management Plan by reference. The SWPPP can be viewed on the City of Shakopee’s website.

7. The City developed an NPDES Nondegradation Plan in 2007. The Nondegradation Plan will be used as a reference for approved TMDLs regarding any loading assessments. The Nondegradation Plan is included as Appendix F.

8. The City has adopted the following water resource classifications for water quality as follows:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Water Body</th>
<th>Water Quality Classification*</th>
<th>Goals</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Eagle Creek</td>
<td>Level I</td>
<td>Preserve existing human use of the water body such as fishing or swimming</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Dean Lake Wetland</td>
<td>Level III</td>
<td>Preserve existing human use of the water body such as fishing and to not degrade from current conditions.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Minnesota River</td>
<td>Level II/III</td>
<td>Achieve 30% reduction in non-source pollution</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Blue Lake</td>
<td>Level IV</td>
<td>Enhance natural plant and animal communities as well as passive water recreation such as hiking, wildlife observation, and fishing</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Fisher Lake</td>
<td>Level IV</td>
<td>Enhance natural plant and animal communities as well as passive water recreation such as hiking, wildlife observation, and fishing</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>O’Dowd</td>
<td>Level I</td>
<td>Preserve existing human use of the water body such as fishing to not degrade from current conditions.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Water resource level classifications source: 2012 EPA Recreational Classifications
Level I: Level I water bodies fully support all water-based recreational activities including swimming, scuba diving, and
snorkeling.

Level II: Level II water bodies are appropriate for all recreational uses except full body contact activities. Recreational activities for these water bodies include boating, water skiing, etc.

Level III: Level III water bodies will support fishing (in lakes capable of supporting a fishery), aesthetic viewing activities, and observing wildlife.

Level IV: Level IV water resources are wetlands and may be suitable for aesthetic viewing activities, observing wildlife, and other appropriate public uses.

Level V: Level V water bodies are generally intended for runoff management (i.e. storm water detention) and have no significant recreational use values.

9. The City will investigate opportunities to retrofit the downtown area to provide additional water quality treatment in this fully developed area. The City will partner with the LMRWD and the state through the watershed-based funding grant program.

10. The City of Shakopee will sweep the streets at least two times annually. Refer to Appendix G for a detailed description of the Shakopee Street Sweeping Program.

11. The City will work with Scott County to develop a program to ensure that solid or liquid waste is disposed of properly. This program will include providing information to homeowners on proper disposal and/or use of yard waste in an environmentally responsible manner. It will also educate its residents on the proper disposal of household hazardous waste including waste oil, paints, and solvents. The City will work with Scott County toward securing locations within the City limits where household hazardous waste may be dropped off.

12. The City will discourage use of fertilizers and pesticides in shoreland protection zones to minimize pollutant runoff to public waters.

13. The City will work with the County to develop a sanitary sewer plan to address the issues concerning individual sewage treatment systems consistent with State standards.

14. The City will continue to implement its retention/treatment basin clean out and maintenance plan that will address maintenance to the extent feasible and practical. The City will utilize the Stormwater Asset Management Program (SWAMP) to prioritize clean out schedules. The goal of this program will be to assure that the City’s retention and treatment basins will have the capability to retain and treat stormwater in future years.

15. The City prefers the use of regional treatment facilities and will facilitate these methods where feasible and appropriate.

16. The City does not use sand to improve vehicle traction in the winter. The City uses salt between 10 and 32 degrees Fahrenheit and uses treated salt when the temperature is below 10 degrees Fahrenheit. The City only treats intersections, hills, and curves. The application rate typically averages 267 pounds of salt per lane mile. The City does not currently have the technology that records road and air temperature to automatically adjust the spreading ratio so they use as little as they can while still being effective.
5.4. Recreation, Fish, and Wildlife

**Goal**

Protect and enhance recreational facilities and fish and wildlife habitat.

**Policies**

1. The City of Shakopee will work with and support to the maximum extent practical the efforts of Minnesota Department of Natural Resources, the Corps of Engineers, the United States Environmental Protection Agency, the U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service, and other appropriate agencies in promoting public enjoyment and protecting fish, wildlife, and recreational resource values in the watershed.

2. The City will partner with the Scott WMO to undertake aquatic plant surveys on O’Dowd Lake.

3. The City will encourage land owners to maintain wetlands and open space areas for the benefit of wildlife.

4. The City will encourage the expansion of DNR fish stocking programs in appropriate lakes and streams of the City.

5. The City will preserve unique features and aesthetics such as those identified in Section III to the greatest extent feasible.

6. The City’s Greenway Location Map (Figure 15) shall be taken into account if areas within the corridor are proposed to be developed.

7. Development shall be required to adhere to the City’s Shoreland and Tree Preservation Ordinances.

8. The City will remove impediments to the storm water management system as needed. These impediments could include beaver lodges, downed trees, and/or unauthorized man-made structures.

5.5. Enhancement of Public Participation Information and Education

**Goal**

Educate and inform the public on pertinent water resource management issues and increase public participation in water management activities.

**Policies**

1. Through the City’s MS4 NPDES permit, the City has implemented a public education plan that provides information on pertinent water management issues. This includes annual meetings, information in newsletters, and information on the City’s website. The City’s SWPPP and NPDES permit are incorporated by reference and can be viewed on the City of Shakopee’s website.

2. The City will work with the Watershed Districts in public education efforts. This will include utilizing educational resources developed by the WMOs and WDs to assist in the City’s public education program.
3. Through the City’s public education effort, information about maintaining wetland buffers will be targeted at homeowners.

4. Promote increased public involvement through volunteering with groups such as CAMP (Citizen Assisted Monitoring Program) and CSMP (Citizen Stream Monitoring Program).

### 5.6. Erosion and Sediment Control

**Goal**

Prevent erosion and sedimentation to the maximum reasonable extent.

**Policies**

1. Erosion and sedimentation control plans and SWPPP’s for projects that disturb one acre or more of land shall be reviewed and enforced by the City for all new developments. These plans shall conform to the requirements of the Scott WMO, PLSLWD or LMRWD (depending on location) and the NPDES Construction Stormwater Permit.

2. The City will conduct erosion inspections for areas in the City not currently under construction but are susceptible to erosion (i.e. bluff areas).

3. The City will sweep the streets at least two times annually. Refer to Appendix G for a detailed description of the Shakopee Street Sweeping Program.

4. The City will prohibit work in areas having steep slopes (>12%) and high erosion potential where the impacts of significant erosion cannot be protected against or mitigated in accordance with the City’s ordinances.

5. The City requires a 30-foot structure setback and a 50-foot storm water pond/infiltration area setback from the top of a bluff.

6. The City will actively administer a program for controlling sediment erosion from single family home construction sites.

7. The City will adhere to the requirements of its NPDES SWPPP. The City’s SWPPP is available upon request from the City’s Engineering Department.

8. The City will identify, rank, and map disturbed shoreland areas.

### 5.7. Groundwater

**Goal**

Protect the quality and supply of groundwater resources

**Policies**

1. Promote and coordinate with other agencies the continuation of existing groundwater monitoring, inventoring or permitting programs.

2. Encourage the development of spill prevention, control, and counter measure plans that are consistent with State and/or Federal regulations.
3. The City will work with the Shakopee Public Utilities Commission (SPUC) to implement a Wellhead Protection Plan to the extent necessary.

4. Encourage preservation of wetlands, ponds, and parks areas to encourage infiltration of precipitation in areas where land use is not anticipated to adversely affect groundwater or surface water runoff.

5. Support efforts to gather further information on the hydrogeology of the region. When such information becomes available, including information on the location of groundwater recharge areas and surface water and groundwater interactions, the City will take into consideration these areas for the purpose of maintaining their recharge capabilities in protecting groundwater quality. Actionable activities will be developed at that time.

6. Cooperate with Scott County Environmental Health Department to ensure that all unsealed or improperly abandoned wells within the watershed are properly sealed. Technical requirements for the abandonment of these wells will be in conformance with the Minnesota Department of Health Water Well Code.

7. The City will work with the watershed agencies and other state and local entities to promote the protection of groundwater resources.

5.8. Wetlands

**Goal**

Protect wetlands in conformance with the requirements of the Wetland Conservation Act of 1991.

**Policies**

1. The City of Shakopee will accept the Local Governmental Unit (LGU) responsibility for wetland management and manage these wetlands in conformance with the Wetland Conservation Act (Minnesota Rules Chapter 8420). The City will maintain any wetland information obtained as the LGU. Information regarding the City’s permitting process is included in Appendix I.

2. Prior to any site development activities, the City will require a site inspection from trained wetland delineation professional to identify the location and extent of any wetlands present.

3. Any review of a proposed wetland encroachment will initially address the issue of avoidance. It will be the city's policy that prior to allowing any wetland encroachment; all reasonable attempts to avoid such alteration must be demonstrated. This avoidance review must also consider the reasonableness of the no build alternative.

4. As part of new development or redevelopment of a site that contains wetlands, a MnRAM 3.0 functional assessment, or more recent version, will be required to be submitted by the project proposer and reviewed by the City.

5. Based on the results of the MnRAM 3.0 assessment (or more recent version of MnRAM) wetlands will be classified as outlined in this policy. The average buffer width and minimum buffer width requirements shall be based on the wetland classification as outlined in the City Ordinance Chapter 54: Water Resources Management (Appendix C).

6. Wetland buffers shall be dedicated in outlots or conservation easement. Monumentation will be required as outlined in the City Ordinance Chapter 54: Water Resources Management.
7. Setbacks from the wetland buffers will be required for all new development and redevelopment to provide useable yard space and reduce the chances of buffer encroachment. Setbacks will be required as outlined in the City Ordinance Chapter 54: Water Resources Management.

8. The City’s ordinances will be updated to incorporate the policies outlined in this Plan.

5.9. Maintenance and Inspection

Goal
Continue an active storm sewer system maintenance and inspection program.

Policies
1. Continue to implement an annual inspection and maintenance program as required by the city’s NPDES MS4 permit. The City will utilize SWAMP for prioritization of inspection and maintenance of BMPs.

2. Require and enforce adequate access to ponding facilities including outlots and easements. A copy of the City’s Utility Facilities Easement Agreement is included in Appendix J.

5.10. Financial Management

Goal
Use available funding mechanisms to construct and maintain a sustainable stormwater management system.

Policies
1. The City will utilize various funding sources including, but not limited to area charges, stormwater utility and grants to accomplish improvements listed in this surface water management plan and other surface water documents including required TMDLs.

2. The City will pursue grants, donations, and in-kind contributions to help fund stormwater projects.

3. The City will encourage the watershed districts to finance intercommunity and regional issues and projects.
6. IMPLEMENTATION PROGRAM

6.1. Overview

Shakopee has developed its implementation program to address issues identified earlier in this LSWMP. This program reflects the needs and concerns of many stakeholders including the City Council, City staff, citizens, and watershed districts. The program also considers Shakopee’s ability to fund these items through its stormwater utility fund. The implementation program consists of the following components:

- Capital Improvement Projects (CIP)
- Operation and Maintenance
- Official Controls
- Monitor and Study

Capital Improvements consist of “on-the-ground” projects intended to remedy issues identified as current problems. The capital projects focus on phosphorus, TSS, and E. coli reduction within the TMDL subwatersheds and areas identified in the City’s Nondegradation Report. Projects within the TMDL subwatersheds are the highest priority for the City. Flood protection is also a high priority for CIPs.

Operation and Maintenance items consist primarily of the general maintenance of Shakopee’s drainage system including ponds, storm sewer, and culverts. Operation and maintenance also includes activities related to NPDES MS4 Permit compliance such as annual meetings, SWPPP updates, and SWPPP implementation.

Official Controls include ordinance and policy revisions intended to achieve water quality benefits. Each proposed implementation item has a specific driver, which are identified in Table 6.1. The overarching goal of Shakopee’s implementation program is to improve the quality of its surface waters, improve its surface water discharge, and achieve sustainable site development practices. Over time, codes must be updated to remain consistent with goals, policies, and practices. City ordinances are revised as needed to stay current with the MS4 permit requirements and revisions to the two watershed district rules.

Monitor and Study items consist primarily of projects designed to collect water resource data such as water quality monitoring projects, and projects to evaluate cost benefits for various stormwater treatments or planning opportunities. These types of projects also include relevant partnerships and collaborations with the City, specifically in terms of groundwater/surface water protection and recharge.

6.2. 15-Year Implementation Plan Priorities

Table 6.1 presents Shakopee’s Implementation Program. More importantly, the Implementation Program aligns with the City’s goals and policies presented in this LSWMP. Table 6.1 presents implementation items in each of the four functional areas of CIP, Operation and Maintenance, Official Controls and Monitor and Study. The implementation program incorporates Shakopee’s SWPPP through direct reference of items that have a financial impact. The City will review and update the Implementation Program on a regular basis. The City’s CIP is reevaluated yearly and the table will be updated to reflect CIP changes, which does not require an amendment to this LSWMP.
The City of Shakopee maintains a Stormwater Utility Fund to fund its stormwater management program. The City determines a parcel’s stormwater utility charge by multiplying the Residential Equivalence Factor (REF) for the parcel’s land use by the size of the property. This REF is based on the amount of impervious surface and whether flood control ponds and water quality practices are located onsite. This fee is applied to all properties within the City.

In 2014, the City completed a study to analyze the existing stormwater utility fee to determine if the current revenue generated was adequate to address stormwater management activities within the City, specifically to meet water quality requirements and permit compliance. The City revised the existing fee at that time to the current REF value of $7.80 per acre to be paid monthly.

Additional stormwater management fees are listed below. Stormwater management fees are reviewed and updated annually. The current summary of fees can be found on the City’s website.

- **Street and Utility Fee** – Lump sum of 7.5% of construction costs; includes storm sewer.
- **Stormwater Management Plan Review Fee** – Cost for developer submitted stormwater reviews.
- **Trunk Stormwater Charge** – Calculated for new development at $0.139 per developable square footage.
- **Trunk Stormwater Storage and Treatment Charge** – Charged to all developments utilizing regional storm ponding systems. Calculated based on the following density of development:
  - Three or less lots per acre: $0.069 per developable square footage
  - More than three lots per acre: $0.138 per developable square footage
  - Commercial or industrial developments: $0.231 per developable square footage
- **Regional Infiltration Pond Charge** – Charged to all developments utilizing regional infiltration pond systems at $1,383 per new impervious acre.

The City will use funds generated from its Stormwater Utility Fund as the primary funding mechanism for its implementation program including maintenance, repairs, capital projects, and studies. If funds from this fee do not cover necessary costs, the City will consider adjusting the Stormwater Utility Fee to cover the costs associated with the implementation program. The City will continue to review the fee annually and adjust based on the stormwater related needs of the City and other available funding mechanisms. The City will also take advantage of grant or loan programs to offset project costs where appropriate and cost-effective. Below is a list of various sources of revenue that the City will attempt to use:

- Grant monies possibly secured from various agencies. This could include the LMRWD, PLSLWD, Scott WMO, Scott County, MnDOT, MPCA, DNR, Legislative-Citizen Commission on Minnesota Resources, Met Council, BWSR, and others.
- Special assessments for local improvements performed under authority of Minnesota Statutes Chapter 429.
- Revenue generated by Watershed Management Special Tax Districts provided for under Minnesota Statutes Chapter 473.882.
- Project funds could be obtained from watershed district levies as provided for in Minnesota Statutes Chapter 103D.905 for those projects being completed by or in
cooperation with LMRWD and PLSLWD.

- Cost share and/or incentive funds from Scott WMO, PLSLWD, or LMRWD.
- Other sources potentially including tax increment financing, tax abatement, state aid, and others.
# SECTION VI

## TABLE 6.1

### SURFACE WATER MANAGEMENT IMPLEMENTATION PLAN

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>No.</th>
<th>Project Description</th>
<th>Possible Funding Sources</th>
<th>Comments</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1</td>
<td>Annual Erosion Control and Pond Cleaning - Erosion control and pond cleanout projects are to prevent water quality impacts, and to restore water quality benefits of ponds.</td>
<td>$2,250,000</td>
<td>$150,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2</td>
<td>Reroute Stormwater to Protect Historic Sites - Stormwater flow through a historical and archaeological sensitive area is causing degradation. This project is to reroute stormwater to an area that will not result in further degradation of the historical and archeological sensitive area.</td>
<td>$900,000</td>
<td>$900,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3</td>
<td>West End Regional Pond and Trunk Oversizing - It is important to control rates to manage the stormwater system and protect/reduce the potential for flooding in the downstream stormwater system. It may also provide water quality benefit by reducing sediment and phosphorus to help meet water quality goals and NPDES MS4 requirements.</td>
<td>$750,000</td>
<td>$750,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4</td>
<td>Valley View Drainage - There is a large drainage area that is concentrated to a drainage path that flows over a sidewalk and onto the adjacent street. There is a safety concern during the winter when ice builds up in this area and on the sidewalk.</td>
<td>$58,000</td>
<td>$58,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5</td>
<td>Blue Lake Channel (East) Regional Storm Pond - It is important to control rates to manage the stormwater system and protect/reduce the potential for flooding in the downstream Prior Lake Outlet Channel. If there is infiltration, the project may reduce share outlined in the Prior Lake Outlet Channel Agreement. This project can provide water quality benefits by reducing sediment and phosphorus to help meet water quality goals and NPDES MS4 requirements.</td>
<td>$750,000</td>
<td>$750,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>6</td>
<td>NE Shakopee Storm Water BMP Retrofit - This project will provide water quality benefits by reducing sediment and phosphorus to help meet water quality goals and NPDES MS4 requirements.</td>
<td>$2,000,000</td>
<td>$2,000,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>7</td>
<td>Stormwater Quality Retrofit BMPs - Future stormwater quality improvement projects.</td>
<td>$2,500,000</td>
<td>$250,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>No.</td>
<td>Project Description</td>
<td>15 Year Total Cost Estimate</td>
<td>Possible Funding Sources</td>
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<tr>
<td>-----</td>
<td>-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------</td>
<td>-----------------------------</td>
<td>--------------------------</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>8</td>
<td>Stormwater Flood Mitigation Projects - Future projects to address/mitigate flood</td>
<td>$2,500,000</td>
<td></td>
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<tr>
<td></td>
<td>concern/related projects.</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>9</td>
<td>Blue Lake Channel (West) Regional Storm Pond - It is important to control rates to</td>
<td>$750,000</td>
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<tr>
<td></td>
<td>manage the stormwater system and protect/reduce the potential for flooding in the</td>
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<td></td>
<td>downstream stormwater system. It may also provide water quality benefit by reducing</td>
<td></td>
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<tr>
<td></td>
<td>sediment and phosphorus to help meet water quality goals and NPDES MS4 requirements.</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>10</td>
<td>Ridge Creek Park and Prior Lake Outlet Channel Improvements - The channel</td>
<td>$1,200,000</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>improvements include realignment of the Prior Lake Outlet Channel to better handle</td>
<td></td>
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<tr>
<td></td>
<td>increased run-off due to development, incorporating water quality BMPs to reduce</td>
<td></td>
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<tr>
<td></td>
<td>sediment and phosphorus, and wetland enhancement.</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
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<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Subtotal Capital Improvement Projects (CIP)</td>
<td>$13,658,000</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### Operation and Maintenance

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>No.</th>
<th>Project Description</th>
<th>15 Year Total Cost Estimate</th>
<th>Possible Funding Sources</th>
<th>Comments</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>11</td>
<td>Miscellaneous annual repairs to storm sewer infrastructure</td>
<td>$750,000</td>
<td></td>
<td>$750,000 $750,000 $750,000 $750,000 $750,000 $3,000,000 $3,000,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>12</td>
<td>Easement acquisitions to create access to stormwater BMPs and address flooding/</td>
<td>$50,000</td>
<td></td>
<td>$10,000 $10,000 $10,000 $10,000 $10,000 $40,000 $40,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>storage issues that are not CIP Related</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>13</td>
<td>Street Sweeping - Sweep City maintained streets and Parking Lots</td>
<td>$982,500</td>
<td></td>
<td>$65,500 $65,500 $65,500 $65,500 $65,500 $262,500 $262,500</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>14</td>
<td>Storm Sewer Inspection Program - Conduct one inspection of all City-owned ponds and</td>
<td>$75,000</td>
<td></td>
<td>$5,000 $5,000 $5,000 $5,000 $5,000 $25,000 $25,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>outfalls prior to expiration date of the MS4 NPDES Permit. Annually inspect 100% of</td>
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<td></td>
<td>structural BMPs.</td>
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<tr>
<td>15</td>
<td>Road Salt (Chloride) Application Review - The City will record the annual activities</td>
<td>$150,000</td>
<td></td>
<td>$10,000 $10,000 $10,000 $10,000 $10,000 $40,000 $40,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>of the salt distribution program and adjust current practices as necessary.</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>16</td>
<td>Stormwater Training Program - Staff trainings to discuss the following topics:</td>
<td>$37,500</td>
<td></td>
<td>$2,500 $2,500 $2,500 $2,500 $2,500 $12,500 $12,500</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>parking lot and street cleaning, storm drain systems cleaning, road salt materials</td>
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<tr>
<td></td>
<td>management, fleet and building maintenance, park and open spaces and other</td>
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<tr>
<td></td>
<td>stormwater related topics. Includes MN Fall Maintenance Expo, MPWA Fall</td>
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<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Conference, Water Resources Conference, and miscellaneous safety trainings.</td>
<td></td>
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<tr>
<td>17</td>
<td>Education Program: The City will collaborate with other agencies to raise awareness</td>
<td>$22,500</td>
<td></td>
<td>$1,500 $1,500 $1,500 $1,500 $1,500 $7,500 $7,500</td>
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<tr>
<td></td>
<td>by providing information on stormwater pollution prevention, effects of illicit</td>
<td></td>
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<tr>
<td></td>
<td>discharges, best management practices, stormwater pond maintenance, pet waste</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>management and outside entity resources available to City residents and business</td>
<td></td>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>owners.</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
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<tr>
<td>18</td>
<td>Storm Sewer System Mapping - Annually update storm sewer maps for new development</td>
<td>$75,000</td>
<td></td>
<td>$5,000 $5,000 $5,000 $5,000 $5,000 $25,000 $25,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>including new outfalls, storm sewer, and BMPs.</td>
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</tr>
</tbody>
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## SECTION VI

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>No.</th>
<th>Project Description</th>
<th>15 Year Total Cost Estimate</th>
<th>Funding Sources</th>
<th>Possible Subtotal</th>
<th>Subtotal Official Controls</th>
<th>Comments</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>19</td>
<td>Illicit Discharge Inspections - Using the areas that the City identified as high-priority outfalls and areas around high-risk establishments, the City will integrate those sites into its annual MS4 inspection activities. As needed, City staff will utilise a section of the sewer system, collect grab samples or perform other effective testing procedures to find illicit connection identified in the system.</td>
<td>$37,500</td>
<td>Surface Water Fund</td>
<td>$2,500 $2,500 $2,500 $2,500 $2,500 $2,500 $2,500 $2,500 $2,500 $2,500</td>
<td>$12,500</td>
<td>Addresses Issue 4.6.1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>20</td>
<td>Regular Flood Monitoring - The City will continually monitor known issue areas related to flooding and evaluate need for improvements.</td>
<td>$37,500</td>
<td>Surface Water Fund</td>
<td>$2,500 $2,500 $2,500 $2,500 $2,500 $2,500 $2,500 $2,500</td>
<td>$12,500</td>
<td>Addresses Issue 4.2.8, Issue 4.2.9, Issue 4.10, Issue 4.2.11, Issue 4.2.18, Issue 4.2.19, Issue 4.2.20, Issue 4.2.21, Issue 4.2.22, Issue 4.2.23, Issue 4.2.24, Issue 4.2.25, Issue 4.2.26, Issue 4.2.27, Issue 4.2.28, Issue 4.2.29, Issue 4.2.30, Issue 4.2.31, Issue 4.2.32, Issue 4.2.33, Issue 4.2.34, Issue 4.2.35</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>21</td>
<td>Routine Ditch Maintenance - The City will continually perform ditch maintenance to prevent blockage through the main flow areas.</td>
<td>$45,000</td>
<td>Surface Water Fund</td>
<td>$5,000 $5,000 $5,000 $5,000</td>
<td>$15,000</td>
<td>Addresses Issue 4.2.17, Issue 4.2.8, Issue 4.10.1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>22</td>
<td>Storm Sewer Pipe Inspection and Cleaning</td>
<td>$300,000</td>
<td>Surface Water Fund</td>
<td>$25,000 $25,000 $25,000 $25,000 $25,000</td>
<td>$125,000</td>
<td>Addresses Issue 4.7.6</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>23</td>
<td>Stormwater Management Asset Program (SWAMP) - The City will implement this program to monitor BMP performance and water quality, prioritize inspection and maintenance activities, track TSS and TP load reductions, and schedule and record MS4 inspections.</td>
<td>$112,500</td>
<td>Surface Water Fund</td>
<td>$7,500 $7,500 $7,500 $7,500 $7,500</td>
<td>$37,500</td>
<td>Addresses Issue 4.10.3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>24</td>
<td>Pond Surveys - The City will annually complete pond surveys to schedule and prioritize the necessary maintenance projects. This effort will be assisted by the SWAMP application.</td>
<td>$150,000</td>
<td>Surface Water Fund</td>
<td>$10,000 $10,000 $10,000 $10,000</td>
<td>$50,000</td>
<td>Addresses Issue 4.10.3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>25</td>
<td>Prior Lake Outlet Channel (PLOC) Improvements - Maintenance and improvements to the PLOC. There is a Memorandum of Agreement between the City of Shakopee, City of Prior Lake, Shakopee Mdewakanton Sioux Community, and Prior Lake-Spring Lake Watershed District that requires the Cooperators to maintain the channel and crossings.</td>
<td>$400,000</td>
<td>Surface Water Fund</td>
<td>$60,000 $30,000 $45,000</td>
<td>$100,000</td>
<td>Addresses Issue 4.2.1, Issue 4.3.1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>26</td>
<td>Administration fees associated with the Prior Lake Outlet Channel and Shakopee Public Utilities Commission</td>
<td>$1,200,000</td>
<td>Surface Water Fund</td>
<td>$80,000 $80,000 $80,000</td>
<td>$400,000</td>
<td>Addresses Issue 4.2.1</td>
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### Official Controls

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
<th>15 Year Total Cost Estimate</th>
<th>Funding Sources</th>
<th>Possible Subtotal</th>
<th>Comments</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>27</td>
<td>Ordinance updates - The City will continually evaluate their adopted ordinances related to floodplain regulation, illicit discharge, surface water management, wetland management, and erosion control. Any necessary revisions will be made as regulations change.</td>
<td>$21,000</td>
<td>Surface Water Fund</td>
<td>$5,000 $3,000 $1,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>28</td>
<td>Private BMP Operation and Maintenance Agreement - The City will continue to enforce private BMP operation and maintenance agreements.</td>
<td>$15,000</td>
<td>Surface Water Fund</td>
<td>$1,000 $1,000 $1,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>29</td>
<td>Wellhead Protection Standards - The City will work with Shakopee Public Utilities Commission regarding wellhead protection standards and plans to remain consistent with local and regional updates.</td>
<td>$15,000</td>
<td>Surface Water Fund</td>
<td>$1,000 $1,000 $1,000</td>
</tr>
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</table>

### Subtotal Official Controls

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<tr>
<th></th>
<th>15 Year Total Cost Estimate</th>
<th>Funding Sources</th>
<th>Possible Subtotal</th>
<th>Comments</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>$51,000</td>
<td>$7,000 $5,000 $3,000</td>
<td>$3,000</td>
<td>$15,000</td>
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</table>
## SECTION VI

### Monitor and Study

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>No.</th>
<th>Project Description</th>
<th>15 Year Total Cost Estimate (^1)</th>
<th>Possible Funding Sources (^2)</th>
<th>Comments</th>
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</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>30</td>
<td>Regional BMP Study (West End Pond, Blue Lake Channel (east) and Blue Lake Channel (West))</td>
<td>$33,000</td>
<td>Surface Water Fund, Scott WMO, Grants</td>
<td>$33,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>31</td>
<td>Downtown Shakopee BMP Study</td>
<td>$27,500</td>
<td>Surface Water Fund, LMRWD, Grants</td>
<td>$27,500</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>32</td>
<td>Water Quality Monitoring - CAMP Program and possibly expanding as water quality information is needed.</td>
<td>$75,000</td>
<td>Surface Water Fund</td>
<td>$5,000 $5,000 $5,000 $5,000 $5,000 $5,000 $5,000 $5,000 $25,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>33</td>
<td>Water Resources Studies - Future studies to review BMP opportunities in or to evaluate and understand surface water or groundwater systems.</td>
<td>$210,000</td>
<td>Surface Water Fund, LMRWD, PLSLWD, Scott WMO</td>
<td>$30,000 $30,000 $30,000 $30,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>34</td>
<td>Dean Wetland Water Quality Studies - Assist the LMRWD on studies related to water quality and overall health of Dean Wetland.</td>
<td>$16,000</td>
<td>Surface Water Fund, LMRWD, Grants</td>
<td>$8,000 $8,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>35</td>
<td>Quarry Lake Study - work with the watershed district to complete a study to evaluate the need for an outlet to Quarry Lake and shoreline erosion.</td>
<td>$20,000</td>
<td>Surface Water Fund, LMRWD, Grants</td>
<td>$20,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>36</td>
<td>Upper Valley Drainage Ditch Study - work with the watershed district to complete a study to evaluate capacity and water quality at this regional facility.</td>
<td>$25,000</td>
<td>Surface Water Fund, LMRWD, Grants</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>37</td>
<td>O'Dowd Lake Outlet Study - partner with Scott County and Louisville Township to complete a study regarding the need for a publicly managed outlet from the lake.</td>
<td>$20,000</td>
<td>Surface Water Fund, Scott County, Louisville Township, Grants</td>
<td>$20,000</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Subtotal Monitor and Study:** $361,500 $65,500 $25,000 $35,000 $13,000 $55,000 $5,000 $35,000 $13,000 $60,000 $5,000 $115,000

### Totals

- **Total Capital Improvement Projects (CIP):** $13,658,000 $2,250,000 $958,000 $900,000 $2,150,000 $900,000 $650,000 $650,000 $650,000 $650,000 $650,000 $3,250,000
- **Total Operating Budget:** $4,837,500 $319,500 $357,000 $350,000 $328,000 $395,000 $285,000 $360,000 $283,000 $395,000 $280,000 $1,550,000

**TOTAL:** $18,495,500 $2,569,500 $1,315,000 $1,250,000 $2,478,000 $1,295,000 $935,000 $1,010,000 $933,000 $1,045,000 $930,000 $4,800,000

\(^1\) Cost estimates are preliminary and subject to review and revision as engineer’s reports are completed and more information becomes available. Table reflects 2018 costs and does not account for inflation. Costs generally include labor, equipment, materials, and all other costs necessary to complete each activity. Some of the costs outlined above may be included in other operational costs budgeted by the City.

\(^2\) Funding for stormwater program activities projected to come from following sources - Surface Water Management Fund, Developers Agreements, Grant Funds, General Operating Fund, or Special Assessments.

\(^3\) Staff time is not included in the cost shown.
7. **ADMINISTRATION**

7.1. **Review and Adoption Process**

Review and adoption of this Surface Water Management Plan will follow the procedure outlined in Minnesota Statutes 103B.235:

After consideration, but before adoption by the governing body, each local government unit shall submit its water management plan to the watershed management organization[s] for review for consistency with the watershed plan. The organization[s] shall have 60 days to complete its review.

Concurrently with its submission of its local water management plan to the watershed management organization, each local government unit shall submit its water management plan to the Metropolitan Council for review and comment. The council shall have 45 days to review and comment upon the local plan. The council’s 45-day review period shall run concurrently with the 60-day review period by the watershed management organization. The Metropolitan Council shall submit its comments to the watershed management organization and shall send a copy of its comments to the local government unit.

After approval of the local plan by the watershed management organization[s], the local government unit shall adopt and implement its plan within 120 days, and shall amend its official controls accordingly within 180 days.

7.2. **Plan Amendments and Future Updates**

This Local Surface Water Management Plan will be incorporated into the City's 2040 Comprehensive Plan currently being updated and planned for approval in 2019. The Plan is intended to be in effect for 10 years, at which time an updated plan will be required. Following review by the watershed organizations and the formal adoption process outlined above, the Shakopee LSWMP will be current.

The City of Shakopee may revise/amend the plan in response to City-identified needs. Minor changes to the plan shall be defined as changes that do not modify the goals, policies, or commitments expressly defined in this plan by the City. Adjustment to subwatershed boundaries will be considered minor changes provided that the change will have no significant impact on the rate or quality in which stormwater runoff is discharged from the City boundaries. Updating the Implementation Table in Section 6 will also be considered a minor change as the City consistently identifies and completes scheduled projects. The City will send a revised list of projects to the watersheds as completed. Minor changes to this plan can be made by the staff at the City of Shakopee without outside review. It is the intention of the City of Shakopee that this plan be updated by the year 2027 unless significant changes to the plan are deemed necessary prior to that date.
MEMORANDUM

TO: PLSLWD BOARD OF MANAGERS
FROM: DIANE LYNCH
SUBJECT: LE SUEUR COUNTY’S REQUEST RE. 1W1P PARTICIPATION
DATE: APRIL 9, 2020

BACKGROUND

One Watershed, One Plan (1W1P) is a program sponsored by the MN Board of Water and Soil Resources (BWSR) that supports partnerships of local governments in developing prioritized, targeted and measurable implementation plans. It is designed to foster collaboration between upstream and downstream neighbors to work where it is most important in the watershed, not limited to county or other jurisdictional boundaries. Soil and water conservation districts, counties and watershed districts are required to participate, unless they are in the seven-county metropolitan area.

Developing a 1W1P plan involves an advisory committee (state agencies and other interested or affected parties) and a policy committee (which makes final decisions on the plan). A steering committee may facilitate the process. This process can take up to three years. BWSR has planning grants available to pay up to 50% of the cost of the planning process. For this next round, planning grant proposals are due June 12, 2020 and the plans must be completed by June 30, 2023.

In 2018 in the Metro, our District was involved in a pilot 1W1P program called Watershed-Based Funding Program with other Scott County entities. As a result of this pilot project, $749,200 was distributed for approved projects and programs. The District received $185,000 for Carp Management; Spring Lake West Subwatershed and Lower Prior Lake Subwatersheds 6 & 36 Retrofit Feasibility Study and Farmer-led Council.

After the 2018 pilot project, local agencies disagreed over the efficacy of the pilot program. As a result, BWSR partnered with the Metropolitan Council to perform a stakeholder engagement process to gather input about a future Watershed Based Funding Program for the Metro. As a result of that process, areas have been redrawn and the District is now part of a planning area for funding in 2020-21 called “Lower Minnesota South,” which includes Scott County and a small portion of Dakota County. The allocation is for $829,075. The planning process to allocate those funds has not begun yet.

On February 28, 2020, the District was invited to attend a 1W1P Plan exploration process initiated by LeSueur County and the LeSueur SWCD. They want to begin the 1W1P process for the Lower Minnesota River and in order to apply for the 1W1P
planning grant funds, all the LGUs within the planning area need to discuss their level of interest in being involved. At the meeting, it was agreed that each LGU would go back to their boards and see what their thoughts are about participating.

Four boundary options were reviewed for Planning Area 56, which includes portions of Le Sueur, Carver, Hennepin, and Dakota Counties. Lower Minnesota has another Planning Area 55 which now includes the Sibley County line.

REQUESTED BOARD ACTION

On March 4, Le Sueur County asked all the participants to the meeting to let them know of each LGU’s level of interest.

The benefit is primarily for Le Sueur County which will not need to put together a local water management plan if a 1W1P is completed. The 1W1P would incorporate projects identified within the selected boundaries of Planning Area 56.

Staff recommends that the Board advise Le Sueur County that it chose not to be part of the 1W1P process because:

- The District is completing an extensive two-year effort to complete its 2020 Plan
- The District is required participate in the Watershed Based Funding Plan for Lower Minnesota South, which would occur at the same time as the 1W1P process and would likely help implement the District’s 2020 Water Resources Management Plan
- Participating in the 1W1P process would require extensive staff resources in addition to working on the Lower MN South Plan and other programs and projects and may not help implement the District’s 2020 Water Resources Management Plan
Twin Cities Metro Area Allocation Map for the Watershed-based Implementation Funding Program

WD/WMO Boundary

Lower Minnesota North
North Fork Crow
Rum
Mississippi West
Mississippi East
St. Croix
South Fork Crow
Lower Minnesota South
Vermillion
Cannon
MEMORANDUM

TO: PLSLWD BOARD OF MANAGERS
FROM: DIANE LYNCH
SUBJECT: BOAT INSPECTIONS CONTRACT APPROVAL
DATE: APRIL 9, 2020

BACKGROUND
Unlike last year, Scott County suggested that the District manage its own boat inspections contract since it has specific needs that may be different than the County’s and to invite the County to help pay for the inspections using its state AIS grant, once a vendor is chosen.

District staff and EOR prepared an RFQ for AIS Inspections on Spring (500 hours), Lower Prior (200 hours) and Upper Prior (200 hours) that went out to a list of potential vendors and on QuestCDN on March 15. Proposal were due by 10:00 a.m., on March 25, 2020. The hours will augment the DNR’s inspection hours, estimated at 100 for Spring and 600 each for the Priors.

The District opened the bids on March 25 at 10:00 a.m. The bid amounts were as follows:

Bishop AIS Services: $22,500
Waterfront Restorations: $19,962-$23,769
($22.18-$26.41/hour based upon combined hours with the County)
WaterGuards LLC: $19,350

REQUESTED BOARD ACTION

Staff requests Board approval of a contract with WaterGuards. The proposal met the requirements; all three of WaterGuard’s references cited excellent service and the overall cost for the service was the least expensive of the proposals.
The Prior Lake-Spring Lake Watershed District (PLSLWD) is soliciting proposals for completing watercraft inspections at select boat landings in 2020 to prevent the spread of Aquatic Invasive Species (AIS) within the watershed district. The watercraft inspector position will serve to inform and educate the public about the pathways and ecological threats of AIS in our waterbodies. The inspectors will work at designated public water access points at three lakes in the district including Spring, Lower Prior, and Upper Prior lakes.

**Timeframe**
April through September 2020

**Duties**
The following are minimum expected duties of each inspector:
- Inspect all inbound & outbound watercraft and trailers for invasive species
- Inform watercraft users of the Clean - Drain - Dispose law of Minnesota
- Inform and educate the public about AIS, particularly the pathways of transport & introduction
- Disseminate literature & pamphlets as available
- Conduct brief verbal surveys
- Maintain daily inspection reports and data entry per standard MNDNR protocol
- Assist in other AIS related duties as requested by the PLSLWD

**Minimum Qualifications**
Level 1 certified inspector with background knowledge of AIS and ability to identify aquatic invasive species. Each inspector must have the ability to work independently, have good communication skills, and provide their own means of travel to and from the boat landing.
- All inspectors need to be DNR trained. This is a free training and Felix Amenumey felix.amenumey@state.mn.us will announce training dates in early April. You need to pre-register to attend.
- Watercraft inspection will follow MN DNR protocol and data will be uploaded daily using tablets provided.
- Inspection data and notes will be uploaded to MN DNR at the conclusion of each day.
- You will need to enter into a delegation agreement with the DNR and submit a 2020 Inspection Plan. Contact Adam Doll regarding these documents adam.doll@state.mn.us. ftp://ftp.dnr.state.mn.us/pub/eco/watercraft_insp/ (useful information is located here such as manuals and delegation agreement)
• The watercraft inspector handbook can be found here https://www.dnr.state.mn.us/invasives/watercraft_inspect/index.html.

**Work Environment**
The inspections involve outside work with long durations of standing or siting. Inspectors are expected to work in adverse weather conditions (heat, cold, rain) and have the willingness to work non-standard hours, including weekends, and holidays. Although uncommon, the position may require occasional lifting up to 50 pounds.

**Please answer the following questions:**

1. Briefly outline your organization's experience, training, and performance with conducting watercraft inspections for AIS.
2. Detail any training, instruction, or work standards that all your inspectors will be exposed to.
3. Provide anything you believe is unique about your services.

**Application Process**
Contractor must provide a minimum and maximum number of hours they plan to commit to the project. Please note the PLSLWD reserves the right to change the hours and frequency of inspections prior to signing a contract depending on quotes received.

Quotes may be submitted by email to Diane Lynch (dlynch@PLSLWD.org). If you have any questions regarding this RFQ, please contact Diane Lynch at 952-440-0067 or dlynch@PLSLWD.org
Sample Contract

WATERCRAFT INSPECTIONS ON PLSLWD LAKES

THIS AGREEMENT, by and between the Prior Lake-Spring Lake Watershed District, a local unit of government, hereinafter referred to as the "District," and ___________________________, a business corporation, hereinafter referred to as "Provider."

A) Provider is a business corporation formed for purposes including providing watercraft inspections.

B) The District seeks to enter into an agreement for the needed provision of preventing the spread of aquatic invasive species through inspection of watercraft using watershed launch accesses.

NOW THEREFORE, in consideration of the mutual undertakings and agreement contained within this agreement, the District and Provider hereby agrees as follows:

1. Compensation and Terms of Payment

a. Compensation

Provider will charge the District only when inspectors are clocked in at the inspection sites. All overhead such as the cost of recruiting, training, on-going management, protocol compliance, technology, software and reporting is included in the hourly rate.

Total compensation under this agreement shall not exceed __________________________

b. Terms of Payment

Provider shall submit invoices on a monthly basis to the authorized agent of the District for payment of work completed. The authorized agent of the District shall have the authority to review the invoices, and no payment shall be made without the approval of the authorized agent. Payments shall be made within thirty (30) days after receipt of invoices for services performed and acceptance of such services by the authorized agent of the District.

2. Condition of Payment

All services provided by Provider pursuant to this agreement shall be performed to the satisfaction of the District, and in accordance with all applicable federal, state and local laws, ordinances, rules and regulations. Payment shall be withheld for work found by the District to be unsatisfactory, or performed in violation of federal, state and local laws, ordinances, rules or regulations.

3. Scope of Services
Provider agrees to furnish watercraft inspections on Spring, Lower Prior, and Upper Prior lakes as set out herein.

A) Level I Inspector Schedule - Provider shall provide a Level 1 certified inspector at each lake site to inspect all watercraft using the access for Aquatic Invasive Species (AIS) defined by Minnesota Statute attached to the watercraft and to input all inspection data into the MN Department of Natural Resources (MDNR) survey application per standard MDNR protocol, for days and times as follows:

- Friday-Sunday 6:00 a.m.-4:00 p.m., with the following exceptions:
  - Fridays through 8/28 6 a.m.-4 p.m.
  - Saturdays through 9/5 6 a.m.-4 p.m. THEN Saturdays until 9/26 6 a.m.-noon
  - Sundays through 9/6 6 a.m.-4 p.m.
  - Holidays (July 4 and Labor Day) 6 a.m.-4 p.m.
- Starting the weekend of April 25/26 and continuing through the weekend of September 26/27
- 500 inspection hours are required for Spring Lake, 200 hours for Lower Prior Lake, and 200 hours for Upper Prior Lake
- Provider must coordinate with the MNDNR on work schedules/inspection times and obtain any applicable permits from the MNDNR

B) Time Tracking

Mobile time clocking with Global Positioning System (GPS) verification shall be used by inspectors. District shall be provided a supervisor login to allow District to verify inspector status on both a live basis and historical basis.

C) Reporting

1) Provider will ensure daily inspection data is uploaded to the MDNR database. Monthly reports will be sent to the District which shall include the following data: inspection hours worked by lake & access and inspections survey data. Monthly written summaries will be provided with each invoice to identify staff days and number of hours spent on inspections as well as a summary of observations recorded.

2) Provider will submit an end of year report upon completion of the contract timeframe summarizing hours worked at each lake by day, total hours worked at each lake, separated hours for special provisions, and total number of hours worked.

D) Violations

All violations associated with launching a watercraft with AIS attached will be reported to law enforcement as appropriate and required under the Prior Lake Spring Lake Watershed District DNR Delegation Agreement, which the Provider agrees to comply with and is incorporated herein, as well as to the County AIS Coordinator immediately via telephone, and via email within twenty-four (24) hours and shall include photos, boat registration numbers and license plate numbers.
E) On-site Inspection Equipment

Provider shall supply inspectors with tablet computers for inspection data input, supplies and equipment, safety equipment including traffic safety vests and first aid kits and signage to alert boaters to the presence of an inspector.

F) Notification

Provider will notify the County AIS Coordinator via email when a shift will not be covered (including which lake access, date and timeframe) based on conditions due to inclement weather or illness/absence.

4. Effective Date of Contract

This agreement shall be effective ____________.

5. Term of Contract

This agreement shall remain in effect until _____________, or until all obligations set forth in this agreement have been satisfactorily fulfilled, whichever occurs first, unless it is terminated early as provided herein.

6. Authorized Agents

The District shall appoint an authorized agent for the purpose of administration of this agreement. Provider is notified of the authorized agent of the District as follows:

Diane Lynch
District Administrator
Prior Lake-Spring Lake Watershed District
4646 Dakota Street SE
Prior Lake, MN 55372
952-440-0067

The District is notified the authorized agent for Provider is as follows:

[Insert Contractor info]

7. County and State Audit

Pursuant to Minn. Stat. Section 16C.05, Subd. 5, the books, records, documents, and accounting procedures and practices of Provider relative to this agreement shall be subject to examination by the County and the State Auditor. Complete and accurate records of the work performed pursuant to this agreement shall be kept by Provider for a minimum of six (6) years following termination of this
agreement for such auditing purposes. The retention period shall be automatically extended during the course of any administrative or judicial action involving the County regarding matters to which the records are relevant. The retention period shall be automatically extended until the administrative or judicial action is finally completed or until the authorized agent of the County notifies Provider in writing that the records need no longer be kept.

8. **Indemnity**

Provider agrees to defend, indemnify, and hold the District, its employees and officials harmless from any claims, demands, actions or causes of action, including reasonable attorney's fees and expenses resulting directly or indirectly from any negligent act or omission on the part of Provider, or its subcontractors, partners or independent contractors or any of their agents or employees, in the performance of or with relation to any of the work or services to be performed or furnished by the Provider or the subcontractors, partners or independent contractors or any of their agents or employees under the agreement.

Provider shall be responsible for the professional quality, technical accuracy, and the coordination of all services furnished by Provider under this agreement. Provider shall, without additional compensation, correct or revise any errors or deficiencies in Provider's final reports and services.

9. **Insurance**

Provider shall not commence work under this agreement until it has obtained, at a minimum and at its own cost and expense, all insurance required herein. All insurance coverage is subject to approval of the District and shall be maintained by Provider until final completion of the work.

a. **Workers' Compensation**

1) State: Minnesota - Statutory

2) Employer's Liability with minimum limits of:

   - Bodily Injury by Accident: $100,000 each Accident
   - Bodily Injury by Disease: $100,000 each Employee
   - Bodily Injury by Disease: $500,000 policy limit

3) Benefits required by union labor contracts: as applicable

In the event Provider is a sole proprietor and has not elected to provide workers' compensation insurance, Provider shall be required to execute and submit an affidavit of sole proprietorship in a form satisfactory to the District before entering into the agreement.

b. **Commercial General Liability**
Including Premises, Operations, Products, Completed Operations, Advertising, and Personal Injury Liability, with the following minimum limits of liability:

$2,000,000 Aggregate

$2,000,000 Products & Completed Operations Aggregate

$1,000,000 Personal Injury & Advertising Injury

$1,000,000 Occurrence

$100,000 Fire Damage Limit

$5,000 Medical Expense

Policy should be written on an occurrence basis and include explosion, collapse and underground.

c. Commercial Auto Liability

Automobile Liability should include Hired and Non-Owned, and the District should be named as an additional insured.

Minimum limits of liability shall be:

If split limits: $1,000,000 each person/$1,000,000 each occurrence for Bodily Injury

$1,000,000 each occurrence for Property Damage If combined single limit: $1,000,000 per occurrence

d. Proof of Insurance

Insurance certificates evidencing that the above insurance is in force with companies acceptable to the District and in the amounts required shall be submitted to the District for examination and approval prior to the execution of the agreement, after which they shall be filed with the District. The insurance certificate shall name the District as an additional insured and specifically provide that a certificate shall not be materially changed, canceled or non-renewed except upon sixty (60) days prior written notice to the District. Neither District's failure to require or insist upon certificates, nor other evidence of a variance from the specified coverage requirements, amends Provider's responsibility to comply with the insurance specifications.

10. Subcontracts

Provider shall not subcontract any portion of the work to be performed under this agreement nor assign this agreement without the prior written approval of the authorized agent of the District. Provider shall ensure and require that any subcontractor agrees to and complies with all the terms of this agreement. Any subcontractor of Provider used to perform any portion of this agreement shall
report to and bill Provider directly. Provider shall be solely responsible for the breach, performance or nonperformance of any subcontractor.

11. **Force Majeure**

District and Provider agree that Provider shall not be liable for any delay or inability to perform this agreement, directly or indirectly caused by, or resulting from, strikes, labor troubles, accidents, fire, flood, breakdowns, war, riot, civil commotion, lack of material, delays of transportation, acts of God or other cause beyond reasonable control of Provider and the District.

12. **Data Practices**

Provider, its agents, employees and any subcontractors of Provider, in providing all services hereunder, agree to abide by the provisions of the Minnesota Government Data Practices Act, Minn. Stat. Ch. 13, as amended, and Minn. Rules promulgated pursuant to Ch. 13. Provider understands that it must comply with these provisions as if it were a government entity. Provider agrees to indemnify and hold the District, its officers, department heads and employees harmless from any claims resulting from Provider’s unlawful disclosure, failure to disclose or use of data protected under state and federal laws.

13. **Access to Premises**

The District shall arrange access as necessary to work sites for Provider for the purpose of performing the work described in this agreement.

14. **Termination**

A) If Provider abandons or unnecessarily delays the performance or delivery of services under this Agreement, or in any manner refuses or fails to comply with the terms of this Agreement or the specifications or appropriate instructions relative to this Agreement, the District may terminate this Agreement for default. Upon any such default, the District shall deliver to Provider a notice of default specifying the nature of the default. If Provider does not cure the default within thirty (30) days of receipt of the notice, District may immediately terminate this Agreement. District shall have no further obligations to Provider under this Agreement. In the event of termination due to default by Provider, the District may recover damages to which it may be entitled and may exercise any other available remedies against Provider for the default.

B) Either party may terminate this agreement for any reason on 60-days’ notice to the other party. For termination without cause hereunder, Provider shall be entitled to be compensated for all services satisfactorily provided through the termination of this Agreement.

15. **Independent Contractor**
It is agreed that nothing contained in this agreement is intended or should be construed as creating the relationship of a partnership, joint venture, or association with the District and Provider. Provider is an independent contractor, and it, its employees, agents, subcontractors, and representatives shall not be considered employees, agents or representatives of the District. Except as otherwise provided herein, Provider shall maintain, in all respects, its present control over the means and personnel by which this agreement is performed. From any amounts due Provider, there shall be no deduction for federal income tax, FICA payments, state income tax, or for any other purposes which are associated with an employer/employee relationship unless otherwise required by law. Payment of federal income tax, FICA payments, state income tax, unemployment compensation taxes, and other payroll deductions and taxes are the sole responsibility of Provider.

16. Notices

Any notices to be given under this agreement shall be given by enclosing the same in a sealed envelope, postage prepaid, and depositing the same with the United States Postal Service, addressed to the authorized agent of Provider, at its address stated herein, or to the authorized agent of the District at the address stated herein.

17. Controlling Law

The laws of the State of Minnesota shall govern all questions and interpretations concerning the validity and construction of this agreement, the legal relations between the parties and performance under the agreement. The appropriate venue and jurisdiction for any litigation hereunder will be those courts located within the County of Scott, State of Minnesota. Litigation, however, in the federal courts involving the parties will be in the appropriate federal court within the State of Minnesota.

18. Successors and Assigns

The District and Provider, respectively, bind themselves, their partners, successors, assigns, and legal representatives to the other party to this agreement and to the partners, successors, assigns, and legal representatives of such other party with respect to all covenants of this agreement. Neither the District nor Provider shall assign, sublet, or transfer any interest in this agreement without the prior written consent of the other.

19. Equal Employment and Americans with Disabilities

In connection with the work under this agreement, Provider agrees to comply with the applicable provisions of state and federal equal employment opportunity and nondiscrimination statutes and regulations. Failure on the part of Provider to conduct its own employment practices in accordance with District Policy may result in the withholding of all or part of regular payments by the District.
due under this agreement unless or until Provider complies with the District policy, and/or suspension or termination of this agreement.

20. Changes/Amendments

The parties agree that no change or modification to this agreement, or any attachments hereto, shall have any force or effect unless the change is reduced to writing, dated, and made part of this agreement. The execution of the change shall be authorized and signed in the same manner as this agreement, or according to other written policies of the original parties.

21. Severability

In the event any provision of this agreement shall be held invalid and unenforceable, the remaining provisions shall be valid and binding upon the parties unless such invalidity or non-enforceability would cause the agreement to fail its purpose. One or more waivers by either party of any provision, term, condition or covenant shall not be construed by the other party as a waiver of a subsequent breach of the same by the other party.

22. Entire Agreement

It is understood and agreed that the entire agreement of the parties is contained herein and that this agreement supersedes all oral agreements and negotiations between the parties relating to the subject matter hereof as well as any previous agreements presently in effect between the District and Provider relating to the subject matter hereof.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, the parties have caused this agreement to be duly executed intending to be bound thereby.

Prior Lake-Spring Lake Watershed District  Contractor

by       by

Diane Lynch

PLSLWD District Administrator    owner

Date:_________________________    Date:_________________________
WATERCRAFT INSPECTIONS ON PLSLWD LAKES

THIS AGREEMENT, is by and between the Prior Lake-Spring Lake Watershed District, a local unit of government, hereinafter referred to as the "District," and WaterGuards LLC, a business corporation, hereinafter referred to as "Provider."

A) Provider is a business corporation formed for purposes including providing watercraft inspections.

B) The District seeks to enter into an agreement for the needed provision of preventing the spread of aquatic invasive species through inspection of watercraft using watershed launch accesses.

NOW THEREFORE, in consideration of the mutual undertakings and agreement contained within this agreement, the District and Provider hereby agrees as follows:

1. **Compensation and Terms of Payment**
   a. **Compensation**

   Provider will charge the District only when inspectors are clocked in at the inspection sites. All overhead such as the cost of recruiting, training, on-going management, protocol compliance, technology, software and reporting is included in the hourly rate.

   Total compensation under this agreement shall not exceed $19,350.

   b. **Terms of Payment**

   Provider shall submit invoices on a monthly basis to the authorized agent of the District for payment of work completed. The authorized agent of the District shall have the authority to review the invoices, and no payment shall be made without the approval of the authorized agent. Payments shall be made within thirty (30) days after receipt of invoices for services performed and acceptance of such services by the authorized agent of the District.

2. **Condition of Payment**

   All services provided by Provider pursuant to this agreement shall be performed to the satisfaction of the District, and in accordance with all applicable federal, state and local laws, ordinances, rules and regulations. Payment shall be withheld for work found by the District to be unsatisfactory, or performed in violation of federal, state and local laws, ordinances, rules or regulations.
3. **Scope of Services**

Provider agrees to furnish watercraft inspections on Spring, Lower Prior, and Upper Prior lakes as set out herein.

A) **Level I Inspector Schedule** - Provider shall provide a Level 1 certified inspector at each lake site to inspect all watercraft using the access for Aquatic Invasive Species (AIS) defined by Minnesota Statute attached to the watercraft and to input all inspection data into the MN Department of Natural Resources (MDNR) survey application per standard MDNR protocol, for days and times as follows:

- **Friday-Sunday 6:00 a.m.-4:00 p.m., with the following exceptions:**
  - Fridays through 8/28 6 a.m.-4 p.m.
  - Saturdays through 9/5 6 a.m.-4 p.m. THEN Saturdays until 9/26 6 a.m.-noon
  - Sundays through 9/6 6 a.m.-4 p.m.
  - Holidays (July 4 and Labor Day) 6 a.m.-4 p.m.
- **Starting by fishing opener, May 9, 2020 if possible, given delays because of Covid-19 impacts and continuing through the weekend of September 26/27**
- **500 inspection hours are required for Spring Lake, 200 hours for Lower Prior Lake, and 200 hours for Upper Prior Lake**
- **Provider must coordinate with the MNDNR on work schedules/inspection times and obtain any applicable permits from the MNDNR**

B) **Time Tracking**

Mobile time clocking with Global Positioning System (GPS) verification shall be used by inspectors. District shall be provided a supervisor login to allow District to verify inspector status on both a live basis and historical basis.

C) **Reporting**

1) **Provider will ensure daily inspection data is uploaded to the MDNR database. Monthly reports will be sent to the District which shall include the following data: inspection hours worked by lake & access and inspections survey data. Monthly written summaries will be provided with each invoice to identify staff days and number of hours spent on inspections as well as a summary of observations recorded.**

2) **Provider will submit an end of year report upon completion of the contract timeframe summarizing hours worked at each lake by day, total hours worked at each lake, separated hours for special provisions, and total number of hours worked.**

D) **Violations**

All violations associated with launching a watercraft with AIS attached will be reported to law enforcement as appropriate and required under the Prior Lake Spring Lake Watershed District DNR Delegation Agreement, which the Provider agrees to comply with and is incorporated herein, as well
as to the County AIS Coordinator immediately via telephone, and via email within twenty-four (24) hours and shall include photos, boat registration numbers and license plate numbers.

E) On-site Inspection Equipment

Provider shall supply inspectors with tablet computers for inspection data input, supplies and equipment, safety equipment including traffic safety vests and first aid kits and signage to alert boaters to the presence of an inspector.

F) Notification

Provider will notify the County AIS Coordinator via email when a shift will not be covered (including which lake access, date and timeframe) based on conditions due to inclement weather or illness/absence.

4. Effective Date of Contract

This agreement shall be effective when both parties have executed the agreement.

5. Term of Contract

This agreement shall remain in effect until October 1, 2020, or until all obligations set forth in this agreement have been satisfactorily fulfilled, whichever occurs first, unless it is terminated early as provided herein.

6. Authorized Agents

The District shall appoint an authorized agent for the purpose of administration of this agreement. Provider is notified of the authorized agent of the District as follows:

Diane Lynch
District Administrator
Prior Lake-Spring Lake Watershed District
4646 Dakota Street SE
Prior Lake, MN 55372
952-440-0067

The District is notified the authorized agent for Provider is as follows:

Stephanie Johnson, President
WaterGuards, LLC
PO Box 277
St. Joseph, MN 56374
7. **County and State Audit**

Pursuant to Minn. Stat. Section 16C.05, Subd. 5, the books, records, documents, and accounting procedures and practices of Provider relative to this agreement shall be subject to examination by the County and the State Auditor. Complete and accurate records of the work performed pursuant to this agreement shall be kept by Provider for a minimum of six (6) years following termination of this agreement for such auditing purposes. The retention period shall be automatically extended during the course of any administrative or judicial action involving the County regarding matters to which the records are relevant. The retention period shall be automatically extended until the administrative or judicial action is finally completed or until the authorized agent of the County notifies Provider in writing that the records need no longer be kept.

8. **Indemnity**

Provider agrees to defend, indemnify, and hold the District, its employees and officials harmless from any claims, demands, actions or causes of action, including reasonable attorney's fees and expenses resulting directly or indirectly from any negligent act or omission on the part of Provider, or its subcontractors, partners or independent contractors or any of their agents or employees, in the performance of or with relation to any of the work or services to be performed or furnished by the Provider or the subcontractors, partners or independent contractors or any of their agents or employees under the agreement.

Provider shall be responsible for the professional quality, technical accuracy, and the coordination of all services furnished by Provider under this agreement. Provider shall, without additional compensation, correct or revise any errors or deficiencies in Provider's final reports and services.

9. **Insurance**

Provider shall not commence work under this agreement until it has obtained, at a minimum and at its own cost and expense, all insurance required herein. All insurance coverage is subject to approval of the District and shall be maintained by Provider until final completion of the work.

a. **Workers’ Compensation**

1) State: Minnesota - Statutory

2) Employer's Liability with minimum limits of:

   Bodily Injury by Accident: $100,000 each Accident

   Bodily Injury by Disease: $100,000 each Employee

   Bodily Injury by Disease: $500,000 policy limit

3) Benefits required by union labor contracts: as applicable
In the event Provider is a sole proprietor and has not elected to provide workers’ compensation insurance, Provider shall be required to execute and submit an affidavit of sole proprietorship in a form satisfactory to the District before entering into the agreement.

b. **Commercial General Liability**

Including Premises, Operations, Products, Completed Operations, Advertising, and Personal Injury Liability, with the following minimum limits of liability:

- $2,000,000 Aggregate
- $2,000,000 Products & Completed Operations Aggregate
- $1,000,000 Personal Injury & Advertising Injury
- $1,000,000 Occurrence
- $100,000 Fire Damage Limit
- $5,000 Medical Expense

Policy should be written on an occurrence basis and include explosion, collapse and underground.

c. **Commercial Auto Liability**

Automobile Liability should include Hired and Non-Owned, and the District should be named as an additional insured.

Minimum limits of liability shall be:

If split limits: $1,000,000 each person/$1,000,000 each occurrence for Bodily Injury

$1,000,000 each occurrence for Property Damage If combined single limit: $1,000,000 per occurrence

d. **Proof of Insurance**

Insurance certificates evidencing that the above insurance is in force with companies acceptable to the District and in the amounts required shall be submitted to the District for examination and approval prior to the execution of the agreement, after which they shall be filed with the District. The insurance certificate shall name the District as an additional insured and specifically provide that a certificate shall not be materially changed, canceled or non-renewed except upon sixty (60) days prior written notice to the District. Neither District’s failure to require or insist upon certificates, nor other evidence of a variance from the specified coverage requirements, amends Provider’s responsibility to comply with the insurance specifications.
10. **Subcontracts**

Provider shall not subcontract any portion of the work to be performed under this agreement nor assign this agreement without the prior written approval of the authorized agent of the District. Provider shall ensure and require that any subcontractor agrees to and complies with all the terms of this agreement. Any subcontractor of Provider used to perform any portion of this agreement shall report to and bill Provider directly. Provider shall be solely responsible for the breach, performance or nonperformance of any subcontractor.

11. **Force Majeure**

District and Provider agree that Provider shall not be liable for any delay or inability to perform this agreement, directly or indirectly caused by, or resulting from, strikes, labor troubles, accidents, fire, flood, breakdowns, war, riot, civil commotion, lack of material, delays of transportation, acts of God or other cause beyond reasonable control of Provider and the District.

12. **Data Practices**

Provider, its agents, employees and any subcontractors of Provider, in providing all services hereunder, agree to abide by the provisions of the Minnesota Government Data Practices Act, Minn. Stat. Ch. 13, as amended, and Minn. Rules promulgated pursuant to Ch. 13. Provider understands that it must comply with these provisions as if it were a government entity. Provider agrees to indemnify and hold the District, its officers, department heads and employees harmless from any claims resulting from Provider’s unlawful disclosure, failure to disclose or use of data protected under state and federal laws.

13. **Access to Premises**

The District shall arrange access as necessary to work sites for Provider for the purpose of performing the work described in this agreement.

14. **Termination**

A) If Provider abandons or unnecessarily delays the performance or delivery of services under this Agreement, or in any manner refuses or fails to comply with the terms of this Agreement or the specifications or appropriate instructions relative to this Agreement, the District may terminate this Agreement for default. Upon any such default, the District shall deliver to Provider a notice of default specifying the nature of the default. If Provider does not cure the default within thirty (30) days of receipt of the notice, District may immediately terminate this Agreement. District shall have no further obligations to Provider under this Agreement. In the event of termination due to default by Provider, the District may recover damages to which it may be entitled and may exercise any other available remedies against Provider for the default.
B) Either party may terminate this agreement for any reason on 60-days' notice to the other party. For termination without cause hereunder, Provider shall be entitled to be compensated for all services satisfactorily provided through the termination of this Agreement.

15. **Independent Contractor**

It is agreed that nothing contained in this agreement is intended or should be construed as creating the relationship of a partnership, joint venture, or association with the District and Provider. Provider is an independent contractor, and it, its employees, agents, subcontractors, and representatives shall not be considered employees, agents or representatives of the District. Except as otherwise provided herein, Provider shall maintain, in all respects, its present control over the means and personnel by which this agreement is performed. From any amounts due Provider, there shall be no deduction for federal income tax, FICA payments, state income tax, or for any other purposes which are associated with an employer/employee relationship unless otherwise required by law. Payment of federal income tax, FICA payments, state income tax, unemployment compensation taxes, and other payroll deductions and taxes are the sole responsibility of Provider.

16. **Notices**

Any notices to be given under this agreement shall be given by enclosing the same in a sealed envelope, postage prepaid, and depositing the same with the United States Postal Service, addressed to the authorized agent of Provider, at its address stated herein, or to the authorized agent of the District at the address stated herein.

17. **Controlling Law**

The laws of the State of Minnesota shall govern all questions and interpretations concerning the validity and construction of this agreement, the legal relations between the parties and performance under the agreement. The appropriate venue and jurisdiction for any litigation hereunder will be those courts located within the County of Scott, State of Minnesota. Litigation, however, in the federal courts involving the parties will be in the appropriate federal court within the State of Minnesota.

18. **Successors and Assigns**

The District and Provider, respectively, bind themselves, their partners, successors, assigns, and legal representatives to the other party to this agreement and to the partners, successors, assigns, and legal representatives of such other party with respect to all covenants of this agreement. Neither the District nor Provider shall assign, sublet, or transfer any interest in this agreement without the prior written consent of the other.

19. **Equal Employment and Americans with Disabilities**

In connection with the work under this agreement, Provider agrees to comply with the applicable provisions of state and federal equal employment opportunity and nondiscrimination statutes and
regulations. Failure on the part of Provider to conduct its own employment practices in accordance with District Policy may result in the withholding of all or part of regular payments by the District due under this agreement unless or until Provider complies with the District policy, and/or suspension or termination of this agreement.

20. **Changes/Amendments**

The parties agree that no change or modification to this agreement, or any attachments hereto, shall have any force or effect unless the change is reduced to writing, dated, and made part of this agreement. The execution of the change shall be authorized and signed in the same manner as this agreement, or according to other written policies of the original parties.

21. **Severability**

In the event any provision of this agreement shall be held invalid and unenforceable, the remaining provisions shall be valid and binding upon the parties unless such invalidity or non-enforceability would cause the agreement to fail its purpose. One or more waivers by either party of any provision, term, condition or covenant shall not be construed by the other party as a waiver of a subsequent breach of the same by the other party.

22. **Entire Agreement**

It is understood and agreed that the entire agreement of the parties is contained herein and that this agreement supersedes all oral agreements and negotiations between the parties relating to the subject matter hereof as well as any previous agreements presently in effect between the District and Provider relating to the subject matter hereof.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, the parties have caused this agreement to be duly executed intending to be bound thereby.

**Prior Lake-Spring Lake Watershed District**

By ____________________________

Diane Lynch

PLSLWD District Administrator

Date:___________________________

**Contractor**

By ____________________________

Stephanie Johnson

Owner, WaterGuards

Date:___________________________
Memorandum

To: Diane Lynch and Jaime Rockney, Prior Lake Spring Lake Watershed District
From: Greg Wilson, Barr Engineering Company (Barr)
Subject: Phase I Upper Prior Lake and Phase III Spring Lake Alum Treatment Recommendation for Contract Award
Date: April 8, 2020
Project: 23701093.00

The Spring Lake sediment core analysis, alum dose determination and application plan (Barr, 2012), prepared for the Prior Lake Spring Lake Watershed District (PLSLWD), called for two to three phases of alum treatment with half of the total dose to be delivered in the first year (fall of 2013) followed by separate phases of alum treatment that are each spaced by three or more years to deliver the remainder of the prescribed dose, depending on the need for further watershed load reductions. It was further suggested that an adaptive management approach should follow the each phase of the alum treatment to further evaluate in-lake phosphorus response and potential interferences from the external (and other internal) phosphorus loading sources. The second phase of the Spring Lake alum treatment occurred in the spring of 2018. Similarly, two phases of alum/sodium aluminate treatment were recommended for Upper Prior Lake with phase separated by two years (EOR, 2017).

Barr is currently in the process of collecting Spring Lake sediment core samples and analyzing them for the phosphorus fractions that ultimately contribute to the internal phosphorus load each summer. The results of this analysis for Spring Lake, along with consultation with the contractor chosen for the work, will be used to determine the final alum dosage that should be applied to Spring Lake for the third phase of alum treatment. To ensure that the timing of the Spring Lake sediment analysis work would not preclude the potential to conduct a spring alum application, Barr worked with EOR and PLSLWD staff to initiate the process of obtaining contractor bids for treating both Upper Prior and Spring Lakes, with a range of alum dosages specified for Spring Lake. This memorandum is intended to provide an analysis of the bids received to complete the first phase of Upper Prior Lake and the third phase Spring Lake aluminum treatments.

Project design and development of Contract Documents were completed and advertised for bids on March 23, 2020. To evaluate the potential for cost-efficiency and maximize both alum dose and schedule flexibility, the Contract Documents were structured to solicit bids for each one of the following scenarios:

1. Spring treatment for both lakes; high alum application rate for Spring Lake
2. Spring treatment for both lakes; low alum application rate for Spring Lake
3. Spring treatment for Spring Lake, fall treatment for Upper Prior Lake; high alum application rate for Spring Lake
4. Spring treatment for Spring Lake, fall treatment for Upper Prior Lake; low alum application rate for Spring Lake
5. Fall treatment for both lakes; high alum application rate for Spring Lake
6. Fall treatment for both lakes; low alum application rate for Spring Lake
The bid opening was conducted online through Webex on Monday April 6, 2020 at 10 a.m. HAB Aquatic Solutions (HAB) was the lone bidder at the deadline and completed bid amounts for all six scenarios in the bid form (see attached). Clarke Aquatic Services also submitted bids for scenarios 5 and 6, but the submission arrived after the bids had closed, and the total bid amounts for each scenario were significantly higher than the respective bids from HAB. The attachment to this memo provides a tabulation of the bids received. HAB’s total bid amounts for each scenario were normalized to total chemical applied to compare relative costs. The results of this comparison indicate the following:

- There is an economy of scale for chemical volume—higher volume applied to Spring Lake comes with a lower normalized cost (between 18 and 22%), but HAB changed both the mobilization/demobilization and unit chemical prices for each scenario
- HAB has built in more uncertainty for unit costs associated with a fall application for either lake—enough so, that there is not an economy of scale by moving both lakes to fall, in comparison with just shifting Upper Prior back to the fall. More specifically unit cost comparisons revealed the following:
  - There is between a 4 and 8% premium for moving Upper Prior back to the fall
  - The premium for moving both lakes to the fall is between 13 and 15%
  - There is a 6.5% premium on sodium aluminate costs to move the Upper Prior Lake treatment to the fall

**Recommendations and Next Steps**

In comparing the bidding for each of the six alum treatment scenarios, the difference in the Spring Lake alum volumes resulted in changes to both the unit price for alum applied (lower with increasing volume) and the mobilization/demobilization (higher with increasing volume). Since it is likely that the final alum dosage prescribed for Spring Lake will fall somewhere between the high and low alum doses contained in the bids, Barr discussed the potential to apply a linear interpolation to each of the respective unit prices with HAB. They submitted a spreadsheet that will allow us to both separate out the Spring Lake and Upper Prior Lake costs, as well as apply unit prices that combine the mobilization/demobilization and chemical costs for the full range of alum dosages considered for Spring Lake.

The results of bid comparisons indicate that it is in PLSLWD’s best interests to complete the aluminum treatments for both lakes in the spring, if the funding sources allow. It is recommended that PLSLWD award the work to HAB and enter into an agreement to complete the alum treatments for each lake as soon as the alum dosage is determined for Spring Lake and the Upper Prior Lake schedule can be confirmed, based on funding/work plan approvals. If spring alum treatments are agreed upon, it is likely that HAB’s schedule could accommodate the Spring Lake alum treatment before Memorial Day weekend and the Upper Prior Lake treatment after that same weekend.
### Option 1: Spring Treatment for Both Lakes; High Alum Application Rate for Spring Lake

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Item Description</th>
<th>Unit</th>
<th>Estimated Quantity</th>
<th>Unit Price</th>
<th>Extension</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Mobilization/Demobilization</td>
<td>L.S.</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>$180,660.00</td>
<td>$180,660.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Liquid Aluminum Sulfate Application to Upper Prior Lake</td>
<td>Gallons</td>
<td>93,110</td>
<td>$1.59</td>
<td>$148,045.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Sodium Aluminate Buffer Application to Upper Prior Lake</td>
<td>Gallons</td>
<td>46,555</td>
<td>$4.60</td>
<td>$214,153.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Liquid Aluminum Sulfate Application to Spring Lake</td>
<td>Gallons</td>
<td>584,000</td>
<td>$1.59</td>
<td>$928,560.00</td>
</tr>
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</table>

**TOTAL BASE BID** $1,471,418.00

### Option 2: Spring Treatment for Both Lakes; Low Alum Application Rate for Spring Lake

<table>
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<tr>
<th>Item Description</th>
<th>Unit</th>
<th>Estimated Quantity</th>
<th>Unit Price</th>
<th>Extension</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Mobilization/Demobilization</td>
<td>L.S.</td>
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<td>$81,599.00</td>
<td>$81,599.00</td>
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<tr>
<td>Liquid Aluminum Sulfate Application to Upper Prior Lake</td>
<td>Gallons</td>
<td>93,110</td>
<td>$1.62</td>
<td>$150,838.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Sodium Aluminate Buffer Application to Upper Prior Lake</td>
<td>Gallons</td>
<td>46,555</td>
<td>$4.60</td>
<td>$214,153.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Liquid Aluminum Sulfate Application to Spring Lake</td>
<td>Gallons</td>
<td>146,000</td>
<td>$1.62</td>
<td>$236,520.00</td>
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**TOTAL BASE BID** $683,110.00

### Option 3: Spring Treatment for Spring Lake, Fall Treatment for Upper Prior Lake; High Alum Application Rate for Spring Lake

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Item Description</th>
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<th>Unit Price</th>
<th>Extension</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Mobilization/Demobilization</td>
<td>L.S.</td>
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<td>$214,434.00</td>
<td>$214,434.00</td>
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<tr>
<td>Liquid Aluminum Sulfate Application to Upper Prior Lake</td>
<td>Gallons</td>
<td>93,110</td>
<td>$1.60</td>
<td>$148,976.00</td>
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<tr>
<td>Sodium Aluminate Buffer Application to Upper Prior Lake</td>
<td>Gallons</td>
<td>46,555</td>
<td>$4.90</td>
<td>$228,120.00</td>
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<tr>
<td>Liquid Aluminum Sulfate Application to Spring Lake</td>
<td>Gallons</td>
<td>584,000</td>
<td>$1.60</td>
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**TOTAL BASE BID** $1,525,930.00

### Option 4: Spring Treatment for Spring Lake, Fall Treatment for Upper Prior Lake; Low Alum Application Rate for Spring Lake

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<thead>
<tr>
<th>Item Description</th>
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<th>Unit Price</th>
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<tr>
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<td>Liquid Aluminum Sulfate Application to Upper Prior Lake</td>
<td>Gallons</td>
<td>93,110</td>
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<td>Gallons</td>
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<td>$228,120.00</td>
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<tr>
<td>Liquid Aluminum Sulfate Application to Spring Lake</td>
<td>Gallons</td>
<td>146,000</td>
<td>$1.67</td>
<td>$243,820.00</td>
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**TOTAL BASE BID** $737,622.00

### Option 5: Fall Treatment for Both Lakes; High Alum Application Rate for Spring Lake

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<tr>
<th>Item Description</th>
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<th>Unit Price</th>
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</thead>
<tbody>
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<td>$228,120.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Liquid Aluminum Sulfate Application to Spring Lake</td>
<td>Gallons</td>
<td>584,000</td>
<td>$1.83</td>
<td>$1,068,720.00</td>
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**TOTAL BASE BID** $1,662,305.00

### Option 6: Fall Treatment for Both Lakes; Low Alum Application Rate for Spring Lake

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Item Description</th>
<th>Unit</th>
<th>Estimated Quantity</th>
<th>Unit Price</th>
<th>Extension</th>
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</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Mobilization/Demobilization</td>
<td>L.S.</td>
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<td>$93,334.00</td>
<td>$93,334.00</td>
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<td>Gallons</td>
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<td>Sodium Aluminate Buffer Application to Upper Prior Lake</td>
<td>Gallons</td>
<td>46,555</td>
<td>$4.90</td>
<td>$228,120.00</td>
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<tr>
<td>Liquid Aluminum Sulfate Application to Spring Lake</td>
<td>Gallons</td>
<td>146,000</td>
<td>$1.94</td>
<td>$283,240.00</td>
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</table>

**TOTAL BASE BID** $785,327.00

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**Clarke Aquatic Services**

**Prior Lake-Spring Lake Watershed District**

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**HAB Aquatic Solutions**

**Phase I Upper Prior Lake and Phase III Spring Lake Alum Treatment Bid Tabulation**
Carl,

The April 14\textsuperscript{th} Board meeting would work.

Beth D. Neuendorf, PE
District Water Resources Engineer
MnDOT Waters Edge
1500 W County Road B2
Roseville, MN 55113
(651)234-7520
(651)234-7608 (fax)
beth.neuendorf@state.mn.us

Hi Beth,

Proposed District Rules may be in effect as early as May 2020. Regardless of when adoption occurs, District staff supports MnDOT’s request for review and permitting of the project under the current draft of the proposed rules. This however would be a Board decision. Our plan is to add this request to the April 14\textsuperscript{th} Board meeting. Let us know if that is soon enough for MnDOT’s planning purposes.

Carl K. Almer
EOR: water | ecology | community
d: 651.203.6024  c: 651.238-5592
WE MOVED - PROUD TO ANNOUNCE EOR'S NEW CORPORATE HEADQUARTERS

From: Diane Lynch <dlynch@PLSLWD.ORG>
Sent: Monday, March 2, 2020 2:35 PM
To: Carl Almer <calmer@eorinc.com>
Cc: Maggie Karschnia <mkarschnia@PLSLWD.ORG>
Subject: FW: 60 Day Review of the District's Water Resources Management Plan

Hello, Carl—

Will you respond to Beth?

Thanks—

Diane

From: Neuendorf, Beth (DOT) <beth.neuendorf@state.mn.us>
Sent: Monday, March 2, 2020 2:34 PM
To: Diane Lynch <dlynch@PLSLWD.ORG>
Subject: RE: 60 Day Review of the District's Water Resources Management Plan

Diane,

I don’t have any comments on the plan.

On page 150, Section VII. Local Government Unit Requirements, B. Regulatory Controls and Enforcement, 1. Rules and Standards – It mentions that the District is near completion of developing Rule revisions which are anticipated to be completed in the first quarter of 2020.

Could projects that are scheduled to be let in the fall of 2020 apply the proposed standards in Appendix D of the Water Resources Management Plan? MnDOT has a project on TH 282, SP 7011-29 that we will be submitting soon. I’d like to apply the 0.5” over the new and reconstructed impervious rather than the 2-year, 24 hour event over the reconstructed impervious. We do not have enough R/W to treat the 2-year, 24 hour event based on site, soil conditions and volume required. When will the proposed Rules be effective?

Beth D. Neuendorf, PE
District Water Resources Engineer
MnDOT Waters Edge
1500 W County Road B2
Roseville, MN 55113
(651)234-7520
(651)234-7608 (fax)
beth.neuendorf@state.mn.us
Good afternoon—

We miscalculated the date. The end of the comment period is on Monday, March 16. Sorry for the confusion.

Diane
Dear PLSLWD Plan Reviewer:

The Prior Lake-Spring Lake Watershed District (PLSLWD) initiated its Fourth Generation Watershed Management Plan (2020-2029) development process on February 2, 2018 by notifying all of you and soliciting each plan review agency’s priority issues, summaries of relevant water management goals, and water resource information. Over 20 months, we held an initial planning meeting, several technical and citizen advisory committee meetings, and two community meetings.

We are providing you and all plan reviewers with this notification of the 60-day review period from January 16, 2020 to March 9, 2020. The draft plan and appendices can be found on the District website at:

https://www.plslwd.org/2020plan/project-reports/

We have enjoyed working with you and our residents to develop this draft. Please submit written comments by Monday, March 9, 2020 by email at dlynch@plslwd.org or by mail at 4646 Dakota Street SE, Prior Lake, MN 55372. Per statute, we will respond to your comments prior to conducting our public hearing.

Feel free to contact me with any questions at 952-440-0067. Thanks in advance for your comments.

Diane

The intuitive mind is a sacred gift and the rational mind is a faithful servant. We have created a society that honors the servant and has forgotten the gift. Albert Einstein

Diane Lynch
District Administrator
Prior Lake-Spring Lake Watershed District
4646 Dakota Street SE
Prior Lake, MN 55372
952-440-0067
2020 POTENTIAL PUBLIC INFRASTRUCTURE PARTNERSHIP PROJECTS

Memo to Board of Managers

April 8, 2020

Background

Public Infrastructure Partnership Projects were identified in the 2010-2019 Water Resources Management Plan (WRMP) in Section 4.2.1.1. These funds were created to address the need to reduce runoff to the lakes, to reduce pollutant loading and to help manage the restricted outlet from Prior Lake. One strategy to reduce runoff to the lakes is to retrofit streets, highways, and other public infrastructure with volume management and load reduction BMPs on routine street, highway, and other reconstruction projects. Potential partners may include Prior Lake, Savage, Shakopee, Scott County, the SMSC, Spring Lake Township, and Sand Creek Township.

At its June 2019 meeting, the Board of Managers decided to move forward with projects that (a) had strong partnership support, (b) were cost-effective, and (c) had partners or grants with contributing funding (buy-in). In 2019, staff moved forward with the Redwing Avenue Project, the Fish Lake Shoreline Restoration Project, and the Fairlawn Shores Drainage Improvement Project. The Fish Lake Shoreline Restoration and Fairlawn Shores Drainage Improvement Projects were substantially completed in 2019 and are now in the maintenance phase until final completion.

Potential Projects

There are three potential projects that the staff would like the Board to consider for 2020 PIPP funds:

1) **Redwing Avenue Project:** Initial design work has been completed for the Red Wing Avenue Project, but the District is still working on securing permission from landowners to move forward. This project could potentially be constructed in 2020, should the Board decide to move forward.

2) **Lower Prior Lake: Boudin Street Project:** The Lower Prior Lake Subwatershed Feasibility Study has revealed an opportunity in a small, untreated watershed on the north side of Lower Prior Lake along Boudin Street. There is 4.1 lbs/yr of phosphorus loading and potential to reduce the loading by half through installation of a retrofit BMP. With engineering and construction, the project could cost between $20-25K, and could be completed by the end of the year.

3) **Carp Partnership Activities:** The SMSC has had to put some of their projects on hold due to COVID-19, some of which directly impact the District’s carp management project. All of their activities would be considered match to the District’s existing BWSR grant.

SMSC had plans to place an additional PIT tag station ($2k) along the Arctic Lake stream, as we there are questions on if carp are leaving/entering the lake through other means than the Fremont culvert where the current barrier is located.

SMSC was also planning to complete a young-of-the-year carp survey on Pike Lake to better assess the carp problem on this PLSLWD waterbody ($1.5k). SMSC recently received a $98K grant for carp management on Pike Lake, and this activity will help them not lose momentum on the planned activities before they are able to start the grant project.
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Project</th>
<th>Partner</th>
<th>Estimated Total P Removal (lb/year)</th>
<th>Estimated Cost</th>
<th>Cost Effectiveness ($ per lb of P)</th>
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<td>Sand Creek Twp</td>
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<td>$60,000</td>
<td>$13,810</td>
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<td>Lower Prior Lake: Boudin Street Project</td>
<td>City of Prior Lake</td>
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<td>$25,000</td>
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<td>SMSC</td>
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<td>$3,500</td>
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</table>

**Discussion**

There is approximately $95,000 of unallocated funds out of the total $100,000 for Public Infrastructure Partnership Projects in the 2020 budget. District staff recommends moving forward with one of two following options:

**OPTION ONE:** Complete all three projects above, leaving any remaining funds (estimated at $5,500) for project work in 2021 or as small opportunities arise.

**OPTION TWO:** Complete the Red Wing Avenue Project and Carp Management Activities only, leaving the remaining funding ($35k) to be put towards a larger, more cost-effective project (such as the project that will result from the Spring Lake West Feasibility Study) in 2021 or towards the Spring Lake Alum Treatment in 2020.
Potential Project Locations

Carp Partnership Activities

Lower Prior Lake Boudin Street Project

Red Wing Avenue Project
2019 PIPP Potential Projects
REDWING AVENUE PROJECTS

$13,810 per pound of P removed per year

Redwing Avenue Ditch Improvements
South Redwing Avenue ditch
Drainage area: 17.5 acres
Total Phosphorus (TP) load: 6.5 lb/yr
Total Suspended Solids (TSS) load: 34.1 ton/yr
Estimated Removal rate: 50% (Filter strips and ditch checks)
TP Removal: 3.2 lb/yr
TSS Removal: 17.1 lb/yr

North Redwing Avenue R/W ditch
Drainage area: 5.1 acres
Total Phosphorus (TP) load: 2.0 lb/yr
Total Suspended Solids (TSS) load: 10.9 ton/yr
Estimated Removal rate: 50% (Filter strips and ditch checks)
TP Removal: 1.0 lb/yr
TSS Removal: 5.4 lb/yr

Project Description
The ditches at the intersection of Redwing Avenue and North Sutton Lake Boulevard have significant erosion. The ditch on the east side of Redwing is eroded from the field drain tile outlet south to the culvert under Sutton Lake Boulevard. The ditch north of Sutton Lake Boulevard appears to have a sediment blockage causing both sediment buildup and head cut erosion. There is also notable erosion at the outlet of the outlet of Swamp Lake. The outlet culvert extends from the bank approximately 10-15 feet beyond the riprap bank protection and there is a head cut in the right-of-way ditch south of the culvert outlet.

Project Scope
Preliminary recommendation is to regrade and stabilize the ditches with erosion control blanket and permeable ditch checks to stabilize the erosion at the intersection of Redwing Avenue and Sutton Lake Boulevard. Installing riprap energy dissipation at the outlet of the field drain tile would also aid in preventing future erosion. To provide water quality treatment, filter ditch checks, sand filter berms or filtration trenches are preliminarily recommended.

At the outlet of Swamp Lake, regrading and stabilizing the ditches with erosion control blanket and riprap ditch checks is recommended to stabilize the erosion and head cut currently occurring. Cutting the existing culvert to match into the bank and adding a flared end section and riprap splash pool to the shortened culvert would spread out the flow and further reduce the risk of future erosion. Installation of a small treatment basin in the right-of-way ditch upstream of the Swamp Lake outlet pipe is also recommended.

Engineering services would include preliminary topographic survey, concept review and coordination meetings with the Township (2), and design and drafting of a construction plan sheet(s) sufficient for solicitation of contractor quotes.

Estimated engineering services are $8,000.

Ballpark estimate of construction costs are $50,000.
REGULAR MEETING MINUTES

Tuesday, March 10, 2020
Prior Lake City Hall
6:00 PM

Members Present: Mike Myser, Curt Hennes, Charlie Howley & Bruce Loney

Staff & Consultants Present: Diane Lynch, District Administrator
Maggie Karschnia, Water Resources Project Manager
Jeff Anderson, Water Resource Technician
Brett Emmons, EOR, District Engineer

Others Present: Jerry Mealman, CAC
Steve McComas, Blue Water Science
Joey Abramson, WSB
Troy Kuphal, SWCD

• CALL TO ORDER/PLEDGE OF ALLEGIANCE: Meeting called to order by President Myser at 6:00 PM.

• 2.0 PUBLIC COMMENT: None

• 3.0 APPROVAL OF AGENDA:
Manager Hennes moved to approve to remove items 4.4 and 4.5 since they were reviewed at the Workshop. Second by Manager Howley. All ayes. Motion passed 4-0.

OTHER OLD/NEW BUSINESS

• 4.1 PROGRAMS & PROJECT UPDATES
Staff gave updates on current and ongoing District projects and activities, focusing on Water Quality, Upper Subwatershed Storage and AIS.

• 4.2 AQUATIC VEGETATION SURVEY PRESENTATION
Steve McComas, Blue Water Science, presented the 2019 results of the vegetation surveys he performed.

• 4.3 SWCD 2019 PROGRESS REPORT
Troy Kuphal, SWCD presented on 2019 projects. Discussion only. No vote taken.
• **4.4 SWCD 2020 CONTRACT FOR SERVICES**
  Discussion and Vote taken in Workshop. See Workshop Minutes.

• **4.5 CITY OF SAVAGE LOCAL WATER PLAN APPROVAL**
  Discussion and Vote taken in Workshop. See Workshop Minutes.

• **4.6 FECL WEIR IMPROVEMENT PROJECT**
  Joey Abramson, WSB, presented project. Manager Howley moved to approve the FeCl Weir Improvement Project conditioned on Staff reviewing contract provisions with the Contractor and potentially modifying liquidated damage amounts, time of completion, force majeure, etc. in order to better define and understand the risk of surface water control with respect to installing the carp barrier portion of the work. Second by Manager Hennes. All ayes. Motion passed 4-0.

• **5.0 APPROVAL OF CONSENT AGENDA**
  Manager Hennes moved to approve the consent agenda. Second by Manager Howley. All ayes. Motion passed 4-0.

• **6.0 TREASURER REPORT/FINANCIAL REPORT**
  Manager Howley gave updates on current financial reporting.

• **7.0 MANAGER PRESENTATIONS ON WATERSHED RELATED ITEMS**
  Board Managers had the opportunity to share any information from liaison meetings or other items relating to the District. Discussion only. No vote taken.

• **8.0 UPCOMING MEETINGS/EVENTS**
  - CAC Meeting, Thursday, March 26, 6:30 – 8:00 PM, City Hall
  - FLC’s Growing Health Soils, March 19, 9:00 AM – 3:00 PM, Ridges at Sand Creek
  - Board – Special Meeting to Discuss Water Resources Management Plan, Tuesday, March 31, 4 – 6:00 PM

**ADJOURNMENT**
Manager Howley moved to adjourn meeting. Second by Manager Hennes. All ayes. Motion passed 4-0. Meeting adjourned at 8:04 PM.

____________________________________________
Bruce Loney, District Secretary
Members Present: Curt Hennes, Charlie Howley, Fred Corrigan, Bruce Loney & Mike Myser

Staff Present: Diane Lynch, District Administrator and Maggie Karschnia, Project Manager

Others Present: Brett Emmons, EOR; Troy Kuphal, Scott SWCD; Jim Fitzsimmons, Scott SWCD

The meeting was called to order by President Mike Myser at 4:00 p.m.

**District Programs and Projects Priorities**
Diane Lynch reviewed a list of projects and programs and additional Board Retreat assignments and asked for direction from the Board. The Board thought the additional items recommended at the Board Retreat would take not a lot of time to complete. Diane indicated that the staff will have its own retreat and will recommend priority projects and programs for 2020. The Board discussed the need for an Upper Watershed Plan which includes activities such as: FeCl plant; Ditch 13; Wetland Inventory and PCSWMM update to be completed by the end of the year.

**SWCD’s Draft Contract**
Troy Kuphal, Manager, Scott SWCD went through his 2019 Progress Report. He answered questions on the Report and what was planned for 2020. Manager Loney moved and Manager Hennes seconded a motion to approve the SWCD’s 2020 contract. The motion was approved 4-0. Manager Loney asked Troy to e-mail the managers his presentation on their wetland banking project, as well.

**City of Savage Local Water Plan**
Brett Emmons reviewed Savage’s Plan and recommendations for changes. Manager Hennes moved to approve the draft comments and Manager Loney seconded a motion to approve the comments. The motion was approved 4-0.

**District Administrator’s Performance Review Finalization**
This part of the meeting was closed.
**Emerging Issues**
No additional issues were discussed.

The meeting adjourned at 5:50 p.m.
March 31, 2020
Special Board Meeting

SPECIAL MEETING MINUTES

Tuesday, March 31, 2020
Prior Lake City Hall
4:00 PM

Members Present: Mike Myser, Curt Hennes, Charlie Howley & Bruce Loney

Staff & Consultants Present: Diane Lynch, District Administrator
Carl Almer, EOR, District Engineer

Others Present: Annette Thompson, City of Prior Lake
Glenn Kelley, Spring Lake Township

• CALL TO ORDER/PLEDGE OF ALLEGIANCE: Meeting called to order by President Myser at 4:00 PM.

• REVIEW WRMP AGENCY COMMENTS:
Manager Loney moved to accept the responses to agency comments with revisions as discussed at the meeting. Second by Manager Hennes. All ayes. Motion passed 4-0.

• DNR RESOLUTION REGARDING SUTTON LAKE GRANT
Manager Hennes moved to approve the Local Government Resolution for Flood Hazard Mitigation Grant Assistance, PLSLWD Resolution 20-341. Second by Manager Loney. All ayes. Motion passed 4-0.

• RESPONSE TO COVID-19
Diane Lynch, District Administrator, gave an update on how staff and operations are dealing with the COVID-19 pandemic.

• EMERGING ISSUES
Issues mentioned for future workshops include:
  • Financial report revisions
  • Street sweeping operations and possible report from the City of Prior Lake
  • Request for information expenditures to-date on the carp removal effort.

ADJOURNMENT
Manager Hennes moved to adjourn meeting. Second by Manager Loney. All ayes. Motion passed 4-0. Meeting adjourned at 6:01 PM.

_____________________________
Bruce Loney, District Secretary
Managers will consider approving this claims list - Staff payroll and Manager per diems have already been paid via ADP. After the managers vote, two Managers will sign checks within three days of the meeting for approve claims. Then, staff will US mail checks (written on the Klein Bank) to the claims list parties. Staff will request that all vendors provide information on their invoices to fit into the categories below.

### 1. Watershed District Projects (excluding staff payroll)

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<thead>
<tr>
<th>Vendor</th>
<th>Invoice</th>
<th>Description</th>
<th>Amount</th>
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Subtotal: 25,300.07

### 2. Outlet Channel - JPA/OMA (excluding staff payroll)

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Subtotal: 3,309.60

### 3. Payroll, Office and Overhead

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Subtotal: 65,534.11

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Subtotal: 0.00

TOTAL: 94,143.78
### Financial Report - Cash Basis

**January 1, 2019 Through December 31, 2019**

#### 405

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#### Program Salaries and Benefits (not JPA/MOA)

| - | 306,170 | - | - | 306,170 | 71,748 | 417,038 | 136.21% |

#### Public Infrastructure Partnership Projects

| - | 100,000 | - | - | 100,000 | - | 22,352 |

#### Storage & Infiltration Projects

| - | 200,000 | - | - | 200,000 | 8,161 | 67,212 | 89.67% |

#### 550 Capital Projects

| - | 300,000 | - | - | 300,000 | 8,161 | 89,564 | 29.85% |

#### Farmer-led Council

| - | 61,000 | - | - | 61,000 | 22,620 | 39,259 |

#### Identify and Mitigate Channel Erosion

| - | 5,000 | - | - | 5,000 | - | - |

#### Cost-Share Incentives

| - | 58,000 | - | - | 58,000 | 7,077 | 33,817 |

#### Highway 13 Wetland, FeCi system & Desilt, O&M

| - | 57,800 | - | - | 57,800 | 2,829 | 26,652 |

#### Fish Point Park Retrofits

| - | 3,500 | - | - | 3,500 | - | - |

#### Aquatic Vegetation Mgmt

| - | 6,000 | - | - | 6,000 | (3,936) | 13 |

#### Fish Management, Rough Fish Removal

| - | 27,000 | - | - | 27,000 | 16,657 | 26,267 |

#### Spring Lake Parcel Maintenance

| - | 2,000 | - | - | 2,000 | 1,412 | 1,412 |

#### Raymond Park Maintenance

| - | 3,500 | - | - | 3,500 | 2,000 | 3,500 |

#### County Rd 12/17 Maintenance

| - | 7,000 | - | - | 7,000 | - | - |

#### FeCi carp barrier time replacement project

| - | 35,000 | - | - | 35,000 | 9,794 | 9,921 |

#### Indian Ridge Maintenance

| - | 1,636 | - | - | 1,636 | - | - |

#### Fairlawn Shores Maintenance

| - | 1,500 | - | - | 1,500 | - | 998 |

#### 611 Operations & Maintenance

| - | 268,936 | - | - | 268,936 | 58,454 | 145,761 | 54.20% |

#### Engineering not for programs

| 30,000 | 30,000 | 1,526 | 14,070 |

#### Planning and Program Development

| 25,000 | 25,000 | 4,981 | 25,443 |

#### Fish Lake TMDL Implementation

| 10,000 | 10,000 | - | - |

#### Pike Lake TMDL Implementation

| 10,000 | 10,000 | - | - |

#### LEG Plan Review

| 9,000 | 9,000 | 38 | 1,348 |

#### District Plan Update

| 106,873 | 106,873 | 18,980 | 67,691 |

#### Feasibility Reports

| 39,500 | 39,500 | 5,916 | 6,367 |

#### 626 Planning

| 230,373 | 230,373 | - | - |

#### District Monitoring Program

| 87,100 | 87,100 | 29,041 | 87,865 |

#### Automated Vegetation Monitoring

| 4,700 | 4,700 | 2,734 |

#### Aquatic Vegetation Surveys

| 18,000 | 18,000 | 16,400 | 16,410 |

#### District-wide Hydraulic & Hydrologic model

| 9,500 | 9,500 | - | 10,881 |

#### 637 Monitoring & Research

| 119,300 | 119,300 | 45,441 | 117,890 | 98.82% |

#### Permitting and Compliance

| 10,250 | 10,250 | 1,198 | 14,318 |


| 5,000 | 5,000 | 1,102 | 11,610 |

#### BMP and easement inventory & inspections

| 15,500 | 15,500 | 656 | 2,665 |

#### BMP and easement amendment fees income

| - | - | - | - |

#### 648 Regulation

| 30,750 | 30,750 | (110) | 25,526 | 83.01% |

#### MS4 Education program

| 15,000 | 15,000 | 384 | 689 |

#### Prior Lake-Savage Schools partnerships

| 250 | 250 | - | - |

#### CAC

| 4,000 | 4,000 | 100 | 406 |

#### Signs for projects, software for location & contacts

| 15,500 | 15,500 | 4,863 | 4,863 |

#### 652 Education & Outreach

| 30,750 | 30,750 | - | - |

#### Carp Management/Removal

| 107,000 | 107,000 | 28,723 | 92,870 | 86.79% |

#### Capital Projects--Grants

| 107,000 | 107,000 | - | - |

#### PLOC Restoration, Maintenance & Monitoring

| 46,796 | 46,796 | - | - |

#### Bond Payments

| - | 170,375 | 170,375 | 100.00% |

#### Subtotal

| 200,722 | 1,440,075 | 170,375 | 1,811,172 | 73.06% |

#### Contingency

| 94,833 | 94,833 | 678 | 678 | 0.72% |

#### Alum Internal Loading Reserve

| - | - | - | 110,000 | 110,000 | 100.00% |

#### Total excluding JPA/MOA expenses

| 200,722 | 1,534,908 | 170,375 | 110,000 | 2,016,005 | 71.13% |

#### JPA/MOA Expenses

| 592,750 | - | - | 356,281 | 640,081 | 107.98% |

#### Less budgeted FEMA grant

| (275,000) | - | - | 114,056 | (154,056) | - |

#### Total organization budget

| - | - | - | 697,316 | 1,560,023 | 66.85% |

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No assurance is provided on this statement. This statement omits required disclosures. This statement is prepared on the cash basis of accounting.