

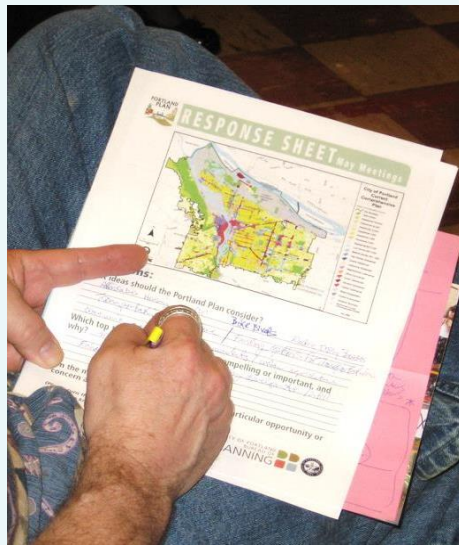


Carl K. Almer & Camilla Correll

October 4, 2018

Why are we here?

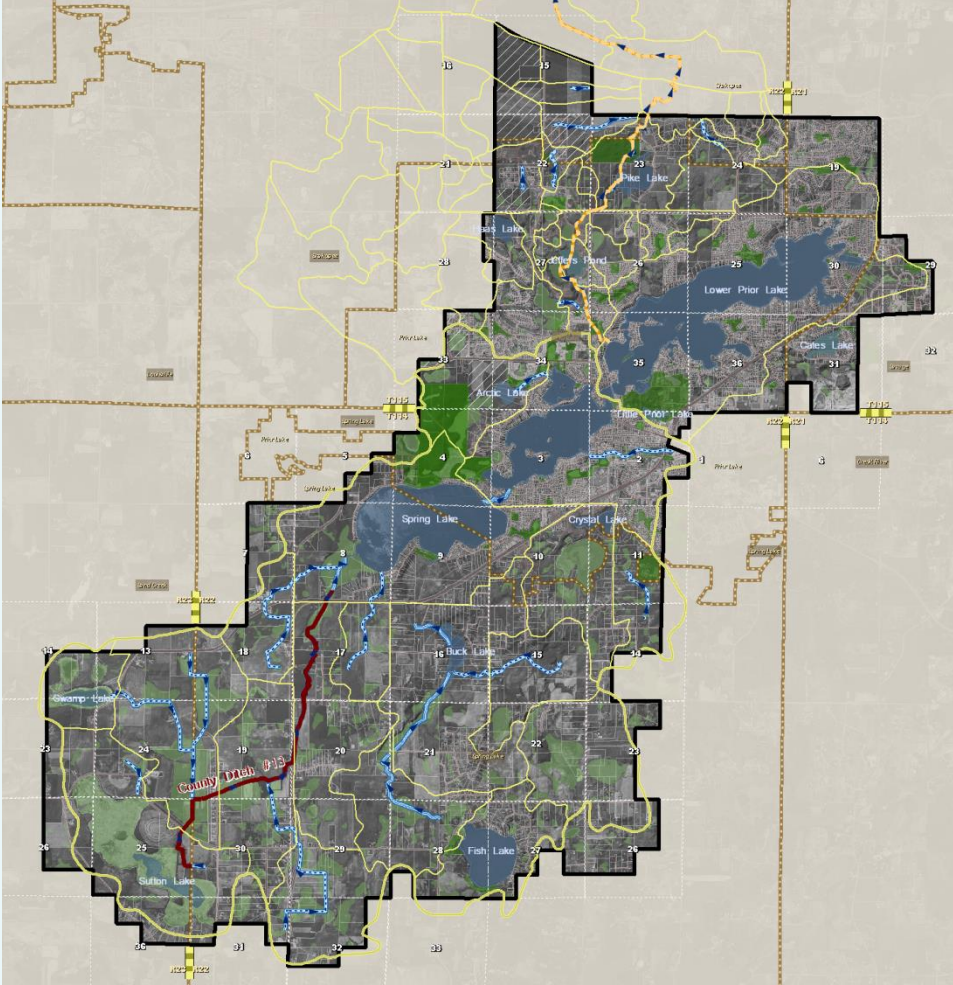
1. To learn about the Prior Lake – Spring Lake Watershed Management Plan Update Process
2. To get your feedback on a mapping exercise being performed to identify priority issues
3. To listen to your comments and concerns about watershed management and the District's resources
4. To share how you can remain an active participant in the plan development process



What is a Watershed?

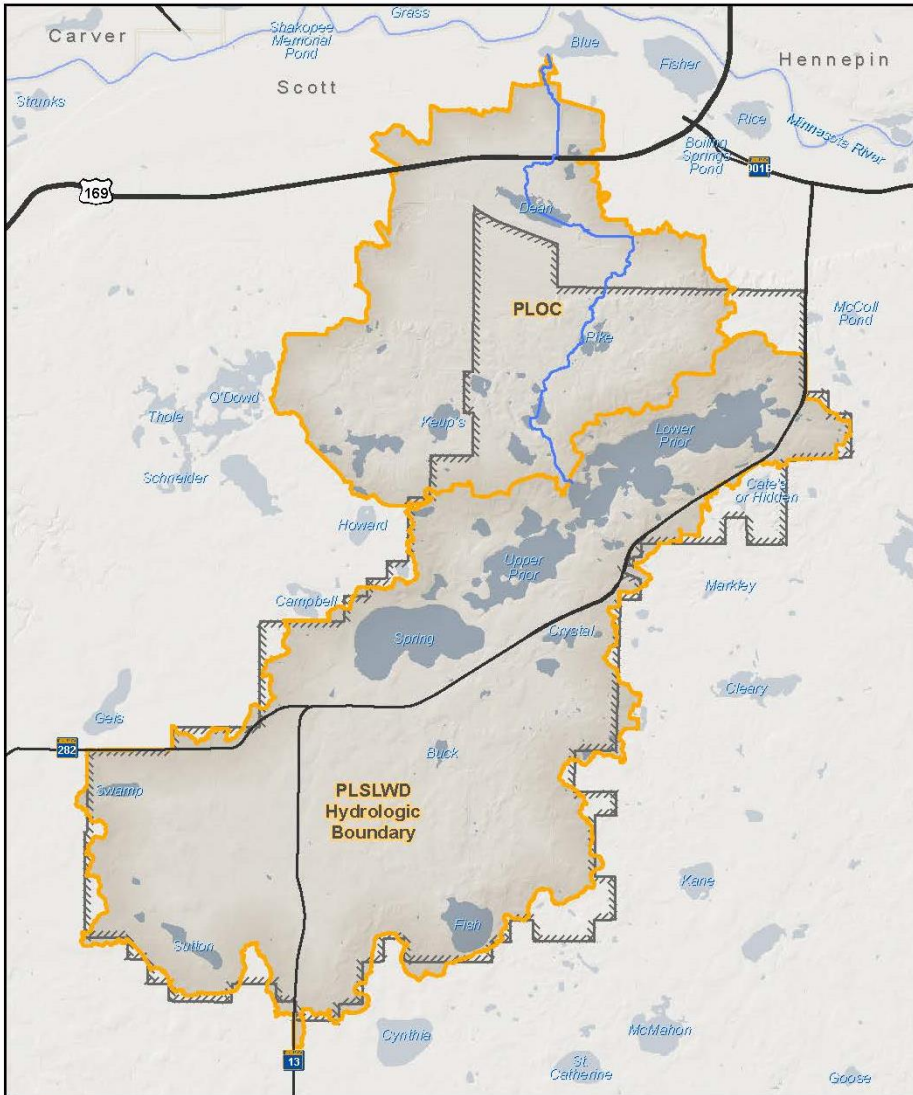
A watershed is an area of land that drains to a single outlet or waterbody.

PLSLWD is 42 square miles. Water flows from the southwest to the northeast through Spring, Upper Prior and Lower Prior Lakes, and then north through the Prior Lake Outlet Channel to the Minnesota River near Valley Fair.



Watershed Characteristics

- Established March 4, 1970
- Located in Scott County, member communities include Prior Lake, Shakopee, Savage, Sand Creek and Spring Lake Township
- Portions of the Shakopee Mdewakanton Sioux Community Tribal Lands located in the WD
- 14 major bodies of water, over 730 wetlands, one County Ditch



Legend

- Hydrologic Boundary including PLOC
- Jurisdictional Boundary
- Prior Lake Outlet Channel

**PLSLWD
Jurisdictional vs Hydrological
Boundaries**

0 Miles 1

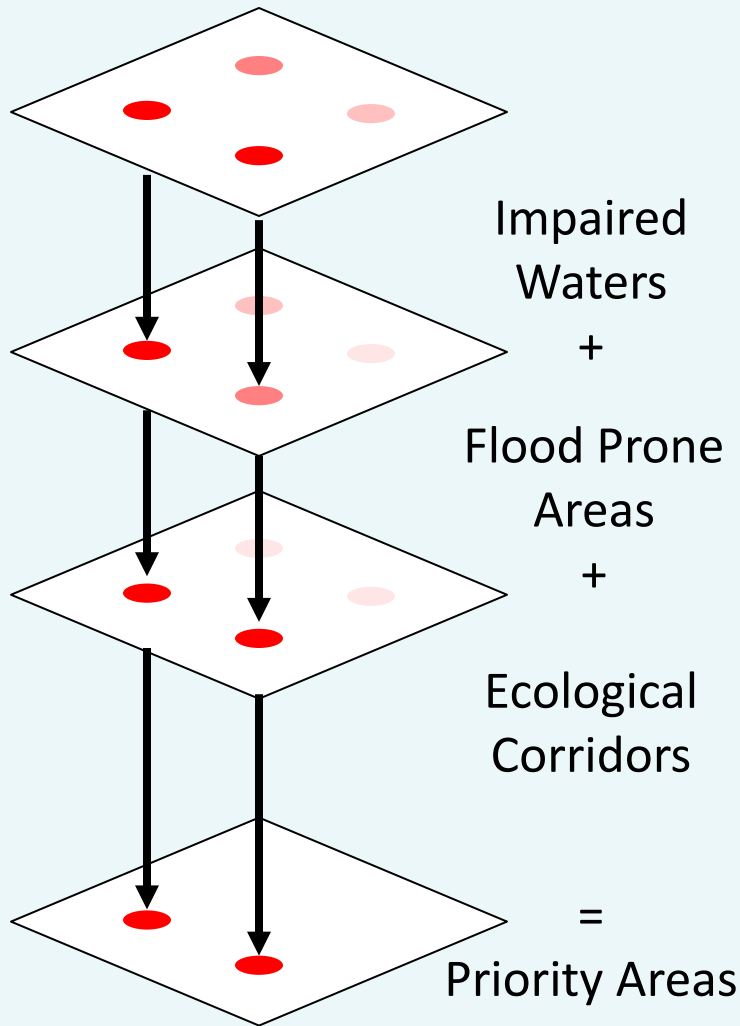
Date: 8/2/2018



Watershed Plan Update Process



Issues Identification Mapping Exercise



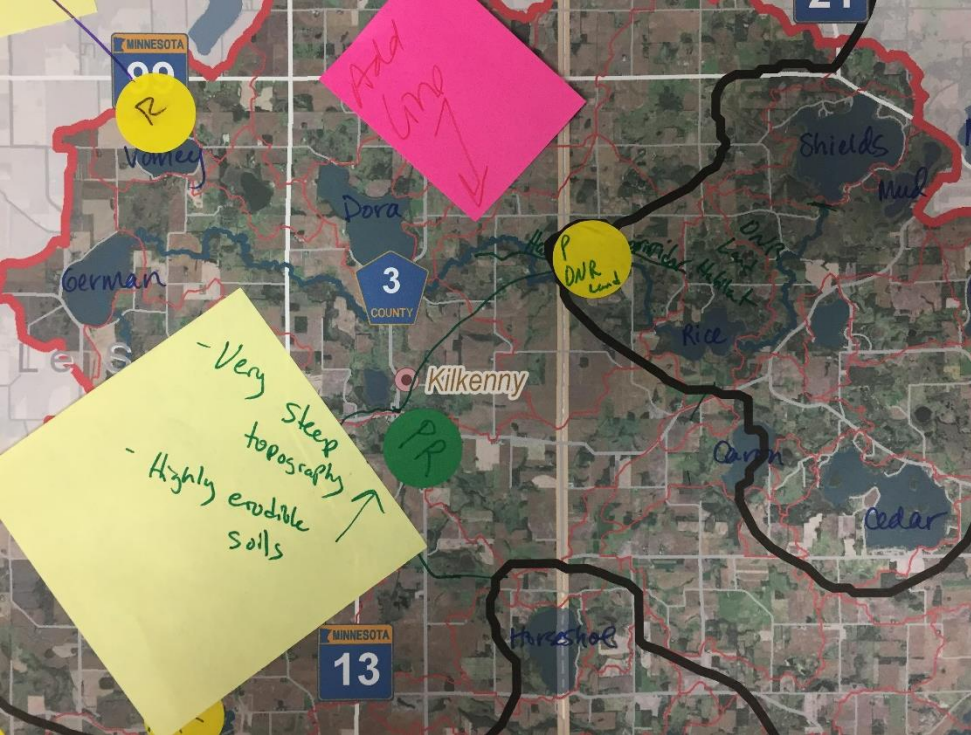
- **Prioritization Tool**

- Hierarchical prioritization of the landscape based on the occurrence level of features
- Identifies areas important for restoration and protection
- Prioritize where issues should be addressed first / what issues can wait until a later date to be addressed?
- Helps identify multiple benefits or stacked functions



Five Broad-Scale Categories

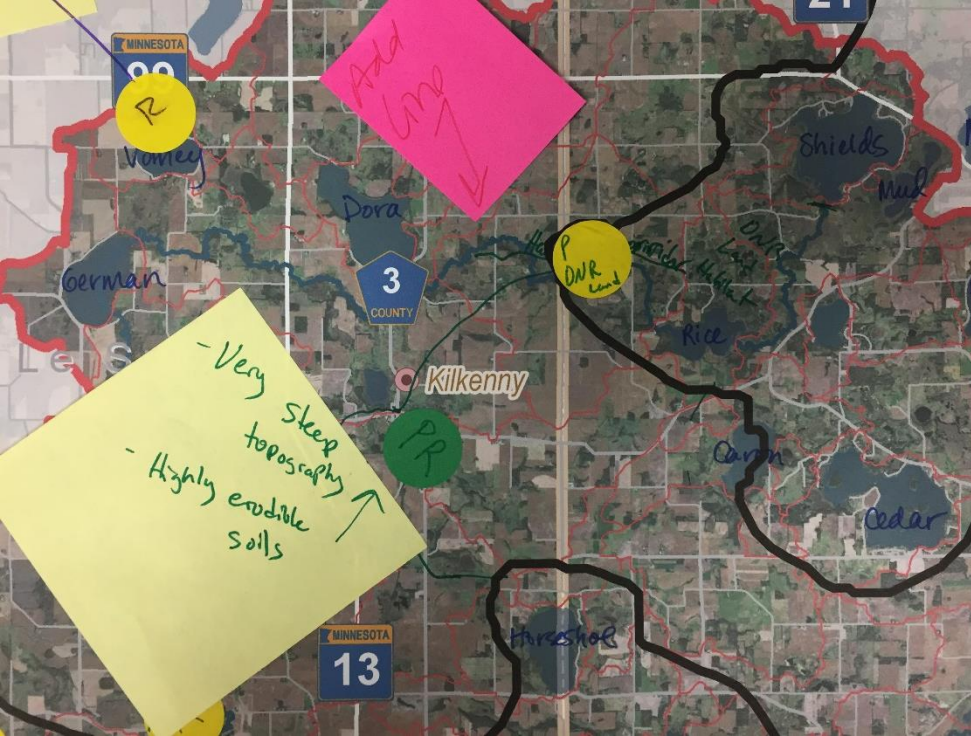
- **Protect or Improve Water Quality**
- **Reduce Flooding**
- **Protect or Improve Recreation, Aesthetic, and Wildlife Habitat Benefits**
- **Focus BMPs in Landuses of Concern**
- **Protect Groundwater**



Small Group Activity

- Go to the table that matches the number on your name tag
 1. Protect or Improve Water Quality
 2. Reduce Flooding
 3. Protect or Improve Recreation, Aesthetic, and Wildlife Habitat Benefits
 4. Focus BMPs in Landuses of Concern
 5. Protect Groundwater
- Spend 15 minutes reviewing and discussing the map: what information was used to generate the map, what does it tell us, is anything missing?
- Use Post-It notes to add your comments to the map





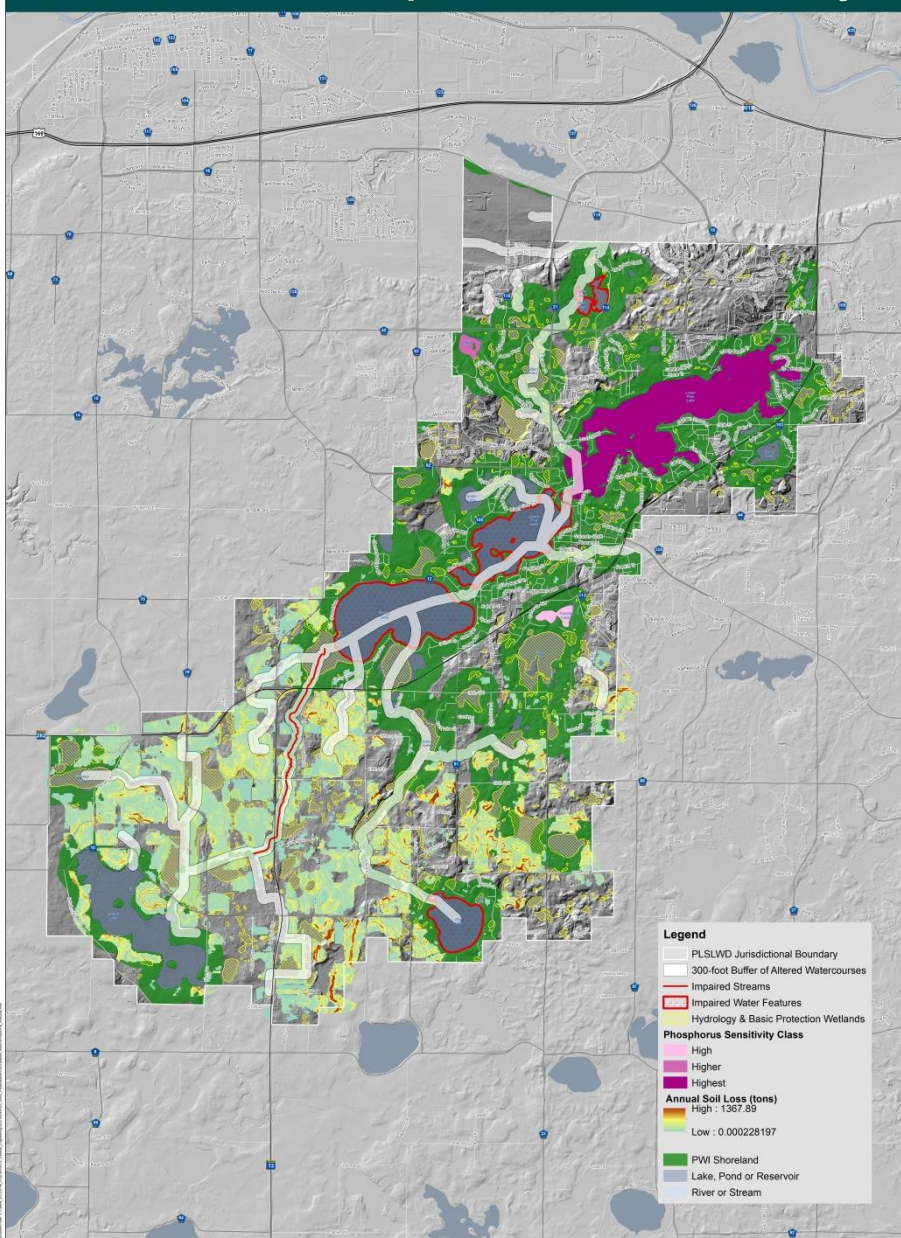
Small Group Activity

Review / Discuss Priority Area Maps

- What issues and/or protection areas are of concern to you?
- Are issues/concerns unique to smaller priority areas or are they watershed-wide issues and concerns?
- Do you know of localized flooding/drainage, areas of biodiversity, areas of high recreational value, etc. that aren't identified on the maps?

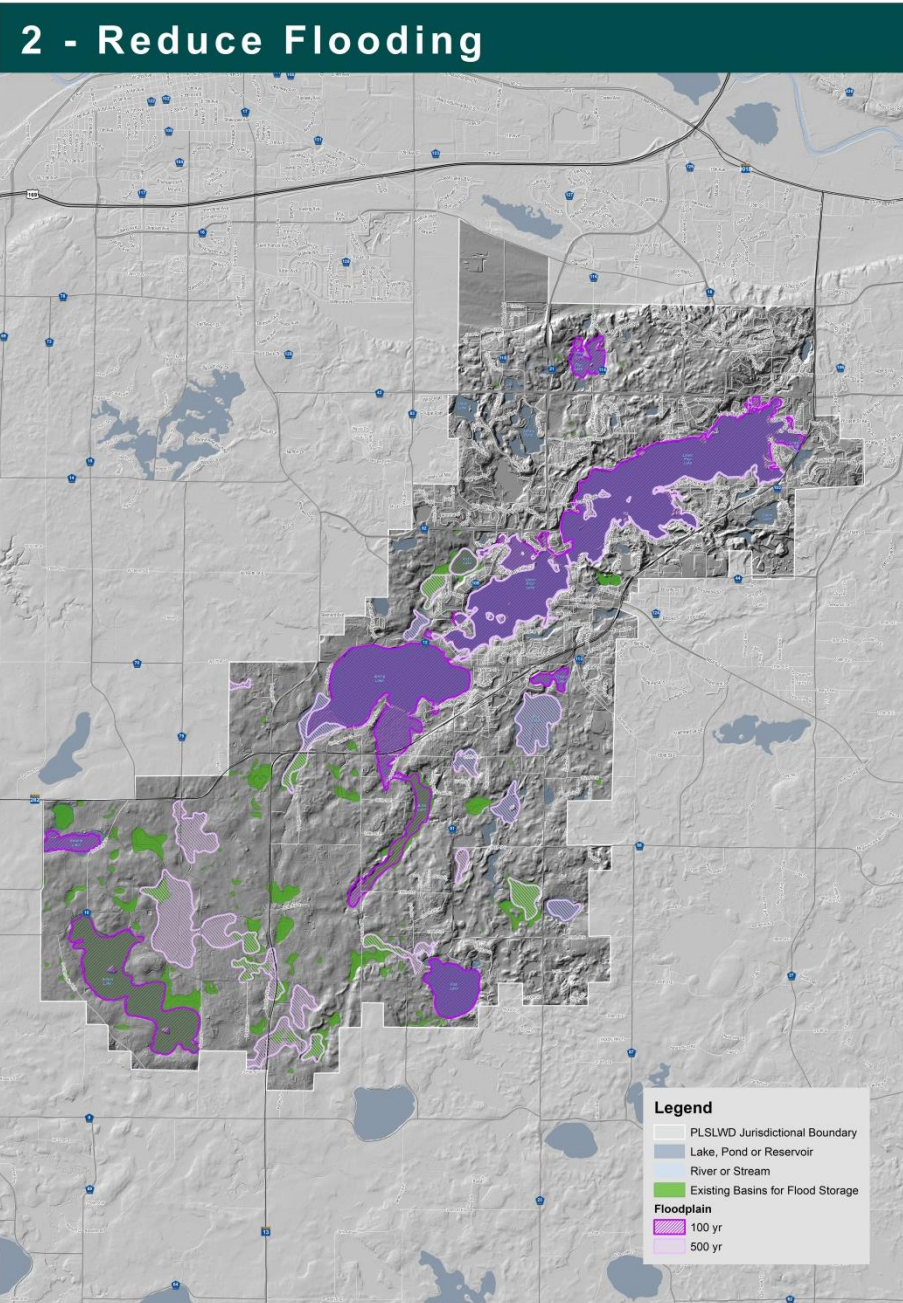


1 - Protect or Improve Water Quality



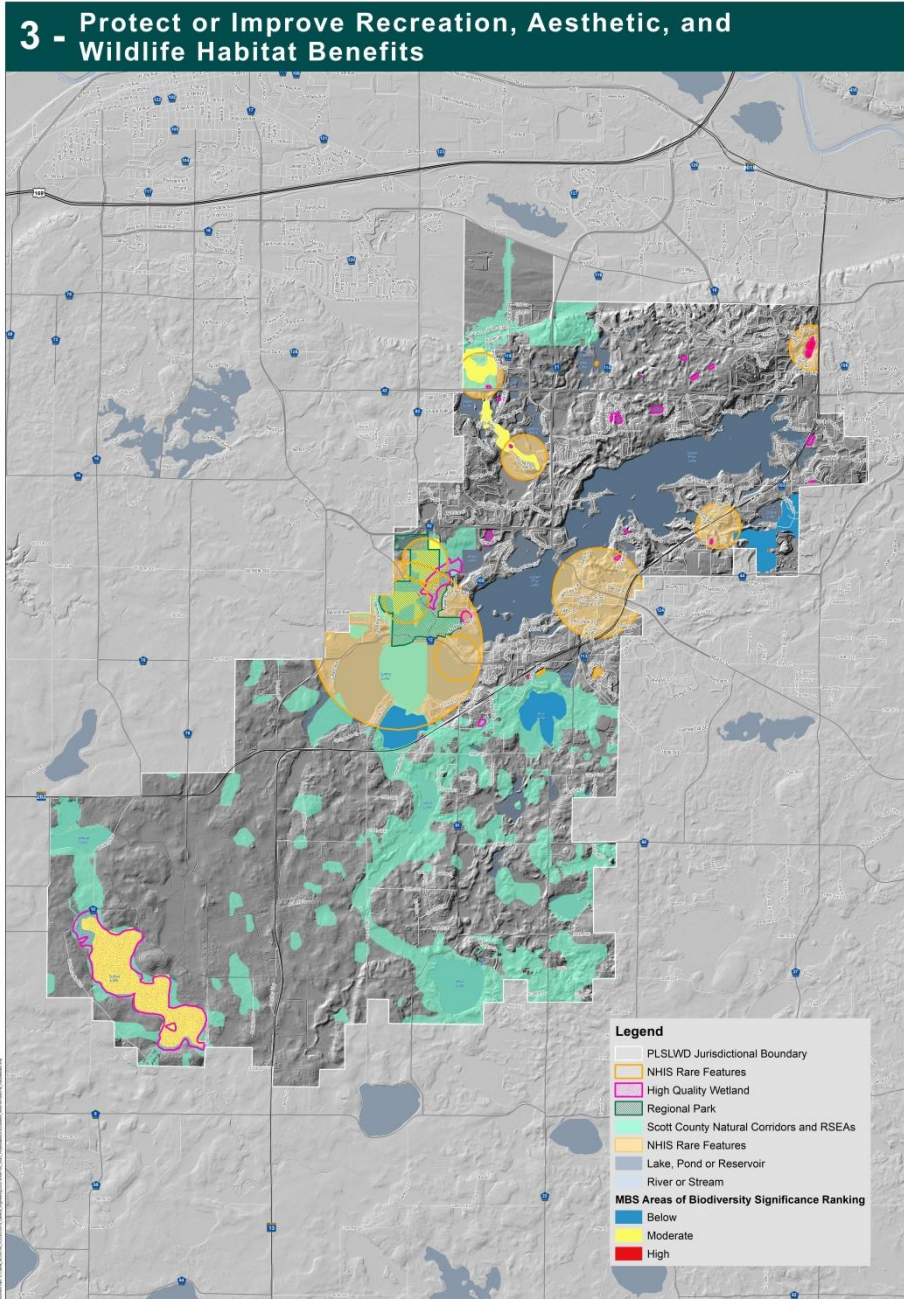
Protect or Improve Water Quality

- Impaired waters
- Lakes vulnerable to phosphorous addition
- Shoreland (1,000' for lakes and wetlands & 300' for streams)
- Altered watercourses
- Areas with high soil loss potential



Reduce Flooding

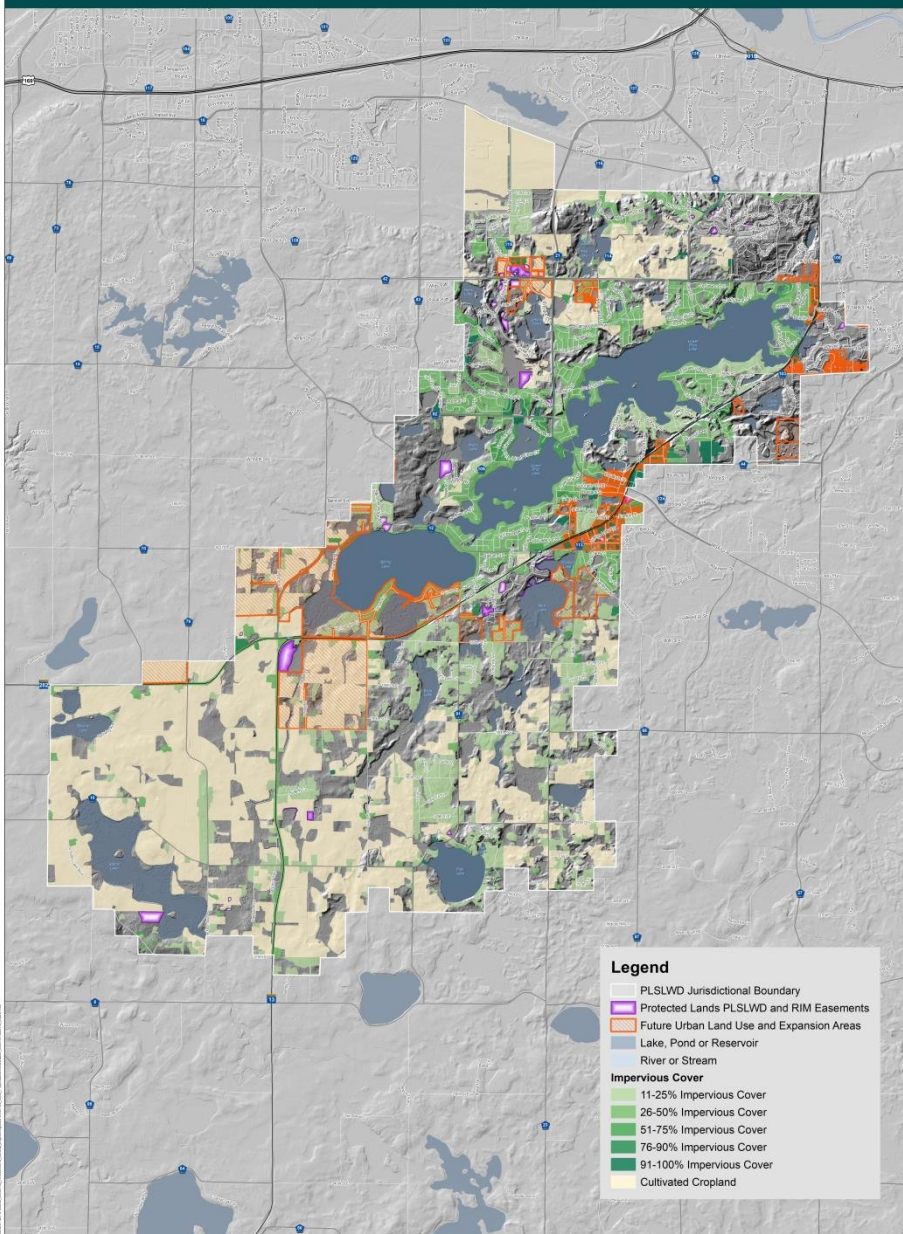
- Enhance Existing basins/wetlands for flood storage
- Scott County Regional Ponds
- Flood prone (floodplain) areas



Protect or Improve Recreation, Aesthetic and Wildlife Benefits

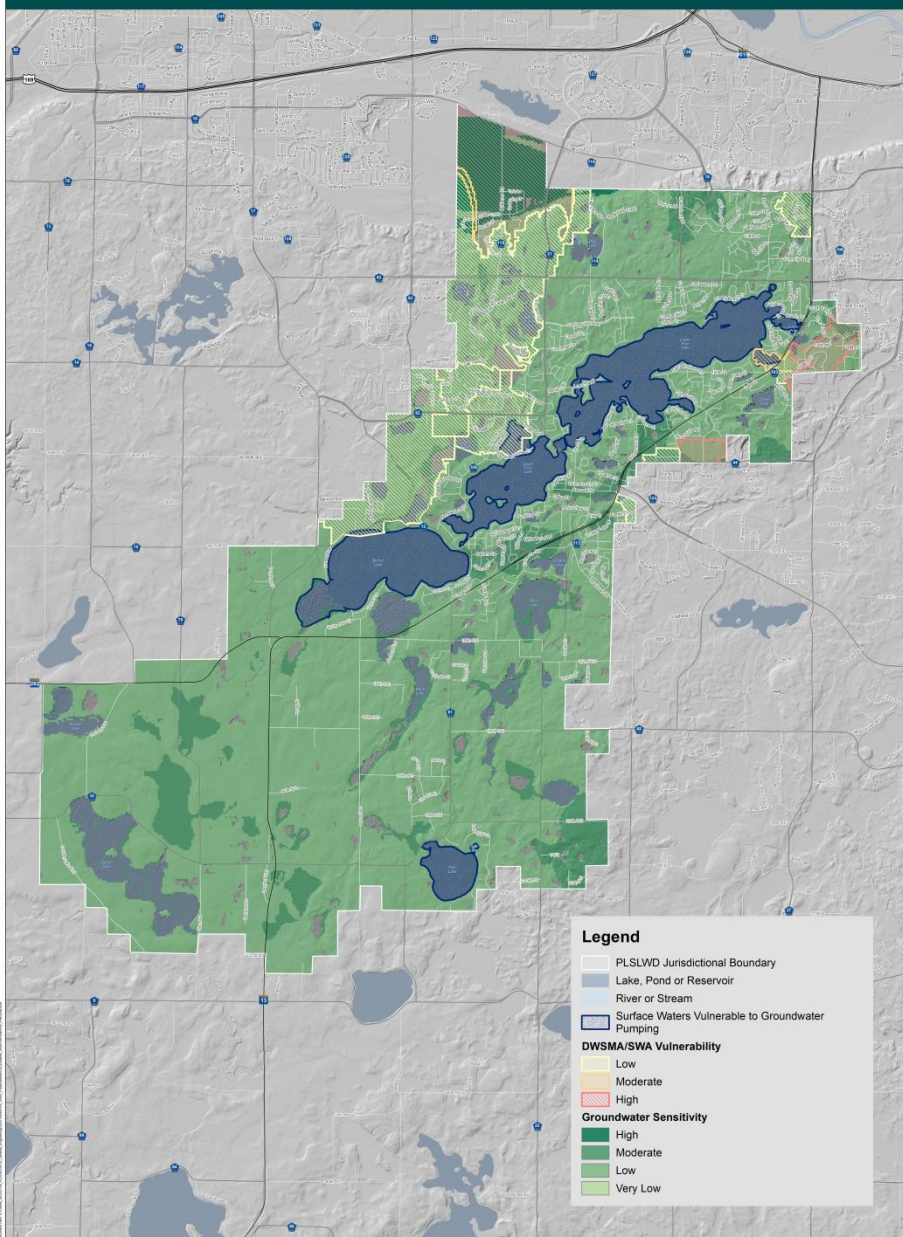
- Rare plants or animals
- Site of biodiversity significance
- Ecological corridors
- Scott County Natural Corridors
- Existing regional parks
- High quality wetlands

4 - Focus BMPs in Landuses of Concern



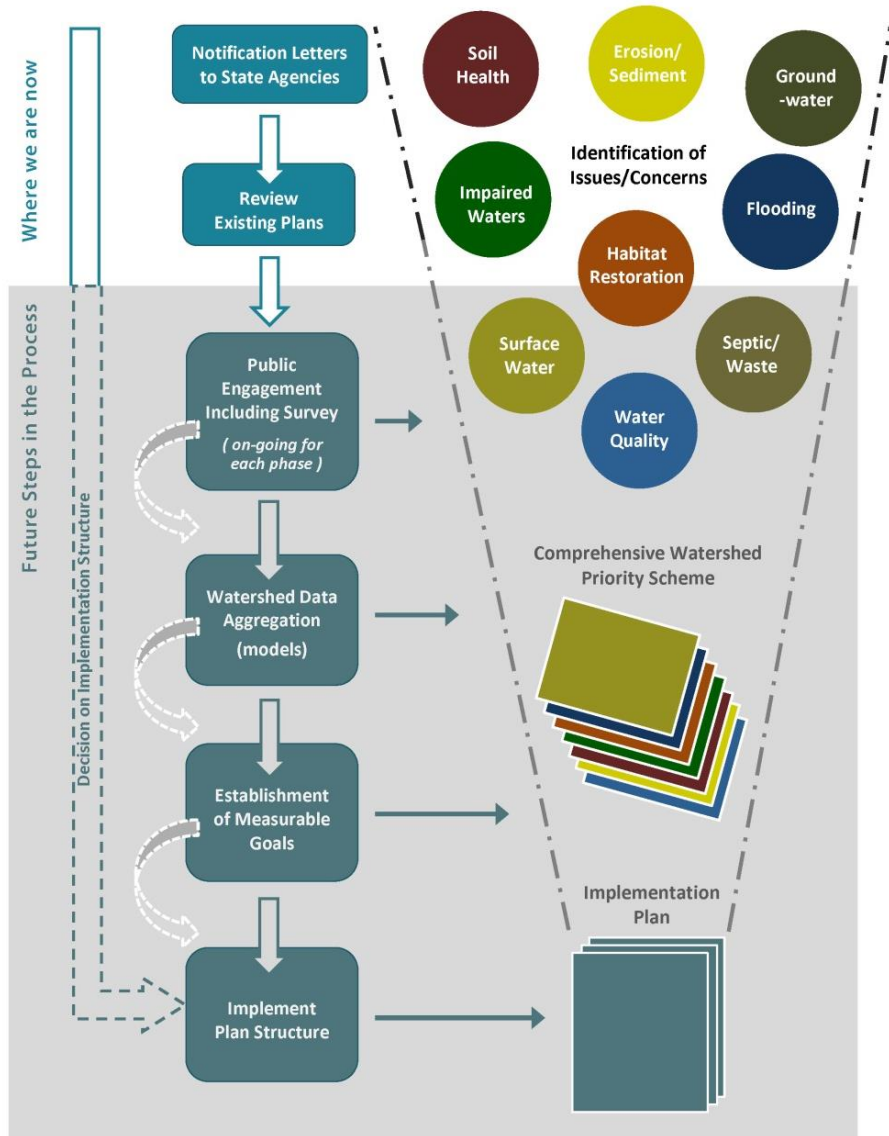
Focus BMPs in Landuses of Concern

- Vulnerable cultivated areas
- Protected lands (easements)
- Existing urban areas
- Cultivated cropland
- Future urban areas



Protect Groundwater

- Drinking Water Supply Management Area (DWSMA) vulnerability & Drinking source water assessment
- Groundwater contamination susceptibility
- Areas with surface water-groundwater interactions



Meetings

Board Workshops

- 4/10/18 – Plan Approach
- 8/1/18 – Prioritization Survey
- 10/24/18 – Issues/Mapping Exercise
- 12/19/18 – Measurable Goals
- March/April 2019 – Implementation Plan

TAC Meetings

- 8/16/18 – Issues, Prioritization Survey
- 10/18/18 – Issues/Mapping Exercise
- December 2018 – Measurable Goals

CAC Meetings

- 9/27/18 – Issues/Mapping Exercise
- 12/13/18 – Measurable Goals

FLC Meetings

- August 2018 – Issues/Survey to all Farmers

Public Meetings

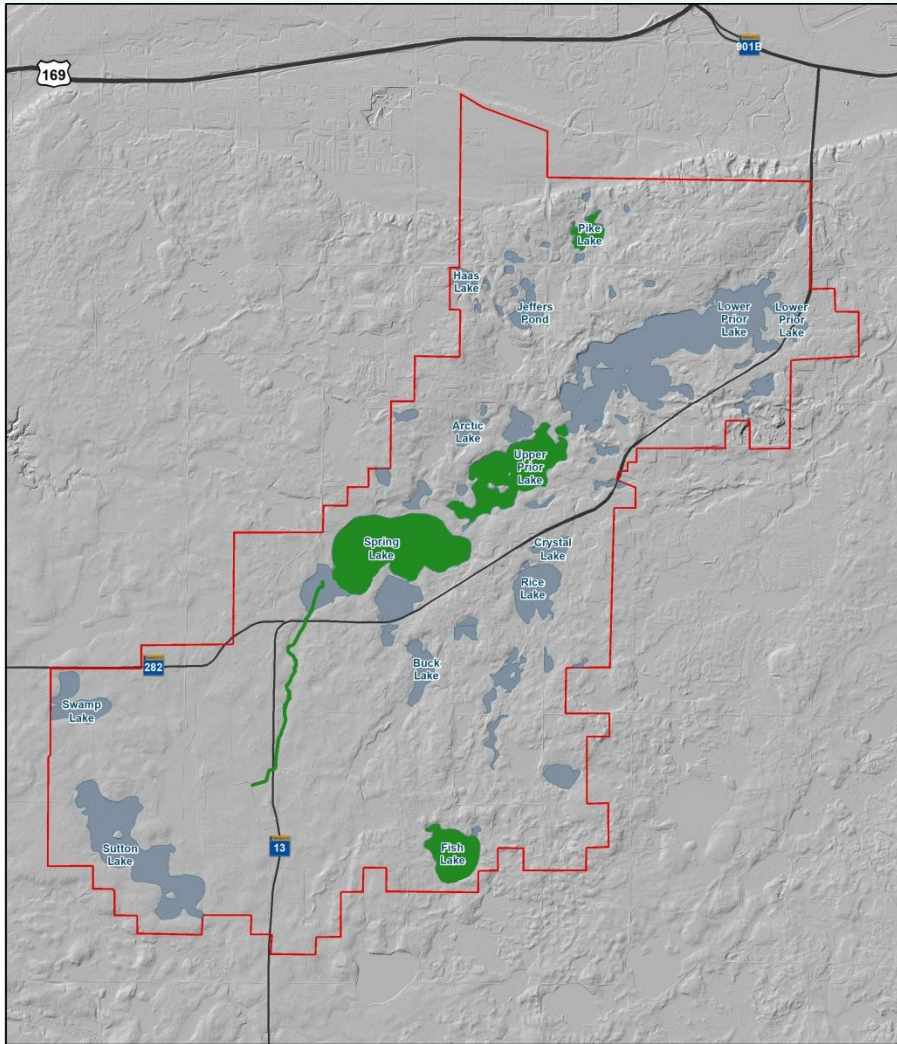
- 10/4/18 – Project Kickoff
- Winter 2018/19 – Measurable Goals
- Spring 2019 – Draft Implementation Plan

- 
- **Contribute your thinking and experience**
 - **Share Ideas without sharing perspectives**
 - **Listen to understand**
 - **Connect ideas**
 - **Focus on what matters**

Questions?

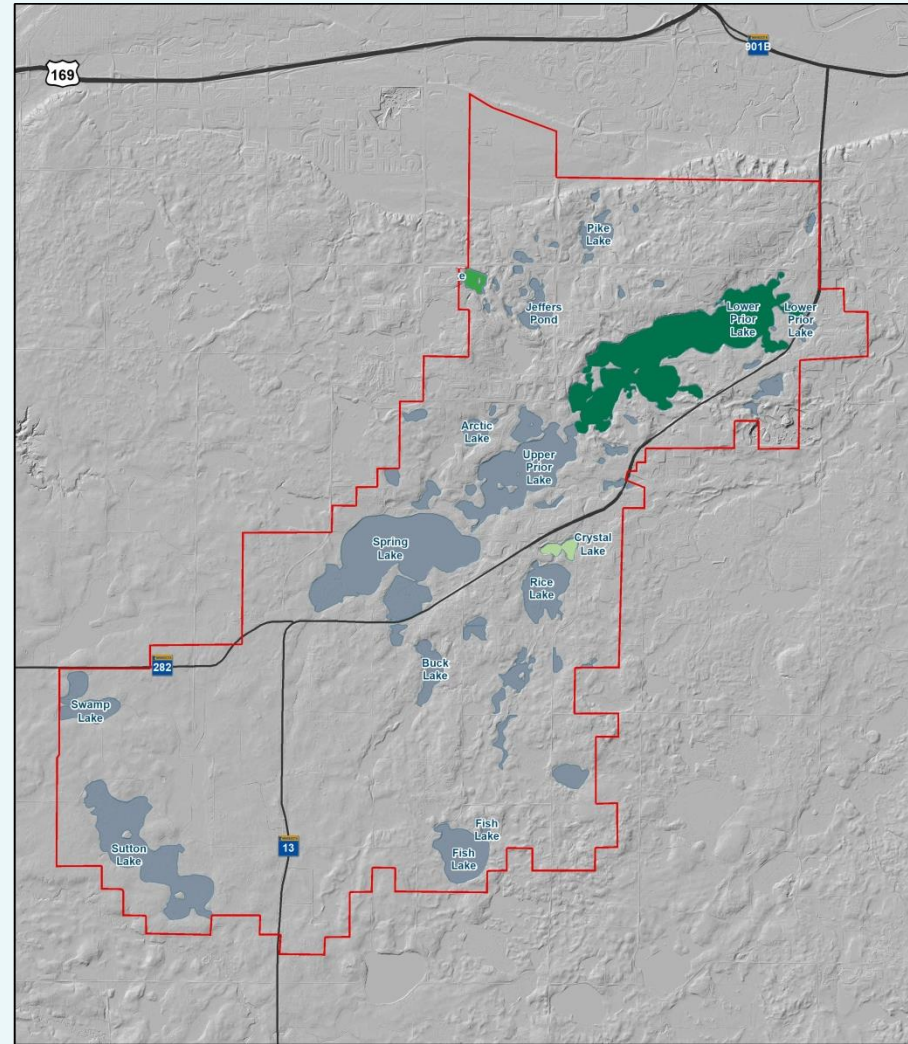


Protect or Improve Water Quality



- PLSLWD Jurisdictional Boundary
- Public Waters
- Impaired Water Features

Protect or Improve Water Quality
Focus on Impaired Waters



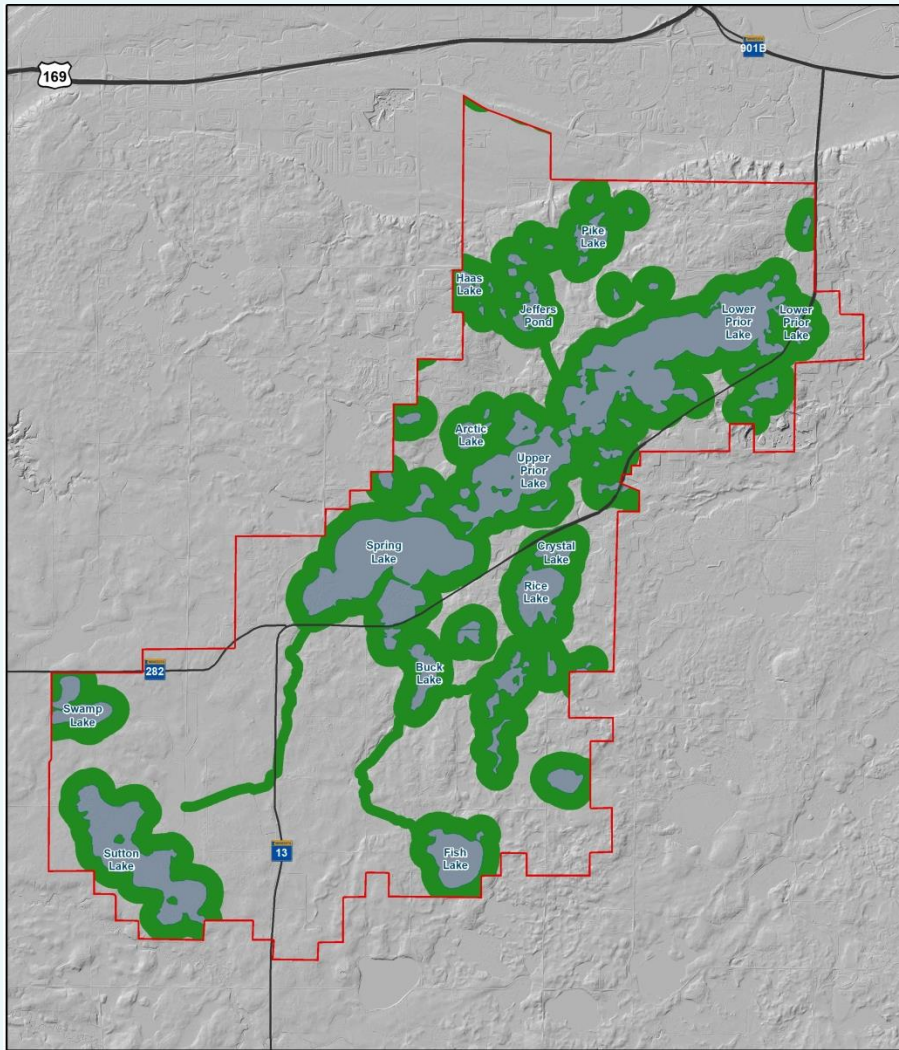
- PLSLWD Jurisdictional Boundary
- Public Waters

- Phosphorus Sensitivity Class**
- High
 - Higher
 - Highest

Protect or Improve Water Quality
Protect Lakes Vulnerable to Phosphorus Addition

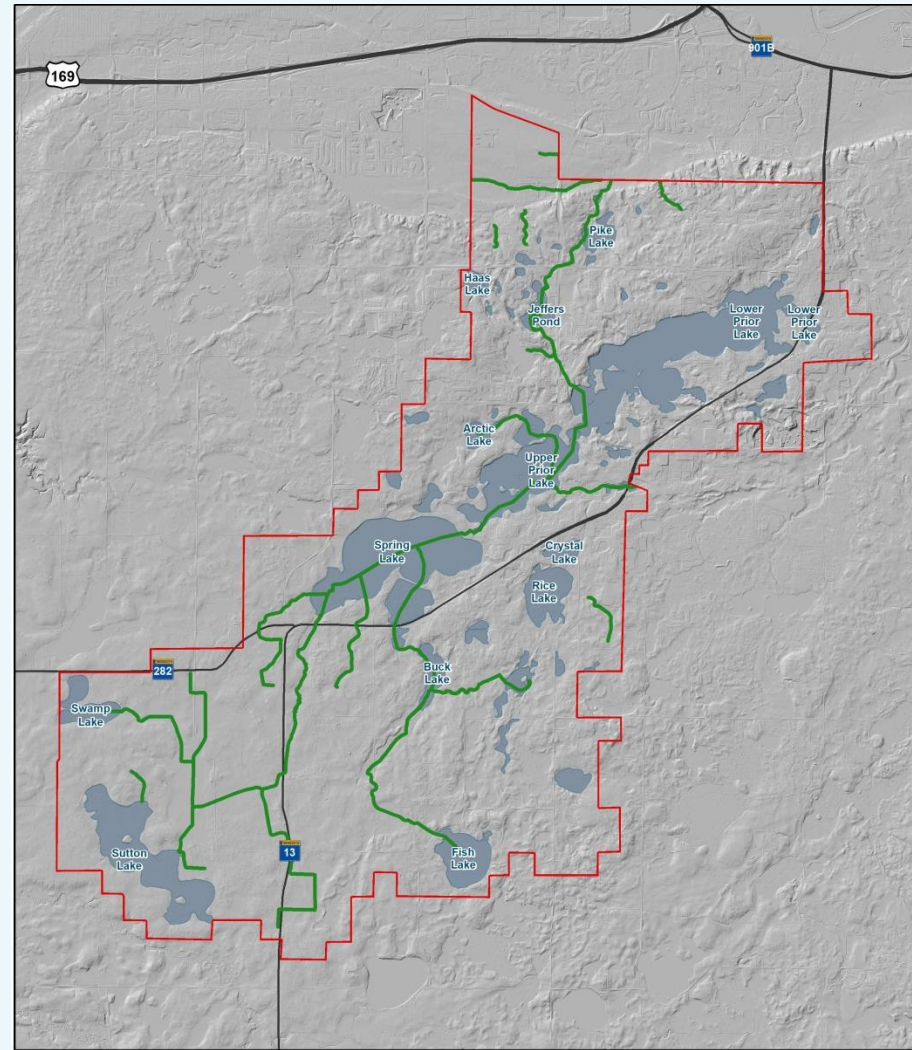


Protect or Improve Water Quality



- PLSLWD Jurisdictional Boundary
- Public Waters
- PWI Shoreland

Protect or Improve Water Quality
Protect or Restore Shoreland

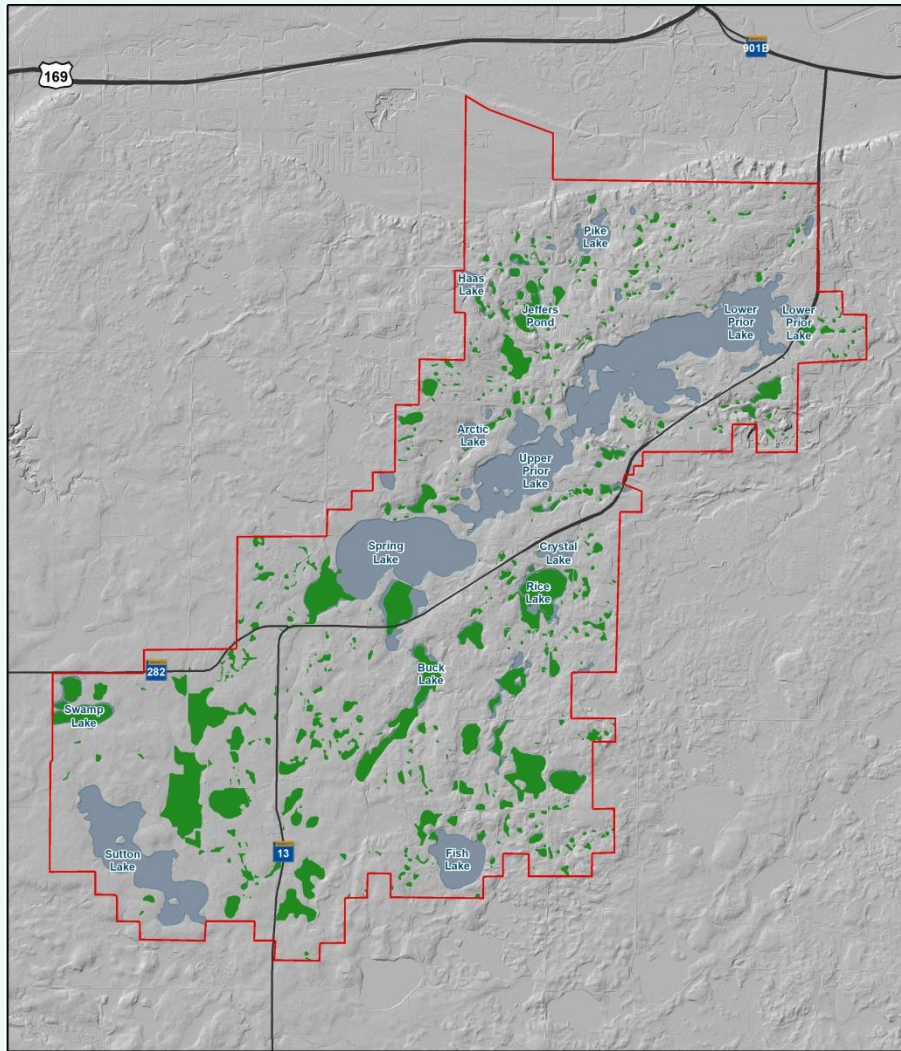


- PLSLWD Jurisdictional Boundary
- Public Waters
- Altered Watercourses

Protect or Improve Water Quality
Restore Altered Drainage Systems



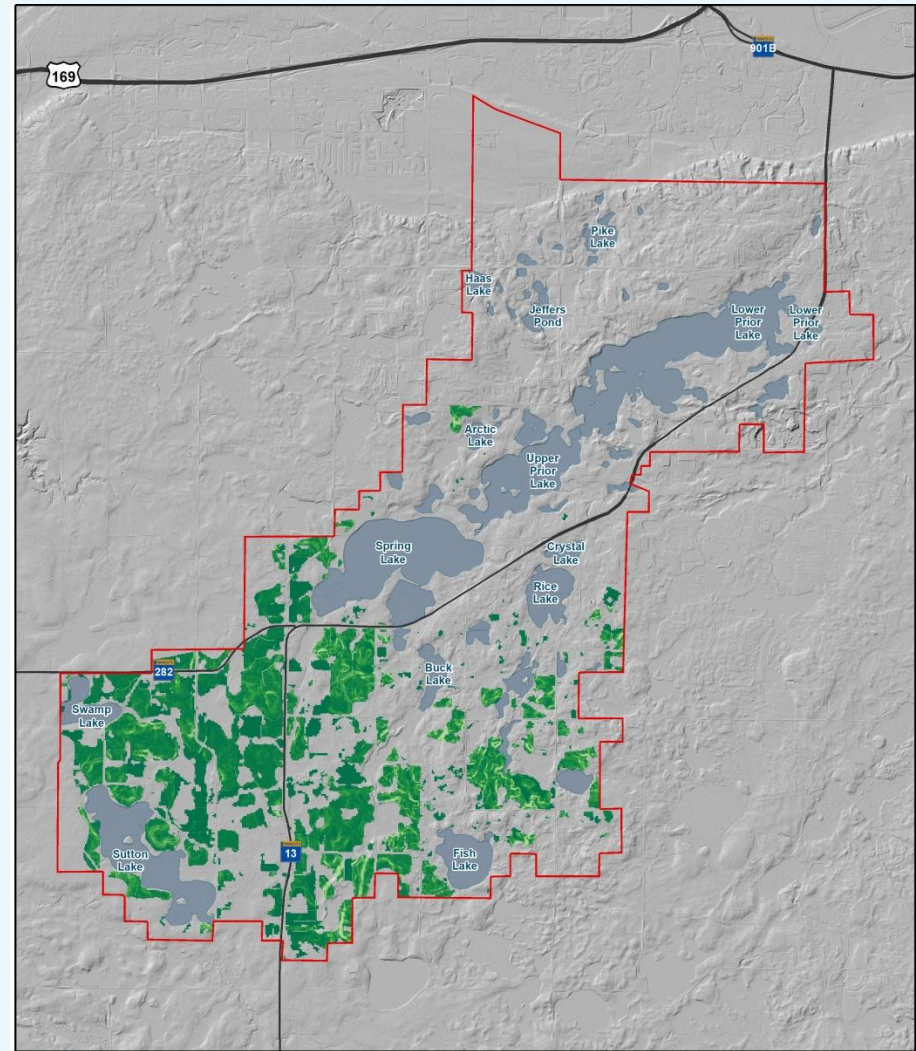
Protect or Improve Water Quality



EOR
water
ecology
community

- ▬ PLSLWD Jurisdictional Boundary
- ▬ Public Waters
- ▬ PLSLWD Wetlands
- ▬ Hydrology & Basic Protection Wetlands

Protect or Improve Water Quality
Protect Wetlands for Water Quality



EOR
water
ecology
community

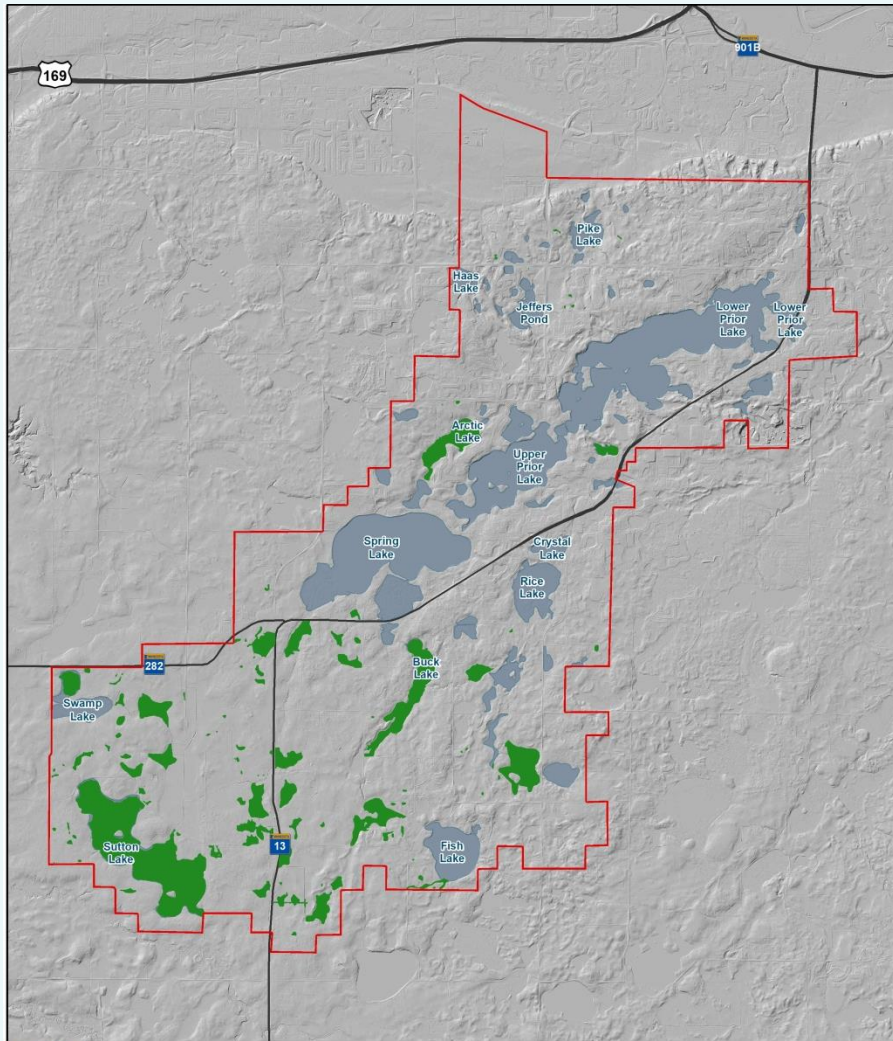
- ▬ PLSLWD Jurisdictional Boundary
- ▬ Public Waters

Annual Soil Loss (tons)
High : 1011.78
Low : 0.000228197

Protect or Improve Water Quality
Focus on Areas with High Soil Loss Potential



Reduce Flooding

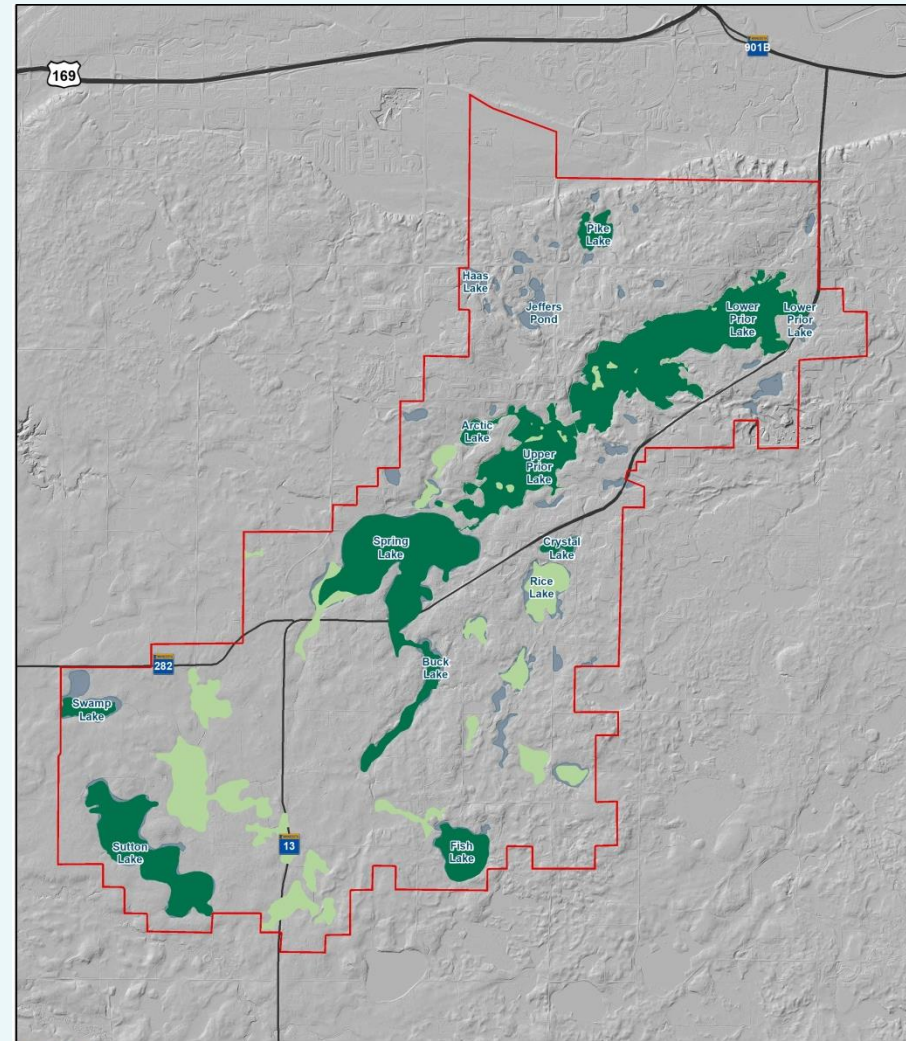


EO
water
ecology
community

- ▬ PLSLWD Jurisdictional Boundary
- ▬ Public Waters
- ▬ Potential Regional Ponds and Restoration/Enhancement Wetlands

Reduce Flooding
Enhance Existing Basins for Flood Storage

Miles
0 1.5



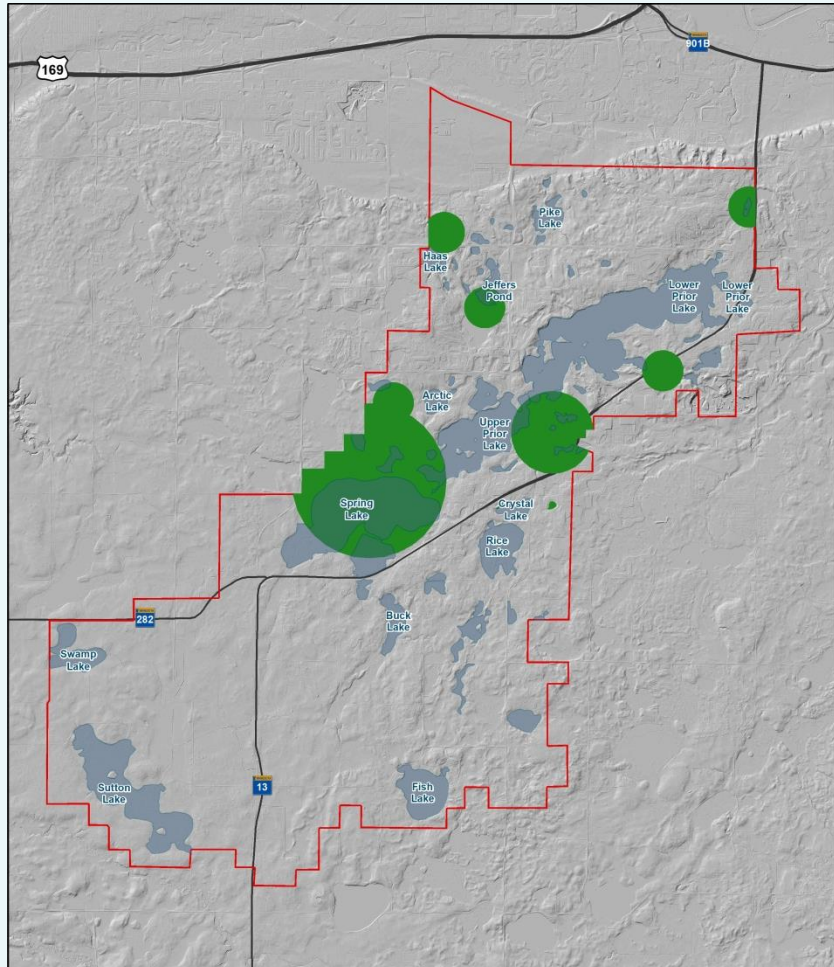
EO
water
ecology
community

- ▬ PLSLWD Jurisdictional Boundary
- ▬ Public Waters
- ▬ 100 Floodplain
- ▬ 500 Floodplain

Reduce Flooding
Focus on Flood Prone Areas

Miles
0 1.5

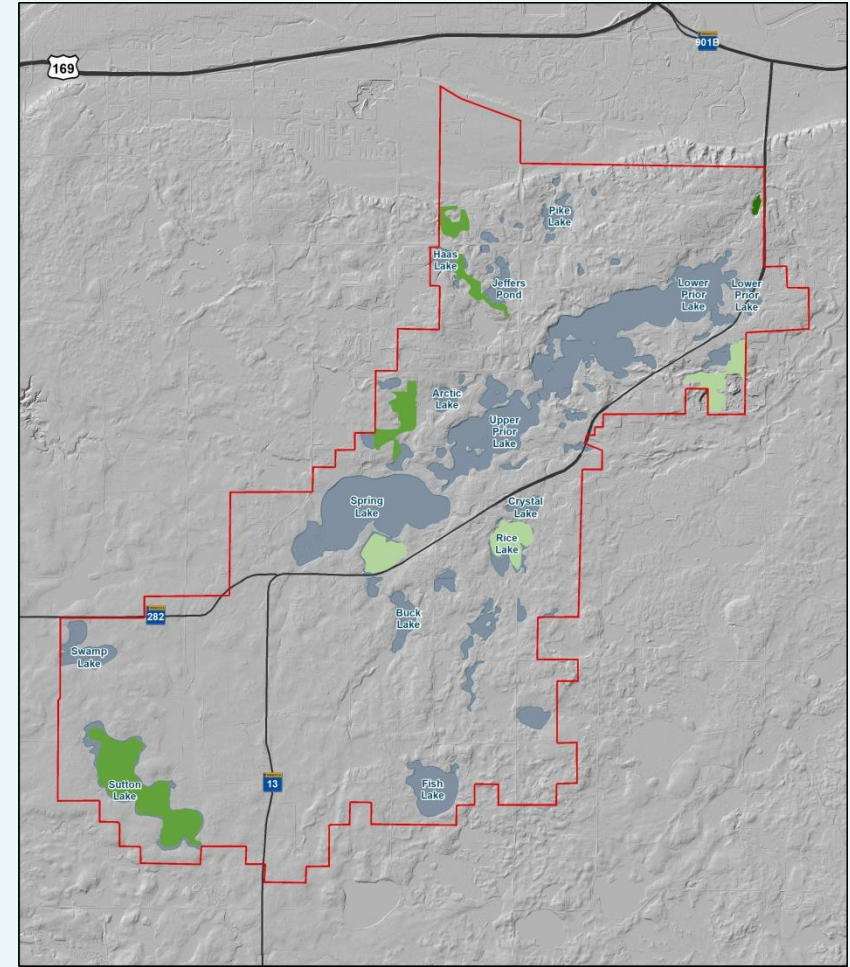
Protect or Improve Recreational, Aesthetic, and Wildlife Habitat Benefits



EOR
water
ecology
community

- PLSLWD Jurisdictional Boundary
- Public Waters
- NHIS Rare Features

**Protect or Improve Recreational, Aesthetic,
and Wildlife Habitat Benefits**
Protect Rare Plants or Animals



EOR
water
ecology
community

- PLSLWD Jurisdictional Boundary
- Public Waters

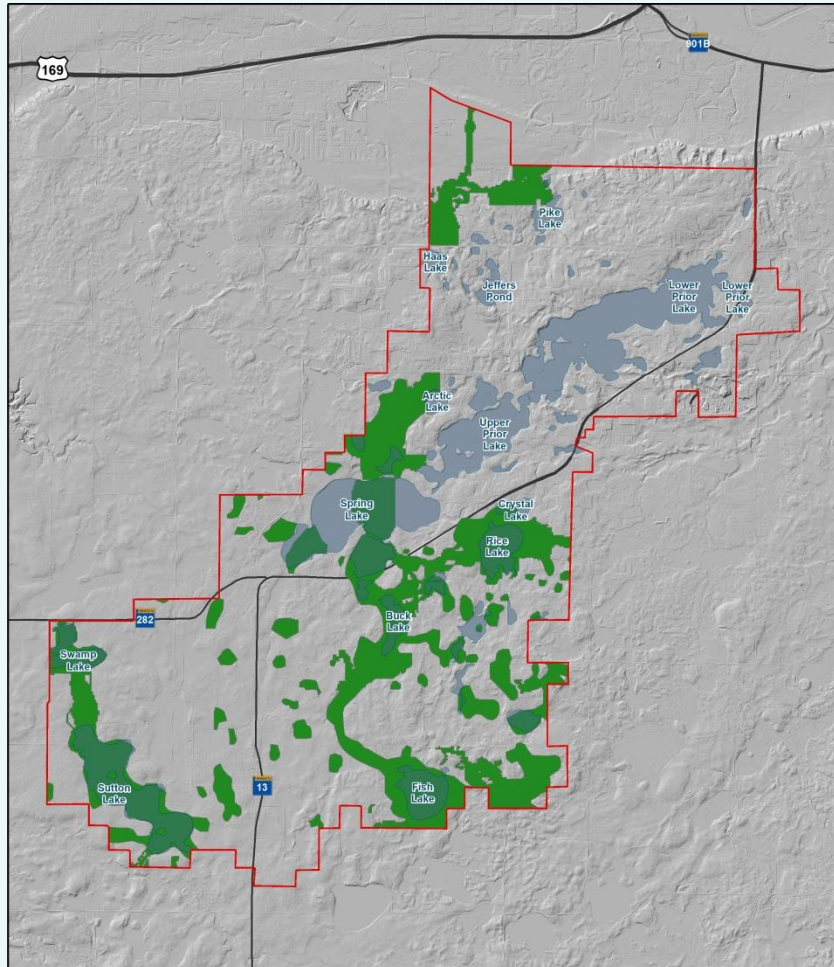
**MBS Areas of Biodiversity
Significance Ranking**

- Below
- Moderate
- High

**Protect or Improve Recreational, Aesthetic,
and Wildlife Habitat Benefits**
Protect Sites of Biodiversity Significance



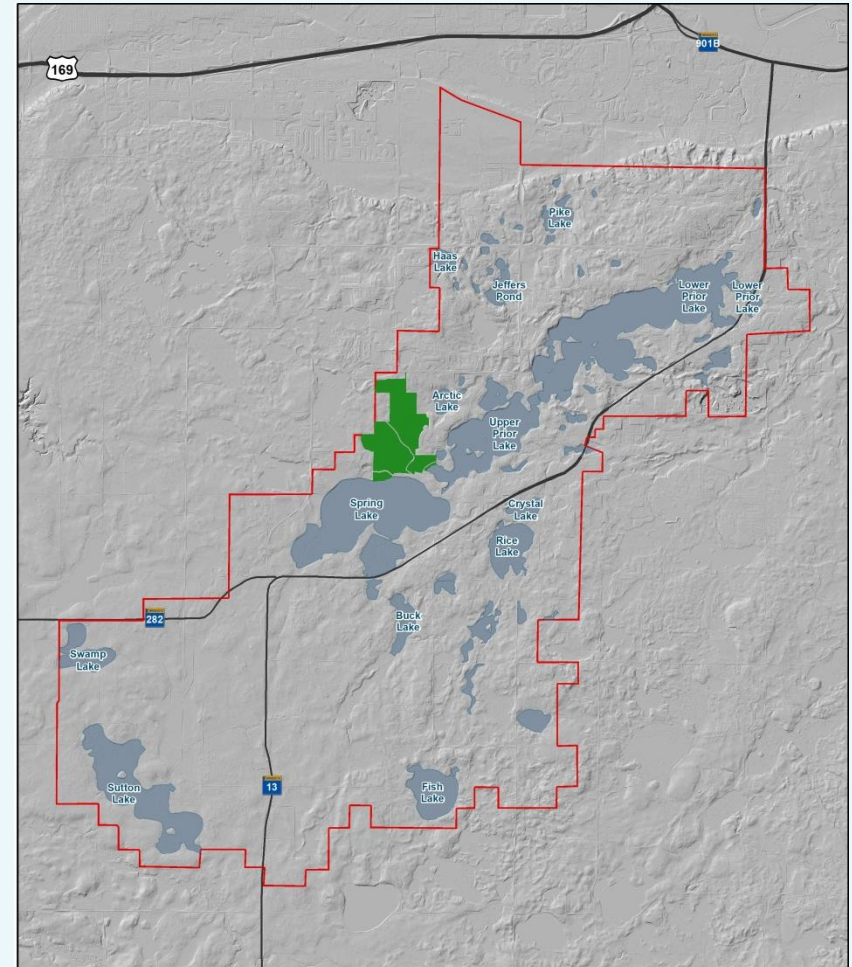
Protect or Improve Recreational, Aesthetic, and Wildlife Habitat Benefits



EO
water
ecology
community

- ▬ PLSLWD Jurisdictional Boundary
- ▬ Public Waters
- ▬ Scott County Natural Corridors and RSEAs

**Protect or Improve Recreational, Aesthetic,
and Wildlife Habitat Benefits**
Protect or Restore Ecological Corridors



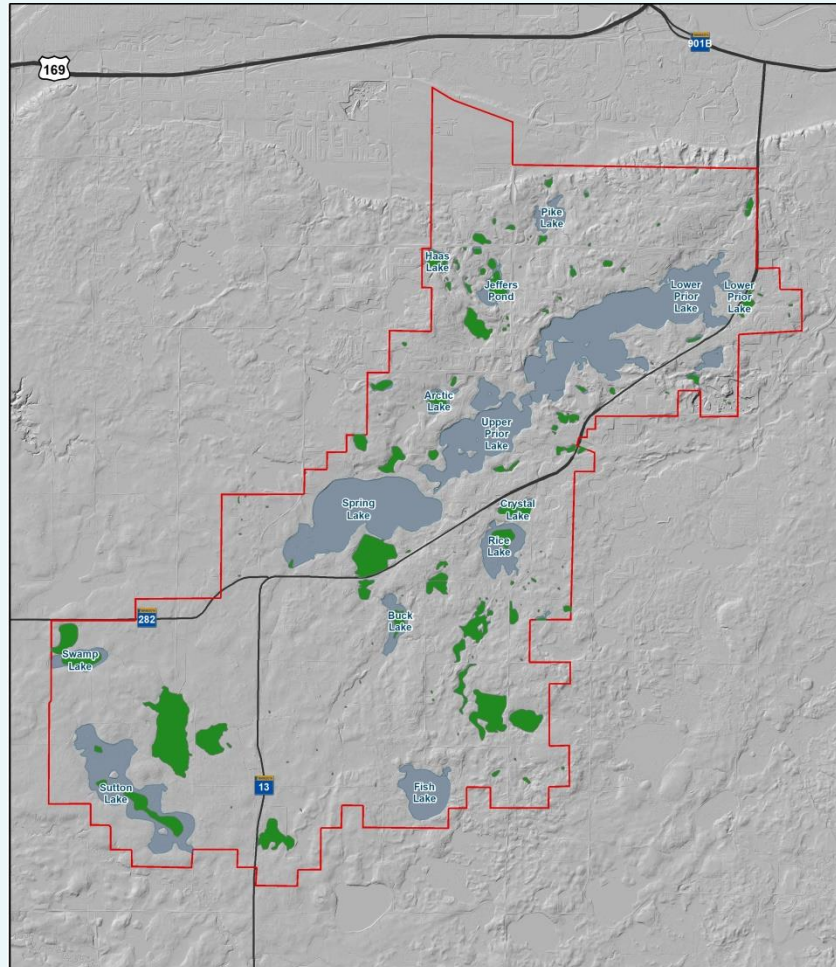
EO
water
ecology
community

- ▬ PLSLWD Jurisdictional Boundary
- ▬ Public Waters
- ▬ Regional Parks

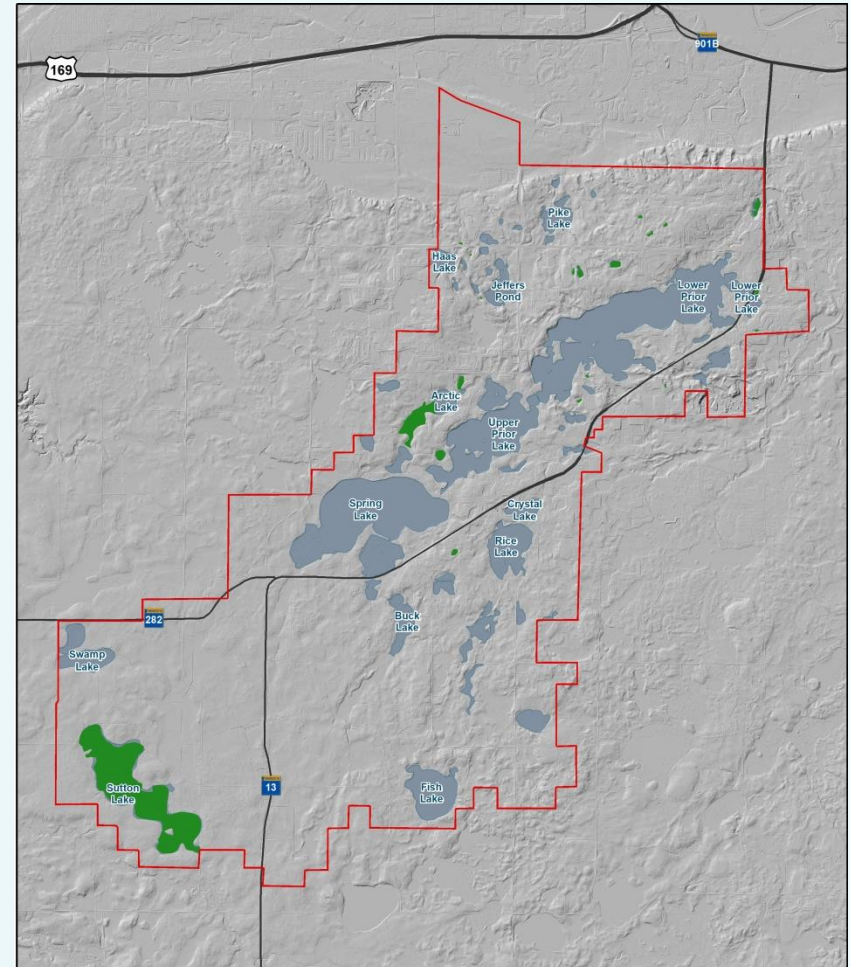
**Protect or Improve Recreational, Aesthetic,
and Wildlife Habitat Benefits**
Focus on Existing Regional Parks



Protect or Improve Recreational, Aesthetic, and Wildlife Habitat Benefits



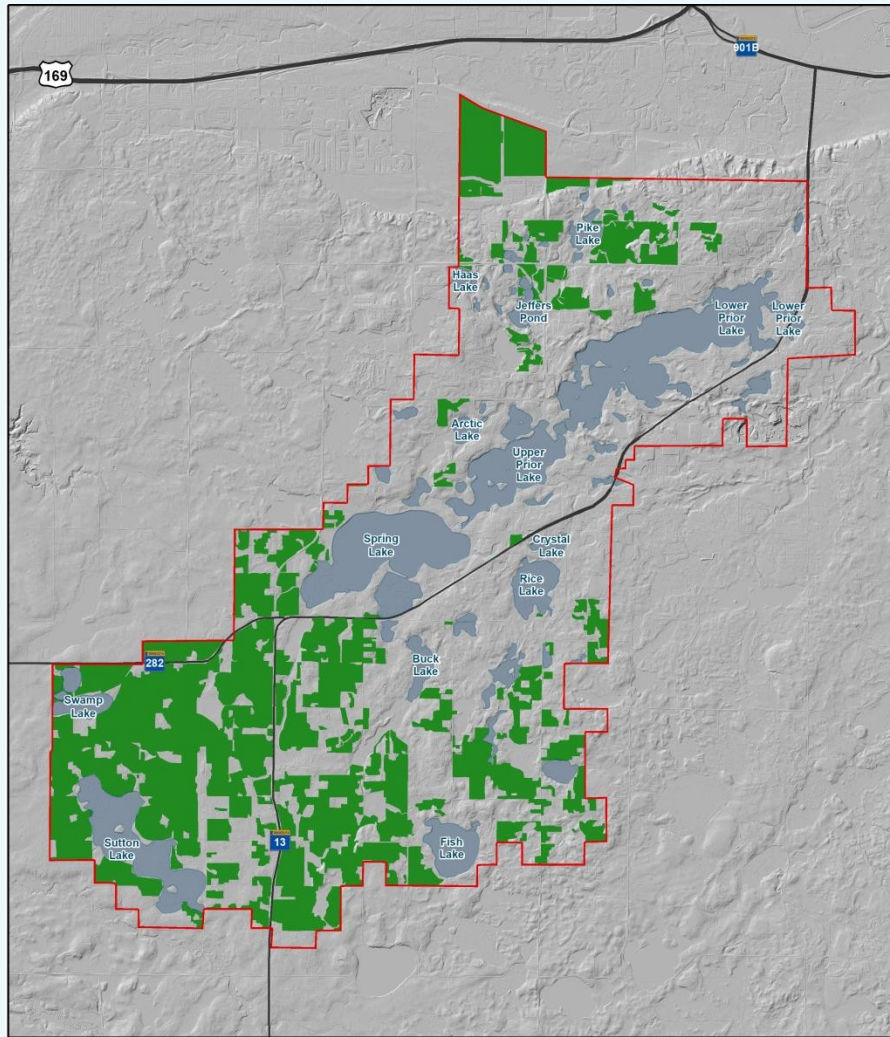
Protect or Improve Recreational, Aesthetic, and Wildlife Habitat Benefits
Protect Waterbodies Not Infested with Aquatic Invasive Species



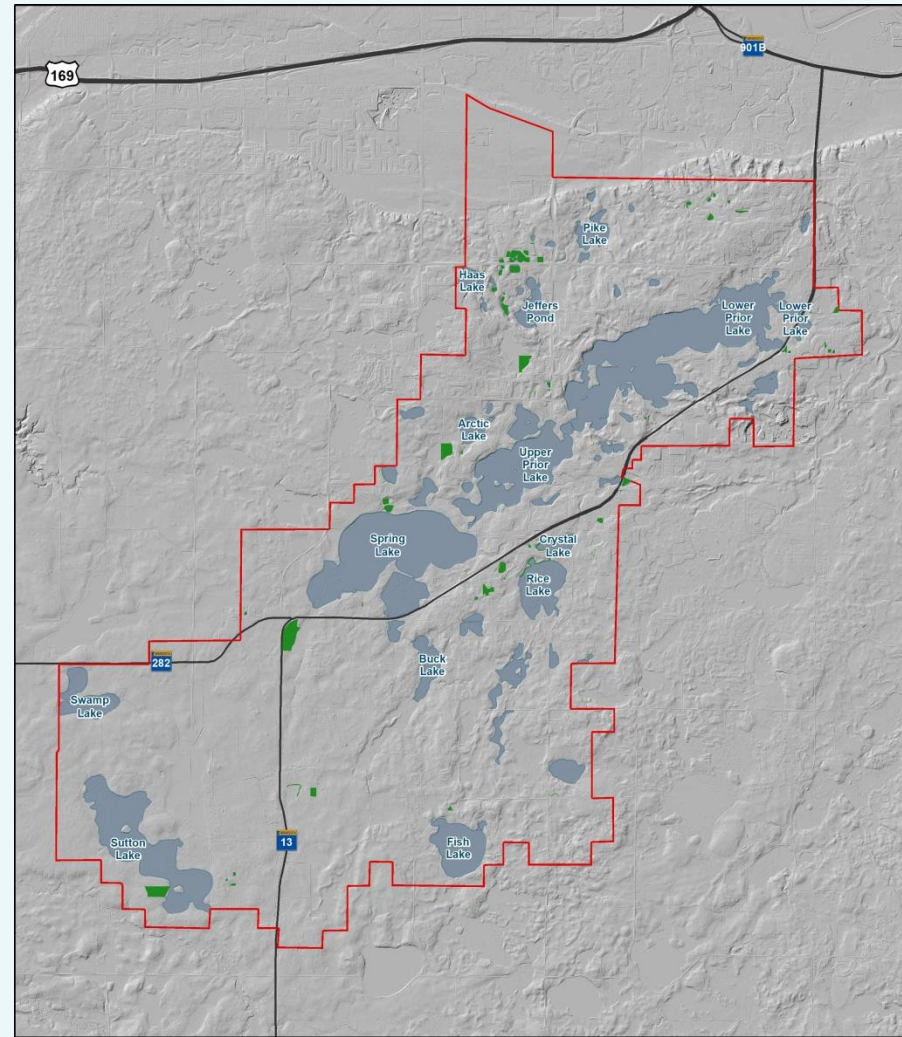
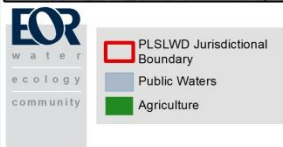
Protect or Improve Recreational, Aesthetic, and Wildlife Habitat Benefits
Protect High Quality Wetlands



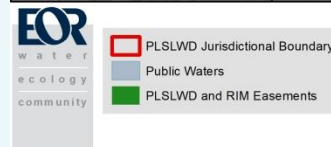
Protect or Improve Land Uses of Concern



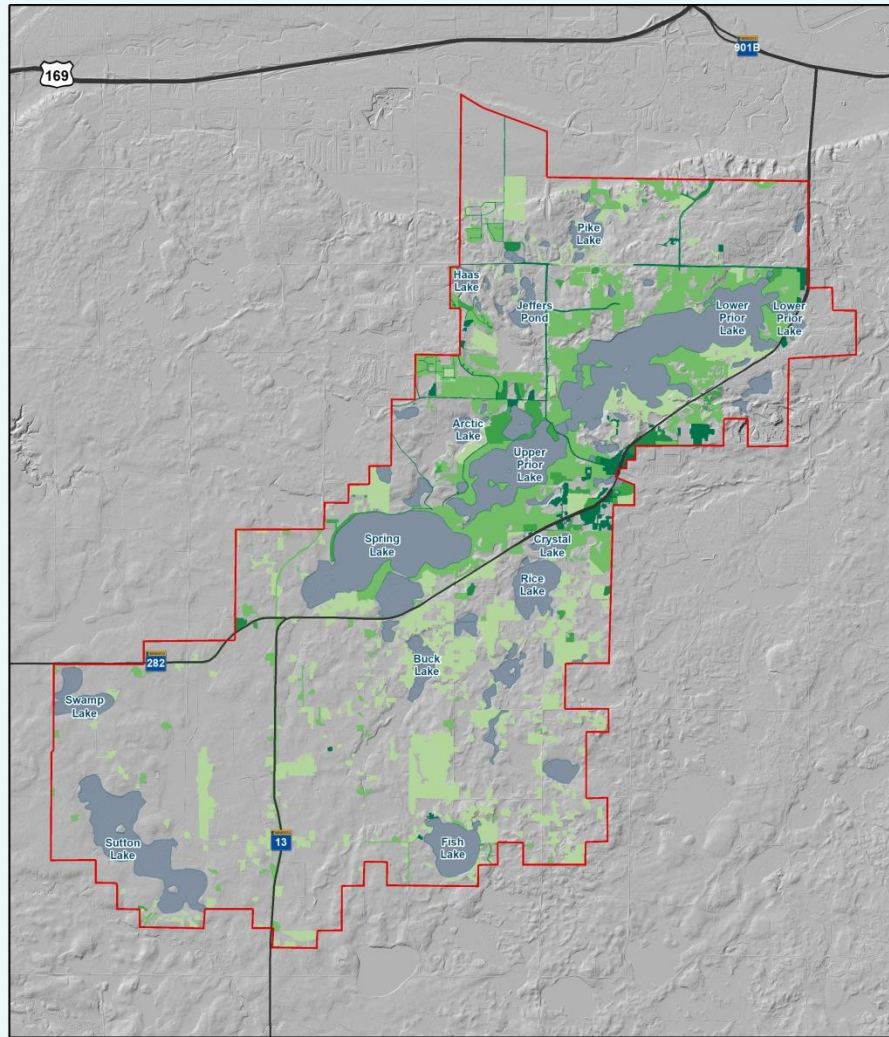
Protect or Improve Land Uses of Concern
Implement BMPs on Cultivated Areas



Protect or Improve Land Uses of Concern
Focus on Protected lands



Protect or Improve Land Uses of Concern



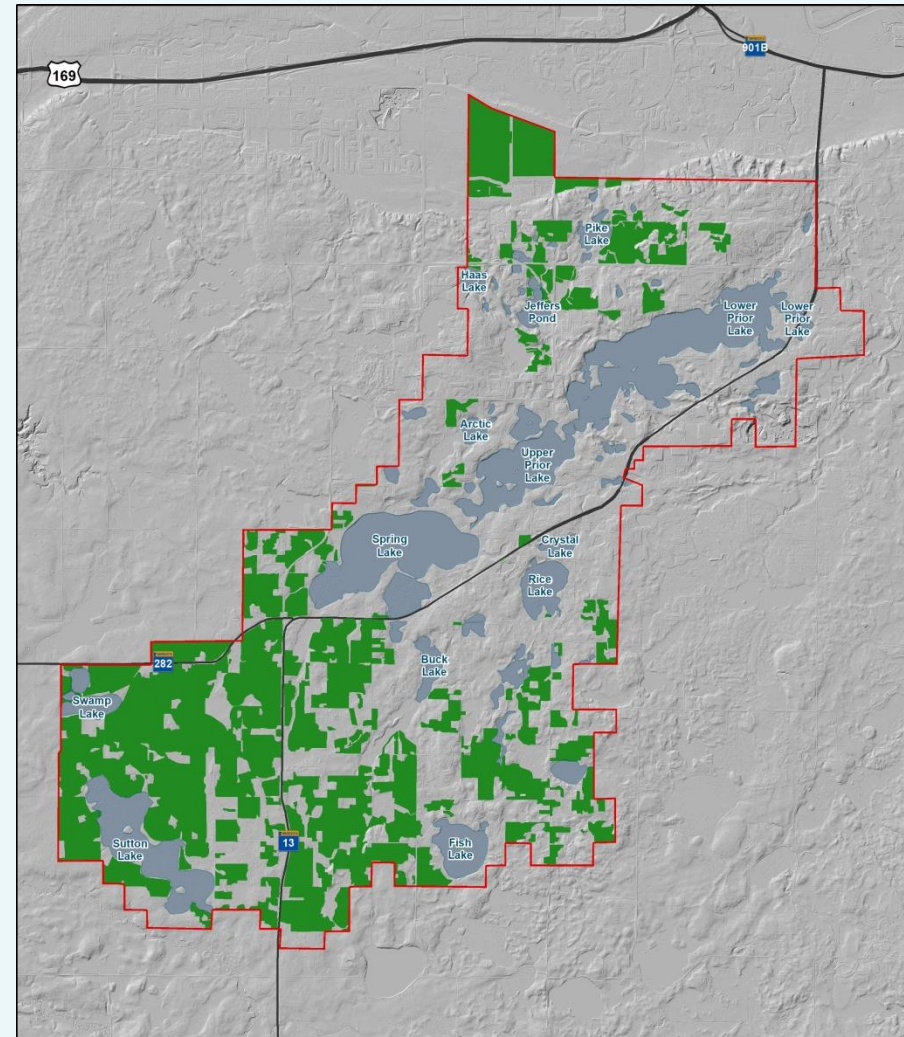
Protect or Improve Land Uses of Concern

Focus on Stormwater Retrofits
in Existing Urban Areas

EOR
water
ecology
community

- PLSLWD Jurisdictional Boundary
- Public Waters
- Impervious Cover**
 - 11-25% Impervious Cover
 - 26-50% Impervious Cover
 - 51-75% Impervious Cover
 - 76-90% Impervious Cover
 - 91-100% Impervious Cover

0 Miles 1.5



Protect or Improve Land Uses of Concern

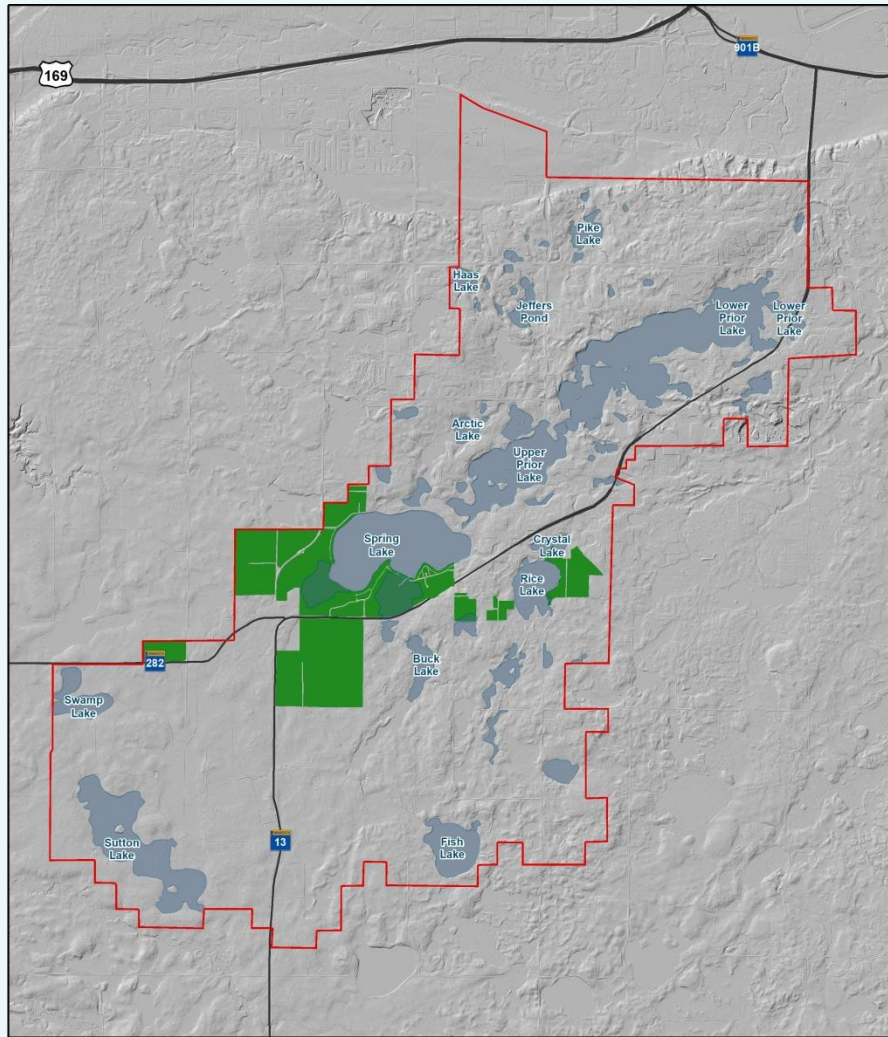
Implement BMPs on Cultivated Areas

EOR
water
ecology
community

- PLSLWD Jurisdictional Boundary
- Public Waters
- Agriculture**
 - 11-25% Agriculture
 - 26-50% Agriculture
 - 51-75% Agriculture
 - 76-90% Agriculture
 - 91-100% Agriculture

0 Miles 1.5

Focus BMPs on Landuses of Concern



Protect or Improve Land Uses of Concern

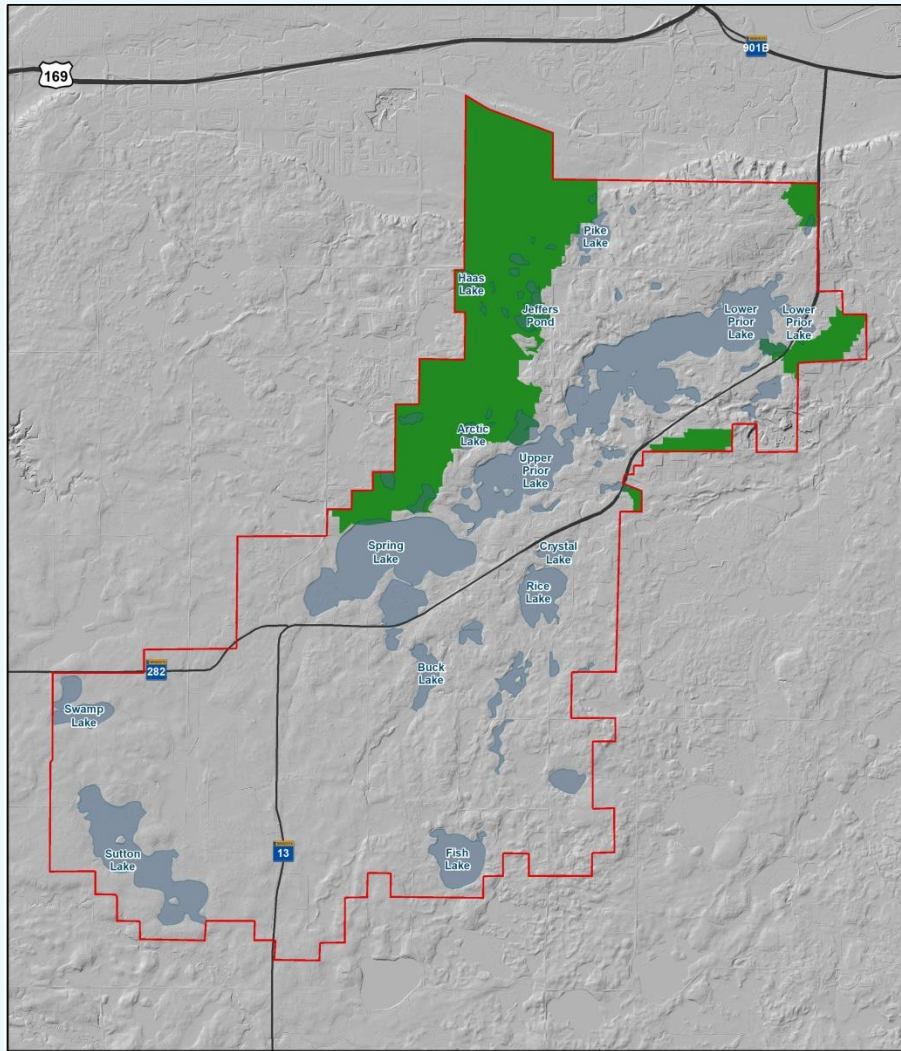
- PLSLWD Jurisdictional Boundary
- Future Urban Expansion Areas
- Public Waters

Focus on Stormwater Management in Future Urban Areas

*Data only shows Urban Expansion Areas from Scott County 2030 Comprehensive Plan. Data from Prior Lake, Shakopee, and Savage will also be included once available.

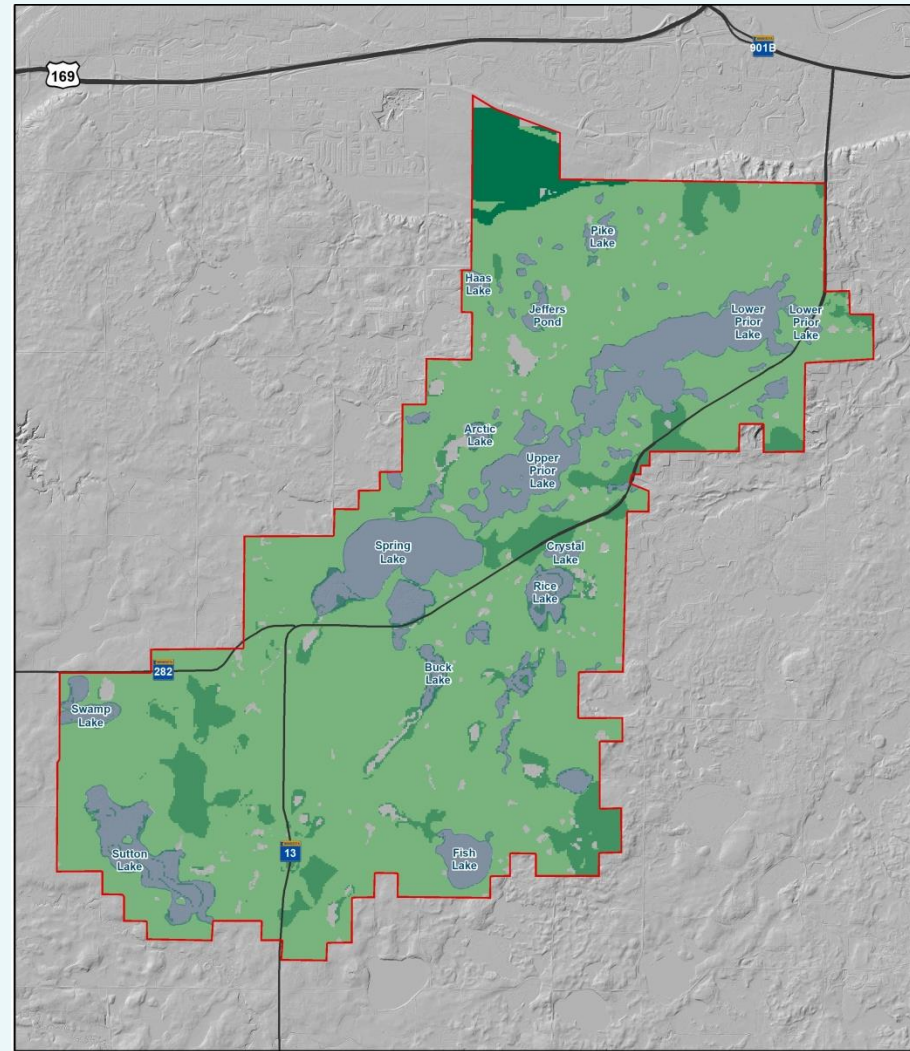


Protect Groundwater



- PLSLWD Jurisdictional Boundary
- Public Waters
- Drinking Water Supply Management Areas

Protect Groundwater
Focus on Drinking Water Supply Management Area (DWSMA)
Vulnerability & Drinking Source Water Assessment Areas (SWA)



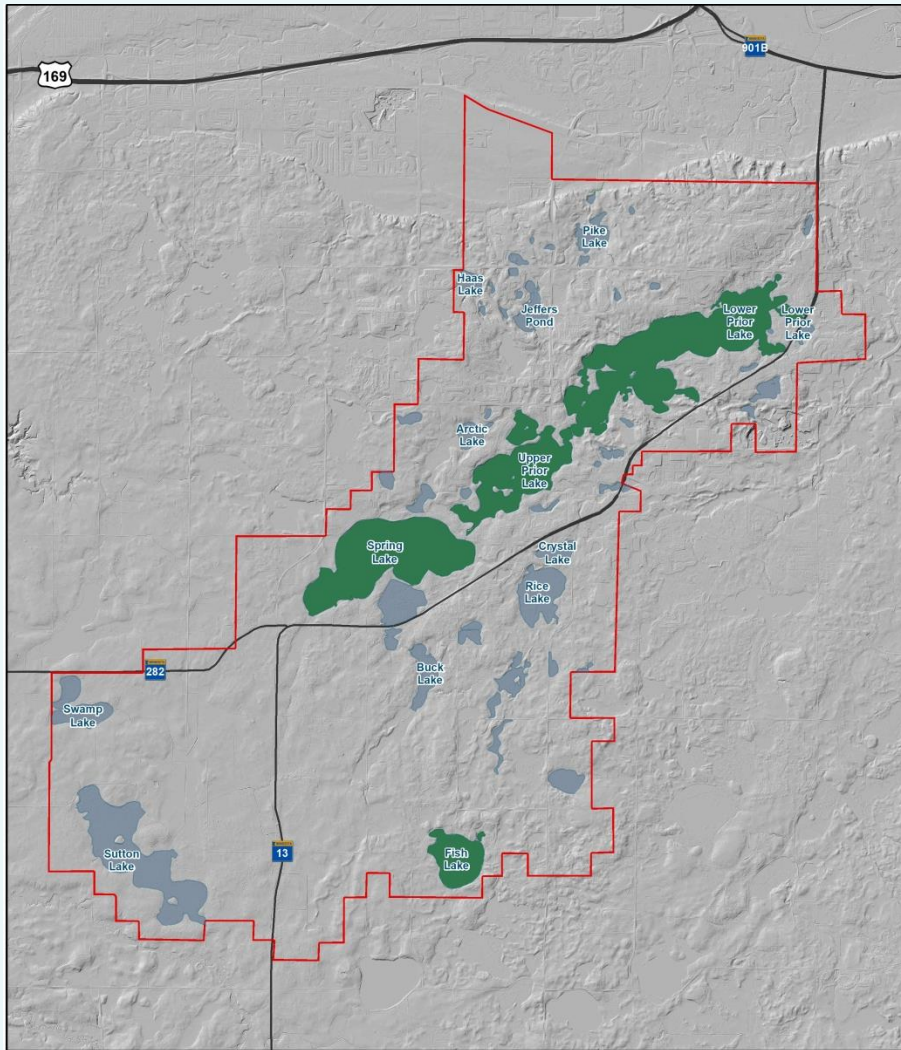
- PLSLWD Jurisdictional Boundary
- Public Waters

- High
- Moderate
- Low

Protect Groundwater
Focus on Groundwater
Contamination Susceptibility



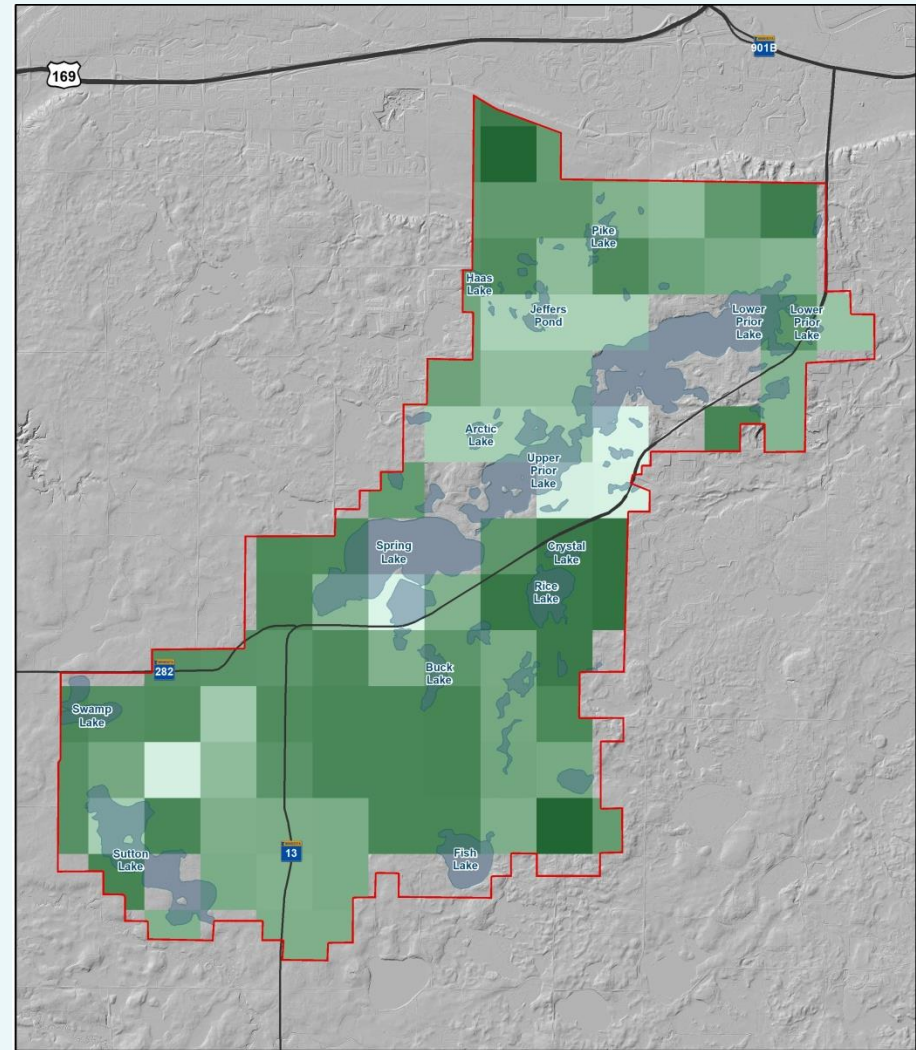
Protect Groundwater



EOR
water
ecology
community

- PLSLWD Jurisdictional Boundary
- Public Waters
- Surface Waters Vulnerable to Groundwater Pumping

Protect Groundwater
Focus on Vulnerable Surface Water -
Groundwater Interactions



EOR
water
ecology
community

- PLSLWD Jurisdictional Boundary
- Public Waters

Mean Groundwater Recharge
(1996-2010)
High : 8.4 in/yr
Low : 2.5 in/yr

Protect Groundwater
Protect Areas with
High Groundwater Recharge

